Oracle Analytic Views Enhance BI Applications and Simplify Development

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New in 12.2 Analytic Views

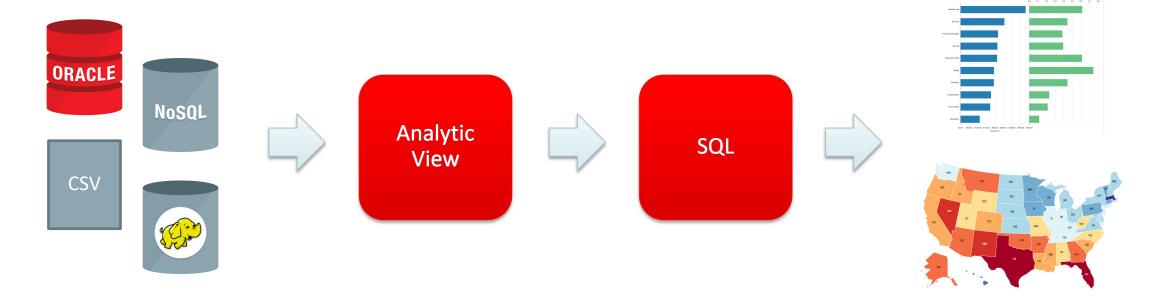




- Moves business logic (Aggregations, Hierarchies, Calculations) back into database
- Simple SQL for complex analytic queries
 - no joins or GROUP-BY clauses necessary
- Works on top of pre-existing tables or views
 - no persistent storage
- Built-in data visualization via APEX



Easier Access To You Data



Your Data

Organized & Enhanced

Simple SQL

Your Applications



Organize and Enhance Data

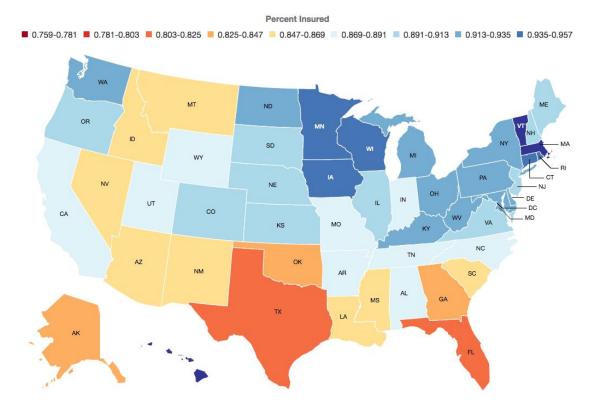
- Transforms data into a business model and presentation layer in the database
 - Data are organized for easy access and navigation
 - Data is easily extended with interesting calculations and aggregations
 - Data is easily queried with simple SQL
- Easily defined with SQL
 - Complete applications defined with just a few SQL statements
 - Supported by SQL Developer



Better for Everyone

- For the data warehouse architect and developer
 - Easily extend star schema with aggregate data and calculations
- For the application developer
 - Simplifies metadata management and SQL generation
- For the business user
 - Built-in, browser-based data visualization via APEX application





Health Insurance Coverage Rates by State, 2014

- How would you build this application?
 - Analysis of health insurance coverage rates in the United States
 - Coverage rates by time, counties and states
 - Geographic comparisons
 - Measure improvement over time
 - Interactive data visualization tools for end users



- This application can be built with 5
 SQL statements
 - Create 2 hierarchies (4 SQL statements)
 - Create 1 analytic view (1 SQL statement)
- Is instantly accessible via APEX based application
- Is all in the Database





Simple SQL

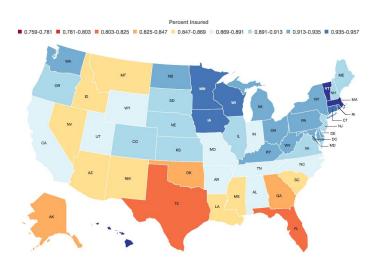
Analytic View

Data Tables, Views, etc.



Simple SQL

```
SELECT time_hier.member_name AS TIME,
geog_hier.member_name AS GEOGRAPHY,
  pct_insured
FROM insured_av HIERARCHIES(time_hier,geog_hier)
WHERE time_hier.level_name = 'YEAR'
AND geog_hier.level_name = 'STATE')
ORDER BY time_hier.hier_order ,
  geog_hier.hier_order;
```



Fact data is selected from analytic views using SQL

Analytic views are views on top of a star schema.

No storage structures



Simple SQL

```
SELECT time_hier.member_name AS TIME,

geog_hier.member_name AS GEOGRAPHY,

pct_insured

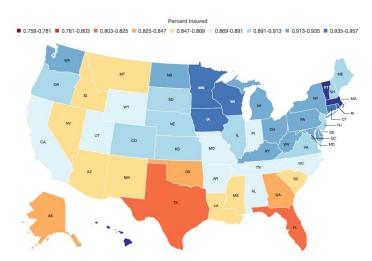
FROM insured_av HIERARCHIES(time_hier,geog_hier)

WHERE time_hier.level_name = 'YEAR'

AND geog_hier.level_name = 'STATE'

ORDER BY time_hier.hier_order,

geog_hier.hier_order;
```



The HIERARCHIES clause specifies the dimensions and hierarchies for this query

No JOIN or GROUP BY clauses in analytic view queries



Analytic Views Simple SQL

```
SELECT time_hier.member_name AS TIME,

geog_hier.member_name AS GEOGRAPHY,

pct_insured

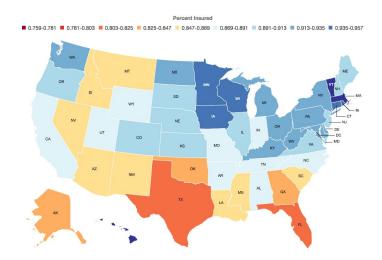
FROM insured_av HIERARCHIES(time_hier,geog_hier)

WHERE time_hier.level_name = 'YEAR'

AND geog_hier.level_name = 'STATE'

ORDER BY time_hier.hier_order,

geog_hier.hier_order;
```



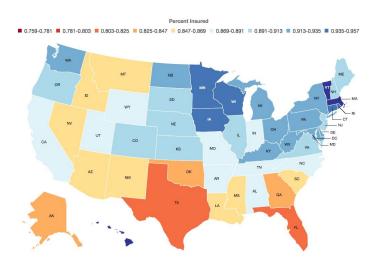
Standardized columns such as 'member_name' are selected from the hierarchies

Standardized columns such as 'member_name' are selected from the hierarchies



Simple SQL

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SELECT time_hier.member_name AS TIME,
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   pct_insured
FROM insured_av HIERARCHIES(time_hier,geog_hier)
WHERE time_hier.level_name = 'YEAR'
AND geog_hier.level_name = 'STATE'
ORDER BY time_hier.hier_order,
   geog_hier.hier_order;
```



Levels of aggregation are specified in the WHERE clause

When filtering on the level 'State' for the time hierarchy, the member named will include California, New York, etc



Simple SQL

```
SELECT time_hier.member_name AS TIME,

geog_hier.member_name AS GEOGRAPHY,

pct_insured

FROM insured_av HIERARCHIES(time_hier,geog_hier)

WHERE time_hier.level_name = 'YEAR'

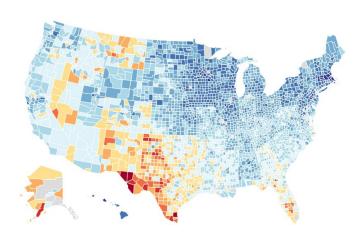
AND geog_hier.level_name = 'COUNTY'

ORDER BY time_hier.hier_order,

geog_hier.hier_order;

percentInsured

0.5588-0.63 0.672-0.714 0.756-0.798 0.084-0.882 0.0824-0.966
```



To drill, just update the WHERE clause. Everything else remains the same.

The calculations automatically use new hierarchy levels.



Simple SQL

```
SELECT time_hier.member_name AS TIME,

geog_hier.member_name AS GEOGRAPHY,

pct_insured_diff_us_avg

FROM insured_av HIERARCHIES(time_hier,geog_hier)

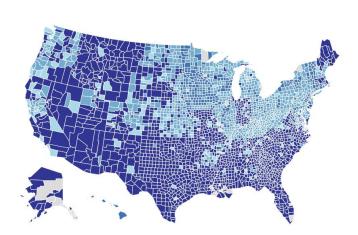
WHERE time_hier.level_name = 'YEAR'

AND geog_hier.level_name = 'COUNTY'

ORDER BY time_hier.hier_order,

geog_hier.hier_order;
```

■ -0.294--0.243 ■ -0.192--0.141 ■ -0.09--0.039 ■ 0.012-0.063 ■ 0.114-0.165



To select a calculation, just select columns

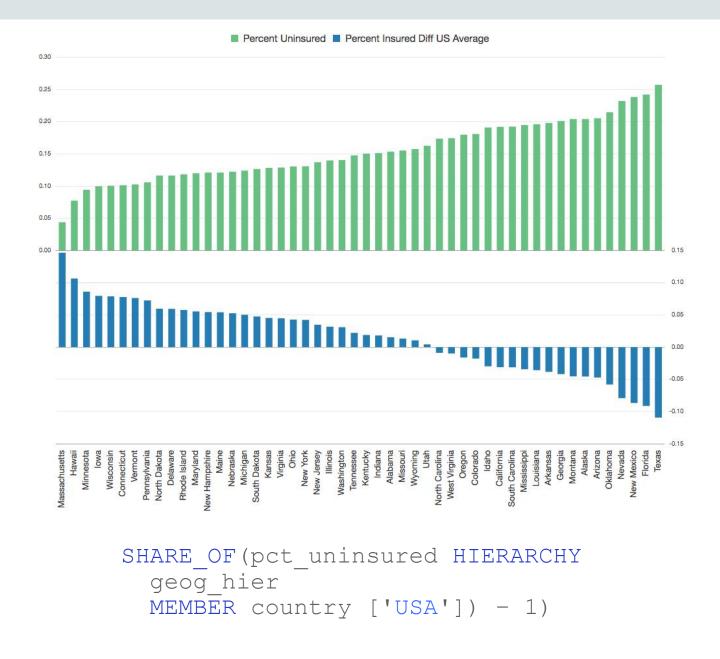
Calculations are express in the analytic view so they can just be selected in the query



Analytic Views Embedded Calculations

- Easily create new measures
 - Simplified syntax based on business model
 - Includes dimensional and hierarchical functions

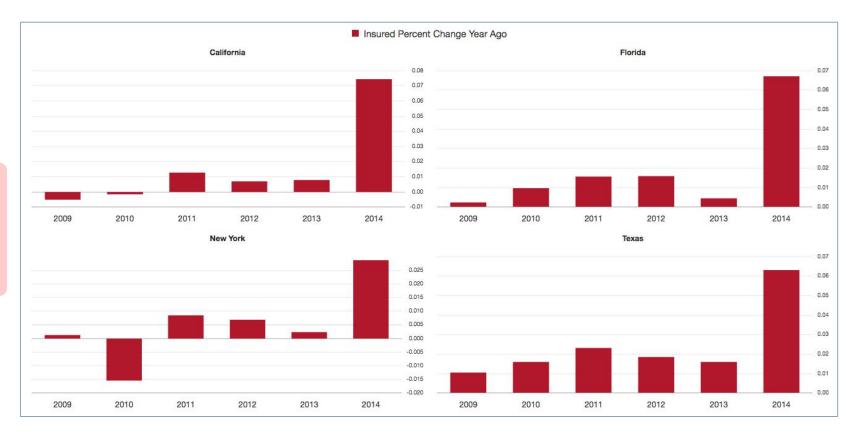
Add Percent Uninsured
Difference from US Average with
a single line of code





Analytic Views Embedded Calculations

Add time series calculations with a single line of code



LAG_DIFF_PERCENT(pct_insured)
OVER (HIERARCHY time_hier
OFFSET 1 ACROSS ANCESTOR AT LEVEL year)



Descriptive Metadata

- Descriptive metadata available in data dictionary
 - Descriptive names and descriptions
 - Translatable
 - Measure formatting
 - User/application extensible

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FORCE HIERARCHY "AV_DEMO"."SAHIE_GEOG_HIER"

CLASSIFICATION "CAPTION" VALUE 'Geography'

CLASSIFICATION "AV_TYPE" VALUE 'GEOGRAPHY'

USING "SAHIE_GEOG_ATTR_DIM"

("COUNTY"

CHILD OF "STATE"

CHILD OF "COUNTRY")
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FORCE ANALYTIC VIEW "AV_DEMO"."SAHIE_GEOG_AV"

CLASSIFICATION "CAPTION" VALUE 'Small Area Health Insurance Estimates'

CLASSIFICATION "DESCRIPTION" VALUE 'US Cenus Bureau - Model-based Small Area

CLASSIFICATION "DATA_SET_ORIGIN" VALUE 'www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/'

USING "SAHIE_GEOG_FACT_V" AS "SAHIE_GEOG_FACT_V"

DIMENSION BY

( "SAHIE_TIME_ATTR_DIM" AS "SAHIE_TIME_ATTR_DIM"

KEY ("YEAR")
```

```
"INSURED_SHARE_2008" AS

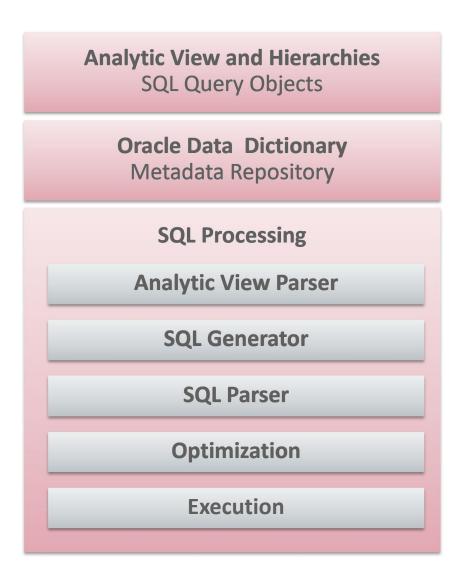
(SHARE_OF(num_insured HIERARCHY sahie_time_hier MEMBER year['2008']))

CLASSIFICATION "CAPTION" VALUE 'Number of Insured 2008 Index'

CLASSIFICATION "DESCRIPTION" VALUE 'Number of Insured 2008 Index'

CLASSIFICATION "FORMAT_STRING" VALUE '9,999.99',
```

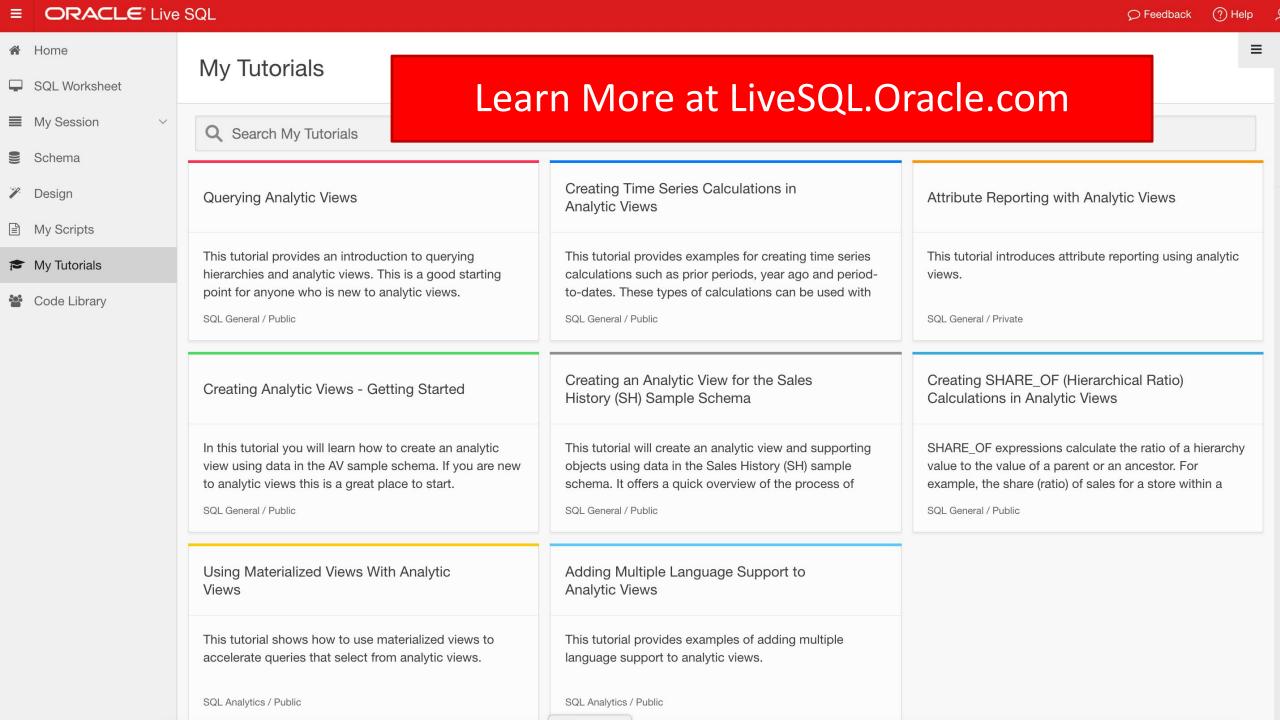
- Analytic Views and Hierarchies
 - Objects that are queried with SQL
- Data Dictionary
 - All metadata for analytic views
- Analytic View Parser
 - Syntax and sematic checks
- SQL Generator
 - Transforms AV SQL into executable SQL
- SQL Parser, Optimization and Execution
 - Oracle SQL engine



"Standard" and Analytic Views

	"Standard" View	Analytic View
Data Sources (FROM)	Yes	Yes
Joins	Yes	Yes
Business Model-Based Calculations	No	Yes
Automatic Hierarchical Columns	No	Yes
Automatic Multi-Level Aggregation	No	Yes
Automatic Filter Expansion	No	Yes
Automatic Outer Join	No	Yes
Automatic Order of Calculation	No	Yes
Presentation Metadata	No	Yes







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