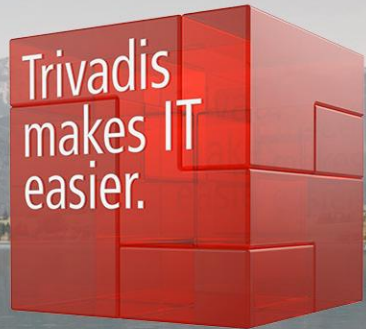


Get the Most out of Oracle Data Guard!

High Five POUG
#POUG2017

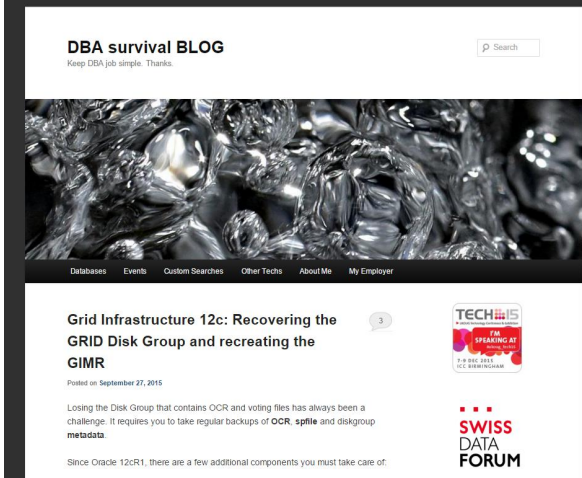
Ludovico Caldara
Oracle ACE Director
Senior Consultant



BASEL ■ BERN ■ BRUGG ■ DÜSSELDORF ■ FRANKFURT A.M. ■ FREIBURG I.BR. ■ GENÈVE
HAMBURG ■ KOPENHAGEN ■ LAUSANNE ■ MÜNCHEN ■ STUTTGART ■ WIEN ■ ZÜRICH

trivadis
makes IT easier. ■ ■ ■

About Ludovico Caldara



■ 18 Years DBA (Not Only Oracle)

- I do it everywhere (even Windows)

■ RAC ATTACK Ninja & co-writer

■  RAC SIG President, SOUG & ITOUG Board



■ OCP (11g, 12c, MySQL) & OCE

■ Italian living in Switzerland

 <http://www.ludovicocaldara.net>

 @ludodba  ludodba

 ludovicocaldara



Oracle Data Guard?

■ Why is Oracle Data Guard still relevant?

- The best high availability solution in the Oracle ecosystem



- Synchronous (or not)
 - One-to-one copy (or one-to-many)
 - No single points of failure
 - Failover is (almost) transparent to the applications (if well configured)
- Rock solid!
 - Included in Oracle Database Enterprise Edition

■ Hey, it's 12c Release 2!

- Multiple Observers for Fast-Start Failover configurations
- Observer in Background mode (needs wallet)
- Recover of Nologging Operations (`recover database nonlogged block;`)
- Multiple `fast_start` failover targets
- Automated passwordfile copy
- Enhanced Broker and `dgmgrl`
- FastSync redo transport

■ Hey, it's 12c Release 2!

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- Recover of Nologging Operations (`recover database nonlogged block;`)
- Multiple `fast_start` failover targets
- Automated passwordfile copy
- Enhanced Broker and `dgmgrl`
- FastSync redo transport **That was 12cR1!**

■ What about Active Data Guard new features?

■ What about Active Data Guard new features?

■ What about Active Data Guard new features?



08:30 am - 09:15 am

Oracle Active Data Guard
12cR2. Is it the best
option?



Ludovico Caldara

Technology Enablers

■ The «MAIN» features included in Data Guard

- Client Failover (TAF)
- Redo Apply
- SQL Apply
- Snapshot Standby
- Rolling Upgrades (possible, but without RDBMS_ROLLING)
- Transaction Guard (necessary for Application Continuity but not licensed as option)

■ The «MAIN» features included in Data Guard

- Client Failover (TAF)
- Redo Apply
- SQL Apply
- Snapshot Standby
- Rolling Upgrades (possible, but without RDBMS_ROLLING)
- Transaction Guard (necessary for Application Continuity but not licensed as option)



**NO ACTIVE DATA
GUARD REQUIRED**

■ Our three main topics for this presentation

- Client Failover (TAF)

- Snapshot Standby

- Standby consistency on recovery cancel

■ Our three main topics for this presentation

■ Client Failover (TAF)



**Database
Migration**

■ Snapshot Standby

■ Standby consistency on recovery cancel

■ Our three main topics for this presentation

■ Client Failover (TAF)

■ Snapshot Standby



Reporting

■ Standby consistency on recovery cancel

■ Our three topics focuses for this presentation

■ Client Failover (TAF)

■ Snapshot Standby

■ Standby consistency on recovery cancel



**Database
Cloning**

Client Failover

■ Client Failover is a critical topic!

©Robert Bialek

■ <https://www.slideshare.net/ludovicocaldara/oracle-client-failover-under-the-hood>

- OS Connect Timeouts/ARP Cache
- OS Re-Connect Timeouts
- Virtual IP Addresses
- TCP Keepalive
- Database Services
- DB Connect Timeouts
- DB Re-Connect Timeouts
- Transparent Application Failover
- Fast Application Notification / Fast Connection Failover
- Application Continuity



Database Services



Service

- Database services can be created with:
 - *srvctl* (*Grid Infrastructure*), *gdsctl* (*Global Data Services*).
 - *dbms_service.create_service()* PL/SQL procedure (**TRIGGER AFTER STARTUP!**)
- Different high availability and workload management attributes can be defined

```
srvctl add service
  -db          <db_unique_name>
  -service     <service>
  -preferred   "<preferred_list>"
  -available   "<available_list>"
  -serverpool  <pool_name>
  -cardinality [UNIFORM | SINGLETON]
  -tafpolicy   [NONE | BASIC | PRECONNECT]
  -role        [PRIMARY, PHYSICAL_STANDBY, LOGICAL_STANDBY, SNAPSHOT_STANDBY]
  -clbgoal     [SHORT | LONG]
  -rlbgoal     [SERVICE_TIME | THROUGHPUT | NONE]
  ...
```

*Not available with
Oracle Restart*

■ Role-Based Services

- Example role-based services with Grid Infrastructure.

```
srvctl add service -db sour_poug -service sour_rw.trivadis.com \  
    -role PRIMARY  
srvctl add service -db sour_poug -service sour_ro.trivadis.com \  
    -role PHYSICAL_STANDBY  
srvctl add service -db sour_poug -service sour_snap.trivadis.com \  
    -role SNAPSHOT_STANDBY
```

- Services are started, only if database and service role match.

```
SvcAgent::start 680 query_db_role  
SvcAgent::start 710 not starting service sour_rw Role mismatch -  
Service role:PRIMARY, current DB role:PHYSICAL_STANDBY
```

■ Transparent Application Failover – Server Side Example

■ Example **server side** TAF **BASIC** method configuration.

```
srvctl add service
  -db          sour_SITE1
  -service     sour_RW
  -tafpolicy   BASIC
  -failovertype SELECT
  -failoverdelay 1
  -failoverretry 180
```

```
BEGIN
  DBMS_SERVICE.CREATE_SERVICE (
    service_name      => 'sour.TRIVADIS.COM',
    network_name      => 'sour.TRIVADIS.COM',
    failover_method   => 'BASIC',
    failover_type     => 'SELECT',
    failover_retries  => 180,
    failover_delay    => 3);
END;
/
```

■ Transparent Application Failover – Client Side Example

■ Example **client side** TAF **BASIC** method configuration.

```
sour.trivadis.com =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (FAILOVER=ON) (LOAD_BALANCE=OFF)
    (CONNECT_TIMEOUT=5) (RETRY_COUNT=3) (RETRY_DELAY=1) (TRANSPORT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT=3)
    (ADDRESS_LIST= (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=ludo01.trivadis.com) (PORT=1521))
                  (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=vico01.trivadis.com) (PORT=1521)))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVICE_NAME = sour.trivadis.com)
      (FAILOVER_MODE =
        (TYPE = SESSION)
        (METHOD = BASIC)
        (RETRIES = 180)
        (DELAY = 1)
      )
    )
  )
)
```

■ Transparent Application Failover – Client Side Example

■ Example **client side** TAF **BASIC** method configuration.

```
sour.trivadis.com =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (FAILOVER=ON) (LOAD_BALANCE=OFF)
    (CONNECT_TIMEOUT=5) (RETRY_COUNT=3) (RETRY_DELAY=1) (TRANSPORT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT=3)
    (ADDRESS_LIST= (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=ludo01.trivadis.com) (PORT=1521))
                   (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=vico01.trivadis.com) (PORT=1521)))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVICE_NAME = sour.trivadis.com)
      (FAILOVER_MODE =
        (TYPE = SESSION)
        (METHOD = BASIC)
        (RETRIES = 180)
        (DELAY = 1)
      )
    )
  )
)
```

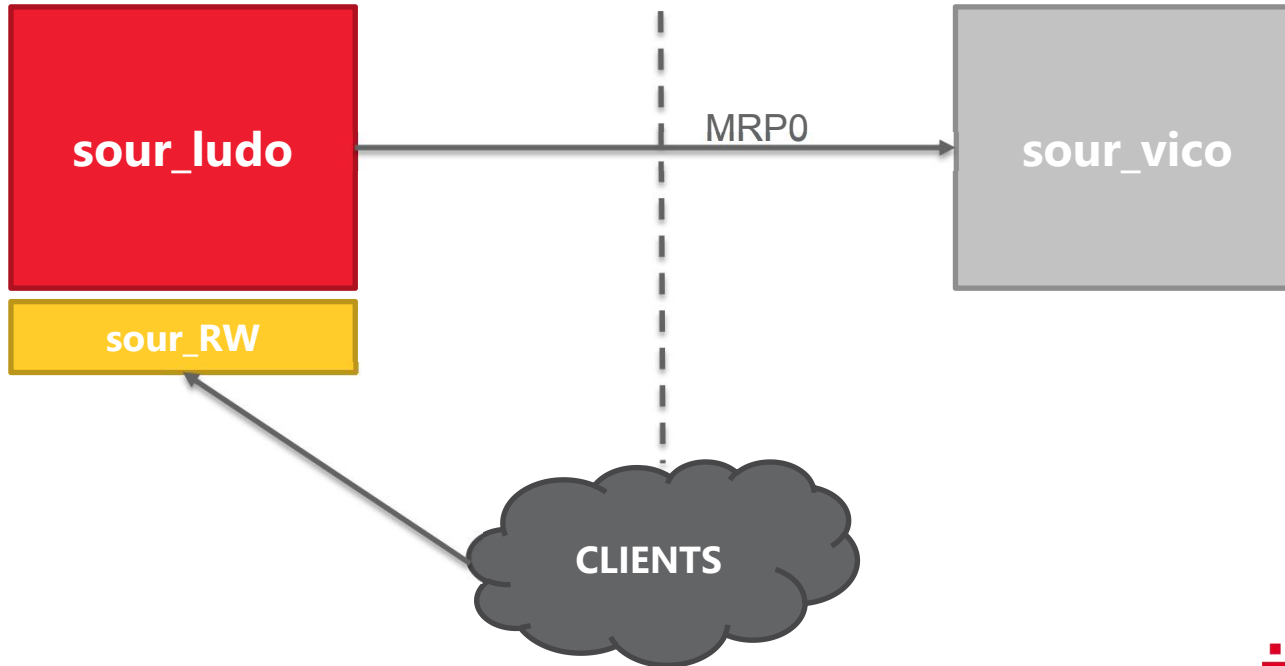


TAF is for OCI Drivers only
Thin Driver: do not use TAF

■ Use Case: Classic Data Guard Failover / Switchover

```
srvctl add service -db sour_vico  
-service sour_RW  
-role PRIMARY
```

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=vico01) (PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: Classic Data Guard Failover / Switchover

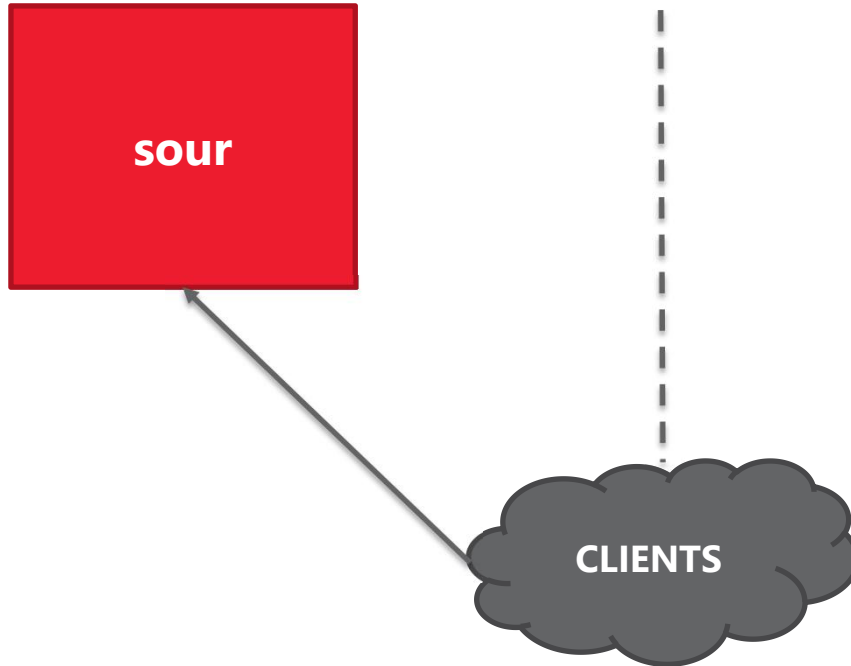
```
srvctl add service -db sour_vico  
-service sour_RW  
-role PRIMARY
```

```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=ludo01)(PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01)(PORT=1521))
```



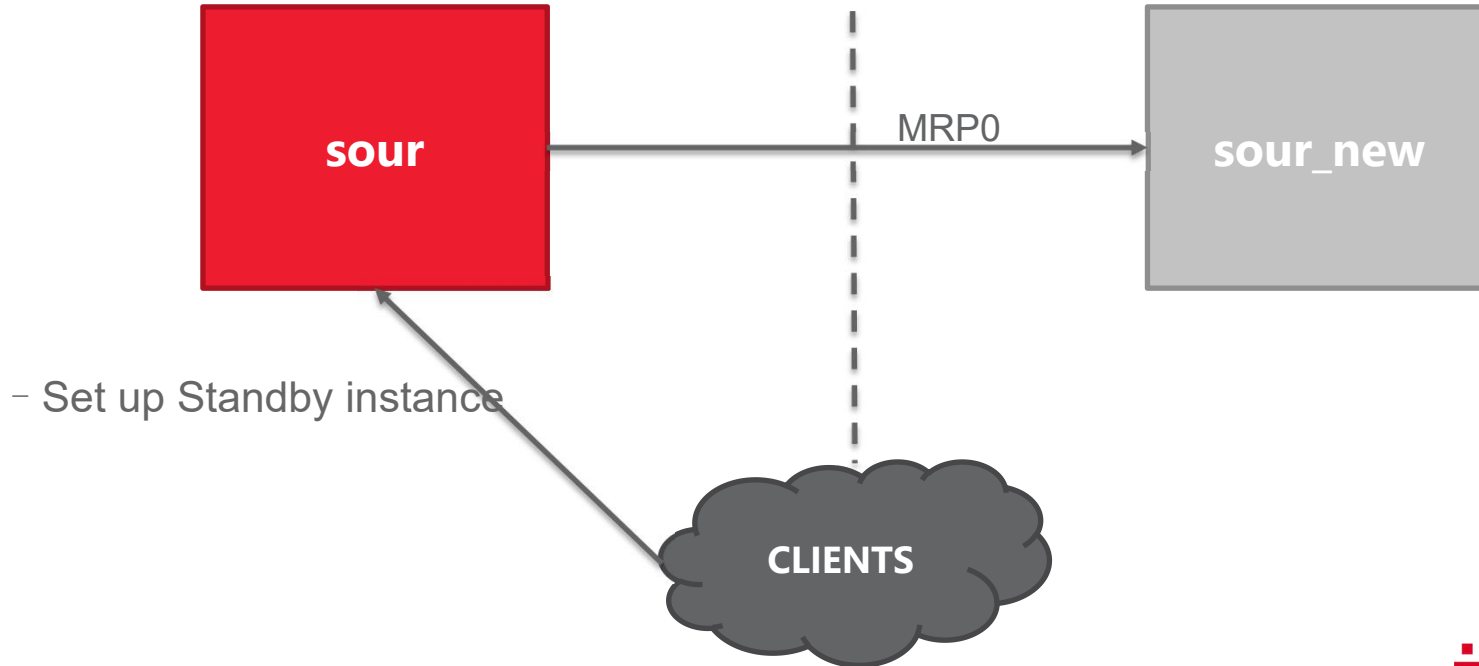
■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521))
```



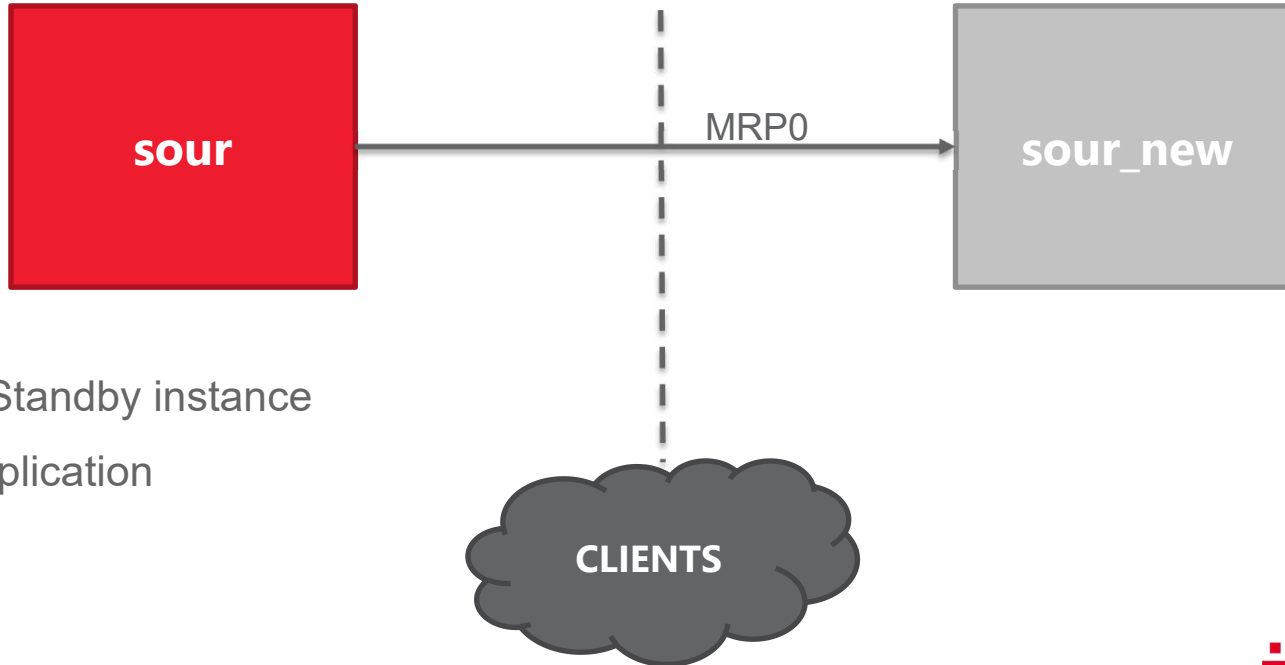
■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

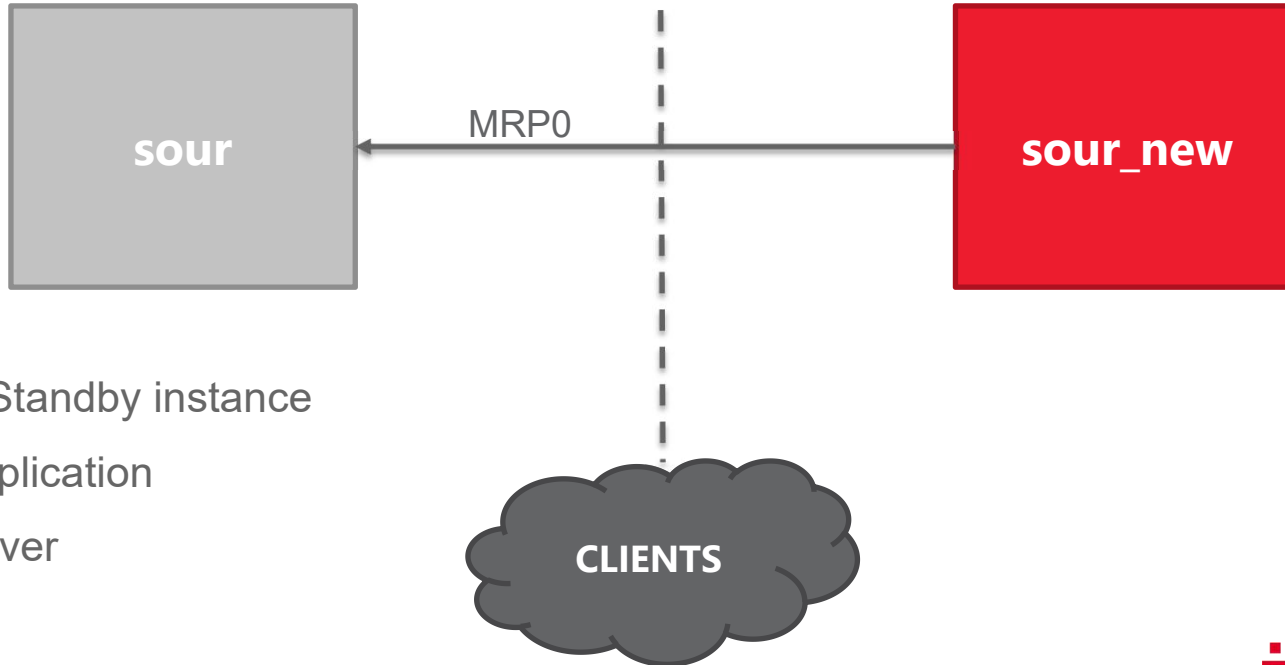
```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521))
```



- Set up Standby instance
- Stop application

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

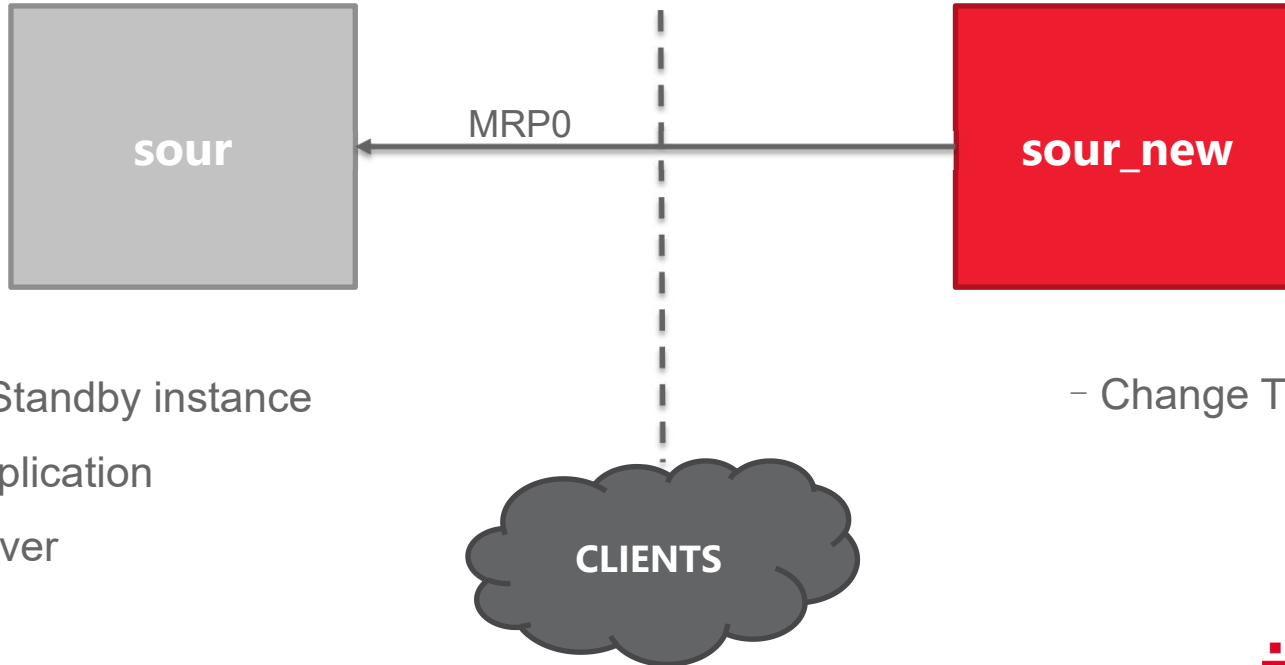
```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521) )
```



- Set up Standby instance
- Stop application
- Switchover

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01vico01) (PORT=1521) )
```



- Set up Standby instance
- Stop application
- Switchover

- Change TNS definition

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01vico01) (PORT=1521) )
```



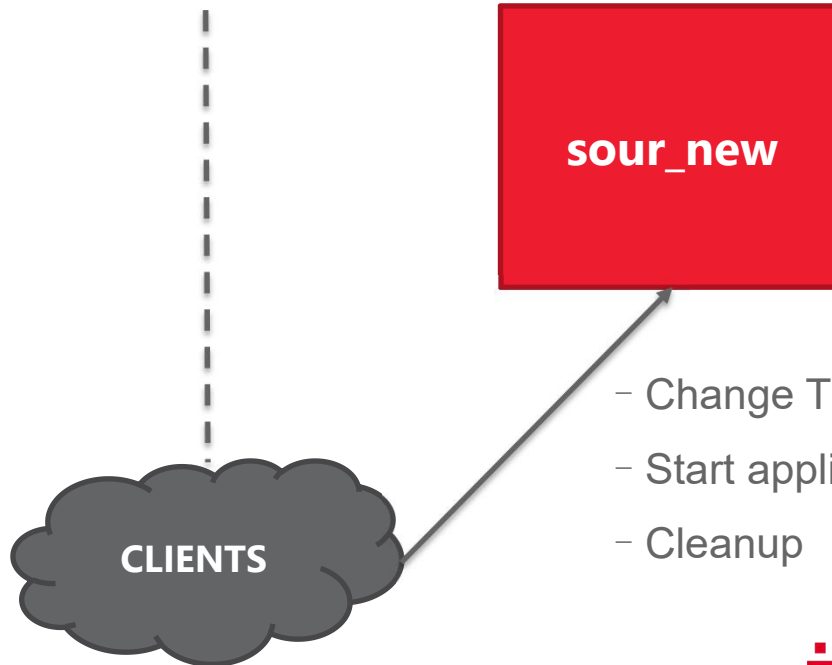
- Set up Standby instance
- Stop application
- Switchover

- Change TNS definition
- Start application

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=vico01) (PORT=1521) )
```

- Set up Standby instance
- Stop application
- Switchover



- Change TNS definition
- Start application
- Cleanup

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

■ Problems

- Requires application downtime (even if short)
- Messy DB_UNIQUE_NAME naming convention

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

■ Problems

- Requires application downtime (even if short)
- Messy DB_UNIQUE_NAME naming convention

 Better solutions?

■ Use Case: Migrate Standalone on another server

■ Problems

- Requires application downtime (even if short)
- Messy DB_UNIQUE_NAME naming convention

? Better solutions?

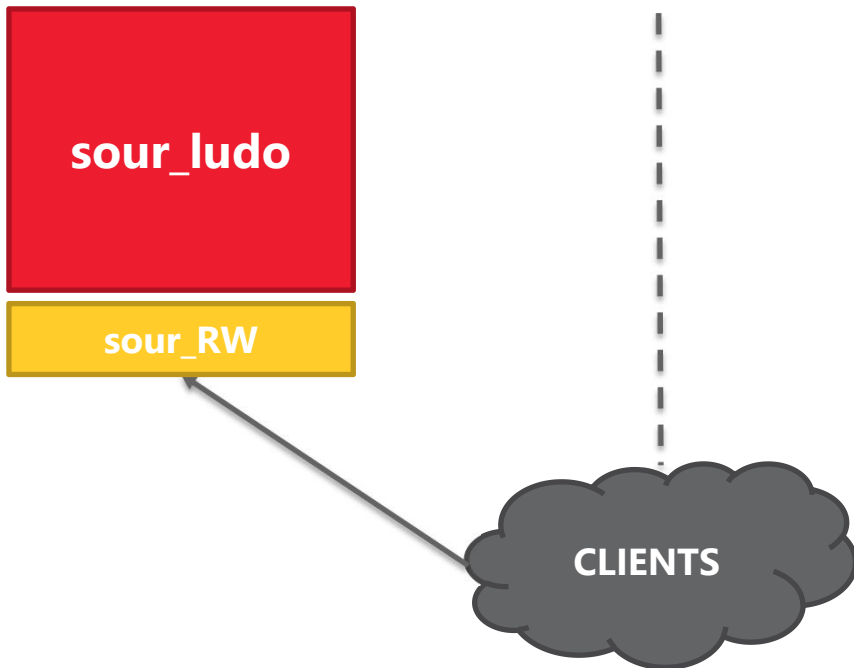
Hint: this is valid

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521) )
```

■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME ludo01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME ludo01
```

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```



■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME ludo01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME ludo01
```

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```



■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME ludo01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME vico01
```

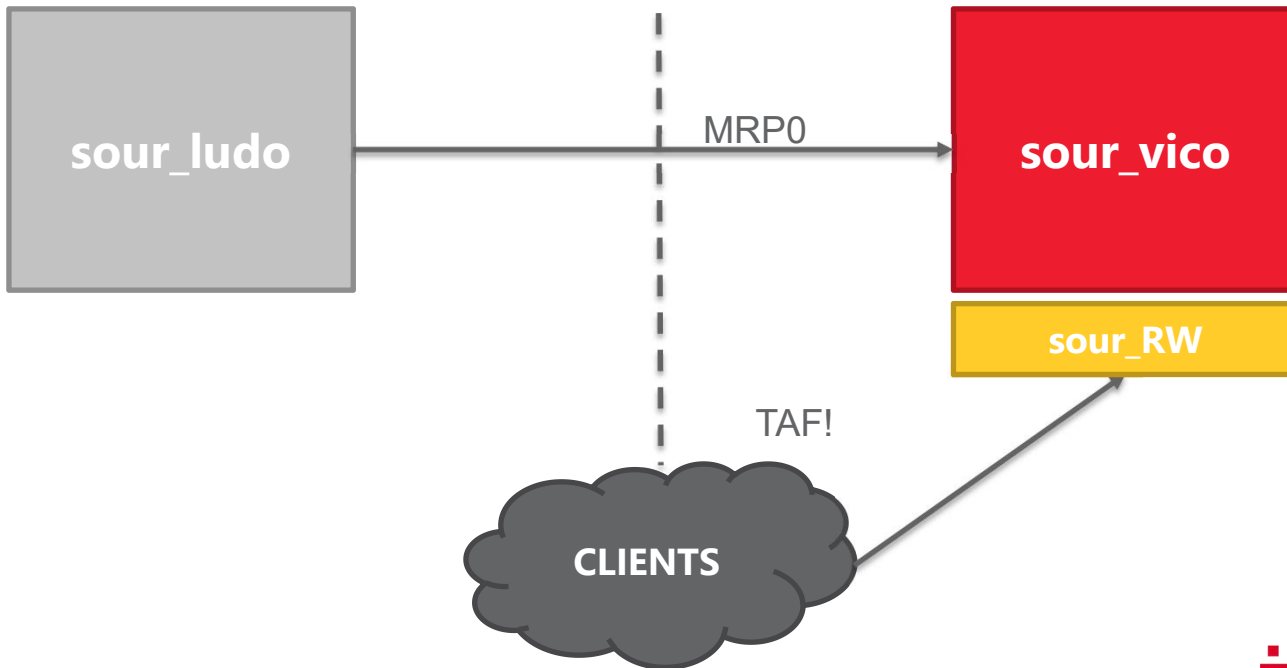
```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```



■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME ludo01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME vico01
```

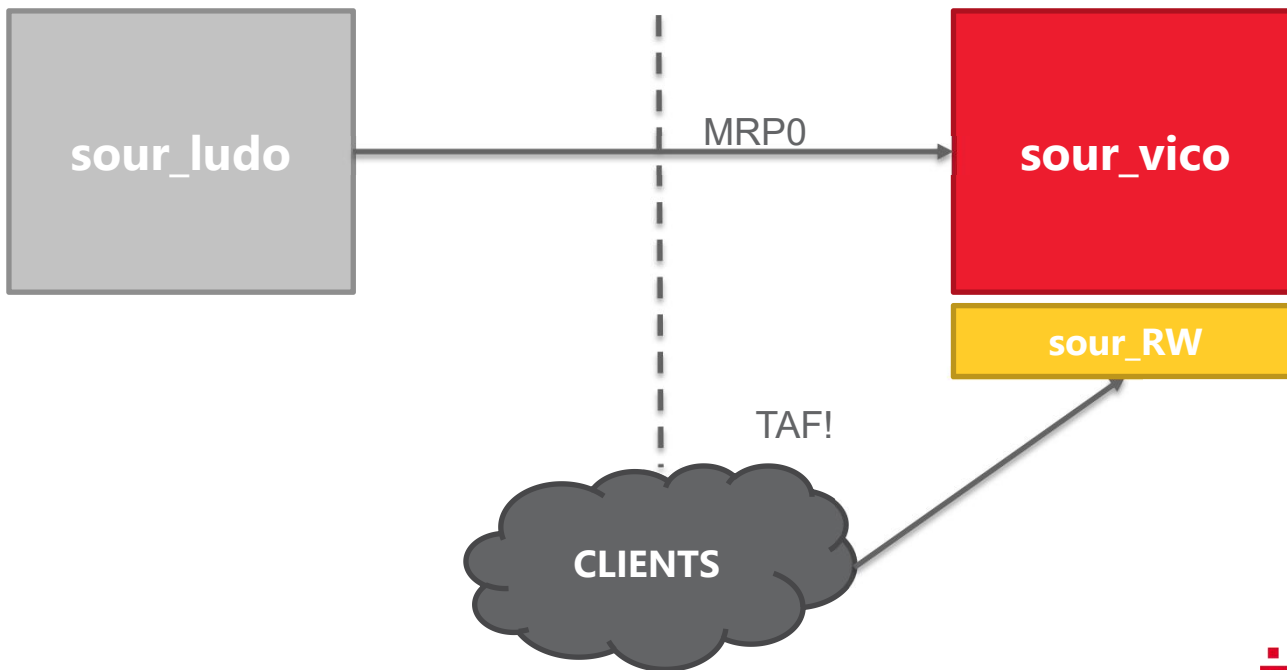
```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```



■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME vico01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME vico01
```

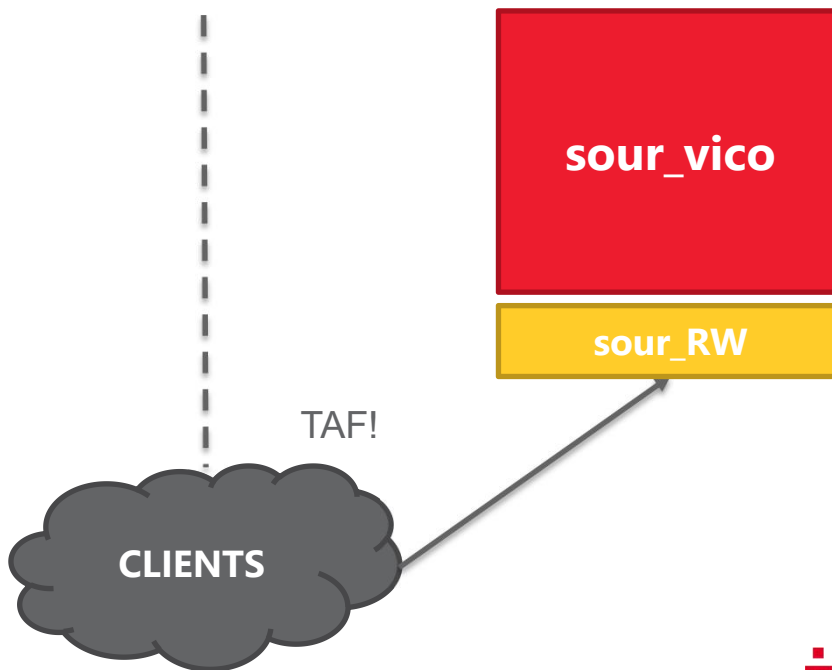
```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```



■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME vico01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME vico01
```

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```

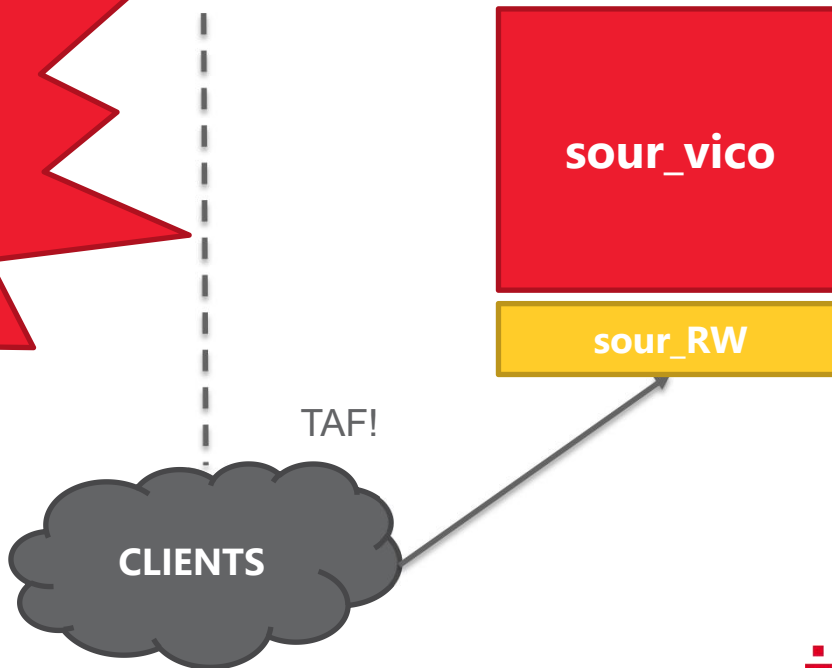


■ Use Case: Smart Standalone Configuration

```
sour-s1 IN CNAME vico01  
sour-s2 IN CNAME vico01
```

```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s1) (PORT=1521) )  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=sour-s2) (PORT=1521) )
```

You can switch to a patched version and run datapatch if the patch can be applied online!

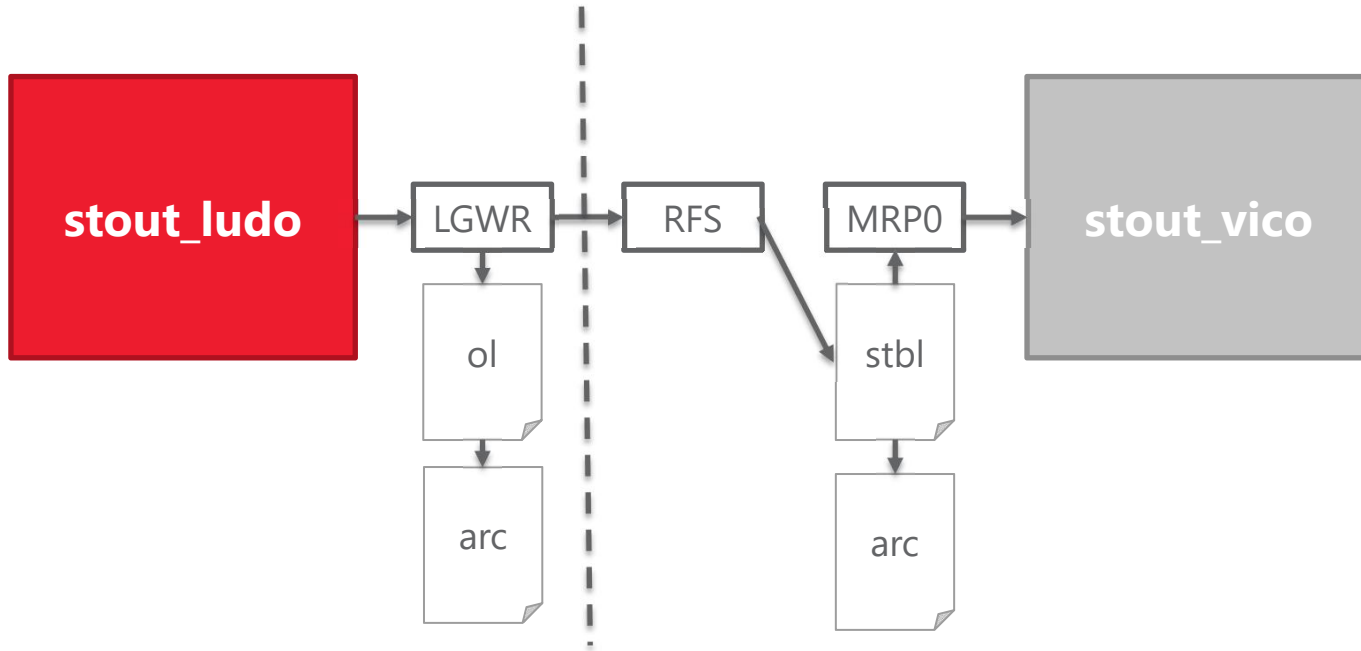




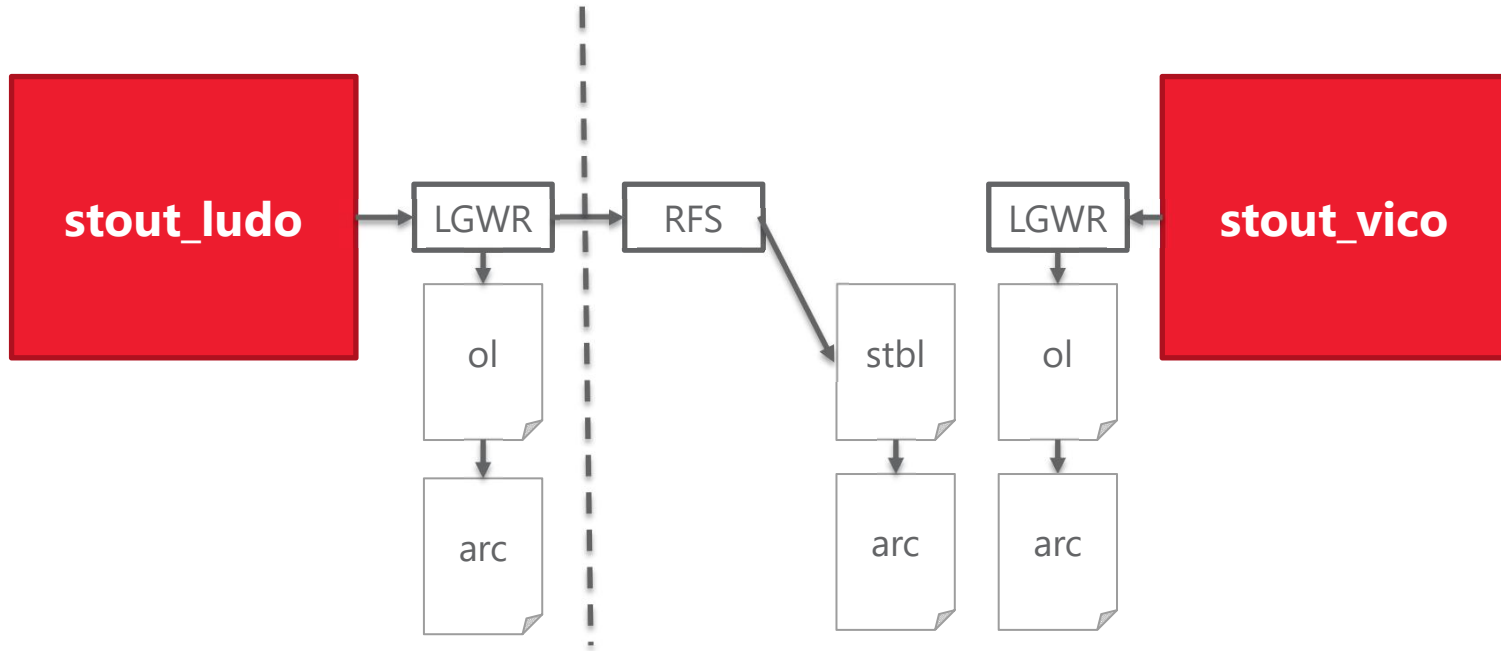
Demo?

Snapshot Standby

■ Physical Standby (simplified)



■ Snapshot Standby (simplified)



■ Snapshot Standby

■ Requirements

- Correct Data Guard configuration with a physical standby
- Physical standby has Fast Recovery Area Configured
- FORCE LOGGING is not mandatory but simplifies everything

■ Conversion to Snapshot Standby without broker

- ALTER DATABASE RECOVER MANAGED STANDBY DATABASE CANCEL;
- ALTER DATABASE CONVERT TO SNAPSHOT STANDBY;
- ALTER DATABASE OPEN READ WRITE;

■ Conversion to Snapshot standby with broker

- CONVERT DATABASE <name> TO SNAPSHOT STANDBY;

■ Conversion

- Stop Redo Apply
- Create Guaranteed Restore Point
- Flush Standby Logs
- Clear Online Logfiles
- Convert to Primary
- Open resetlogs
- Start RFS process to get redo stream from the primary

■ Two sources for Archive Logs?

```
SQL> select THREAD#, SEQUENCE#, RESETLOGS_ID, FIRST_CHANGE#, NEXT_CHANGE#, REGISTRAR,  
ACTIVATION# from v$archived_log WHERE next_time>(sysdate-1/24);
```

THREAD#	SEQUENCE#	RESETLOGS_ID	FIRST_CHANGE#	NEXT_CHANGE#	REGISTR	ACTIVATION#
1	22	952446304	648113	652296	RFS	3044612576
1	23	952446304	652296	652300	RFS	3044612576
1	24	952446304	652300	652361	RFS	3044612576
1	25	952446304	652361	652404	RFS	3044612576
1	26	952446304	652404	652410	RFS	3044612576
1	27	952446304	652410	653523	RFS	3044612576
1	28	952446304	653523	653529	RFS	3044612576
1	29	952446304	653529	657362	RFS	3044612576
1	30	952446304	657362	657399	RFS	3044612576
1	31	952446304	657399	657461	RFS	3044612576
1	32	952446304	657461	661863	RFS	3044612576
1	33	952446304	661863	661869	RFS	3044612576
1	34	952446304	661869	662080	RFS	3044612576
1	1	952543943	661845	662731	ARCH	3044656145

■ Use Case: SNAP STANDBY ONLY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role SNAPSHOT_STANDBY
```

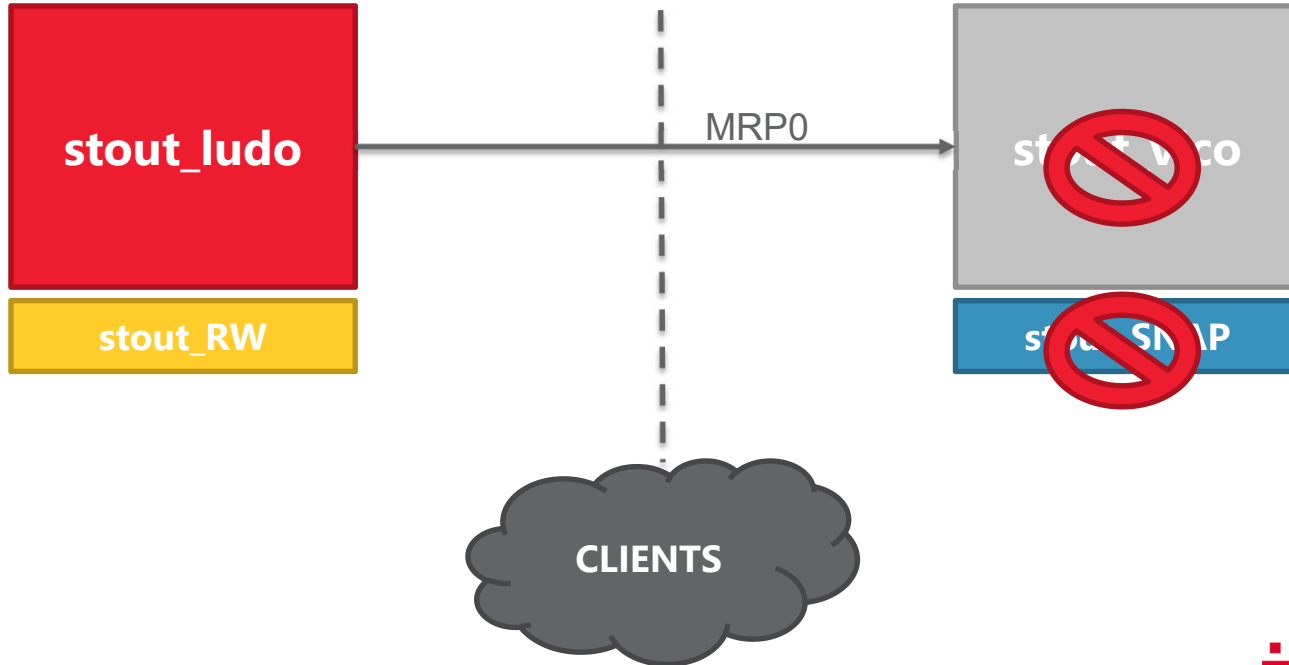
```
(ADDRESS= (HOST=vico01) (PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS= (HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: SNAP STANDBY ONLY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role SNAPSHOT_STANDBY
```

```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01)(PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=ludo01)(PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: SNAP STANDBY ONLY

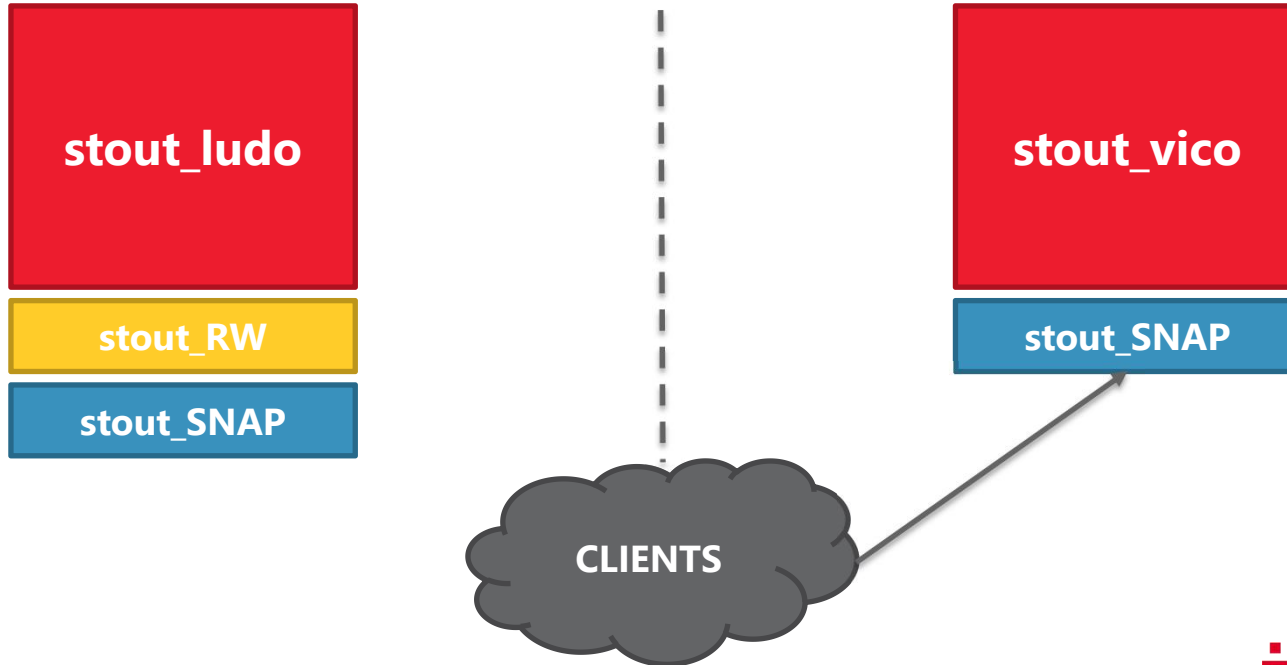
```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico -service stout_snap.trivadistraining.com -role  
"SNAPSHOT_STANDBY" -failovertype SELECT -failovermethod BASIC
```

```
stout_SNAP.trivadistraining.com =  
  (DESCRIPTION =  
    (CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 5 ) (TRANSPORT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 3 )  
    (ADDRESS_LIST =  
      (LOAD_BALANCE = OFF )  
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP ) (HOST = vico01.trivadistraining.com ) (PORT = 1521 ) )  
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP ) (HOST = ludo01.trivadistraining.com ) (PORT = 1521 ) )  
    )  
    (CONNECT_DATA =  
      (SERVICE_NAME = stout_SNAP.trivadistraining.com )  
    )  
  )
```

■ Use Case: SNAP STANDBY or PRIMARY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role "SNAPSHOT_STANDBY,PRIMARY"
```

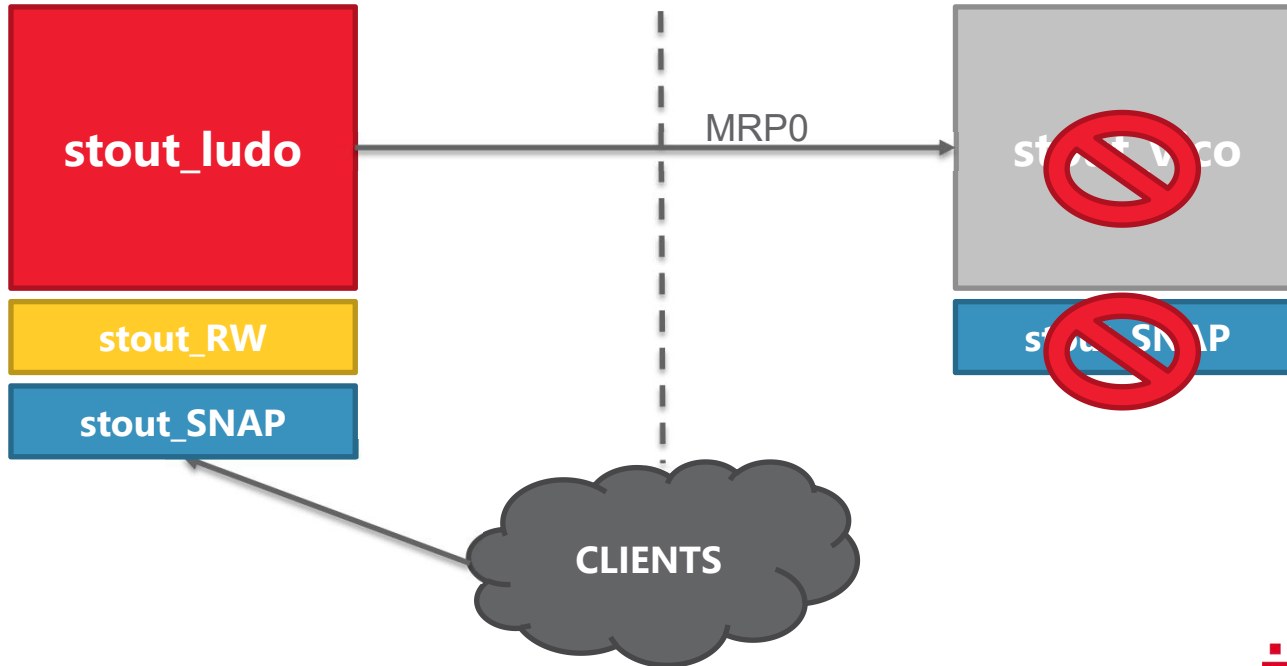
```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01)(PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=ludo01)(PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: SNAP STANDBY or PRIMARY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role "SNAPSHOT_STANDBY, PRIMARY"
```

```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01) (PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=ludo01) (PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: SNAP STANDBY or PRIMARY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico -service stout_snap.trivadistraining.com -role  
"PRIMARY,SNAPSHOT_STANDBY" -failovertype SELECT -failovermethod BASIC
```

```
stout_SNAP.trivadistraining.com =  
  (DESCRIPTION =  
    (CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 5 ) (TRANSPORT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 3 )  
    (ADDRESS_LIST =  
      (LOAD_BALANCE = OFF )  
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP ) (HOST = vico01.trivadistraining.com ) (PORT = 1521 ) )  
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP ) (HOST = ludo01.trivadistraining.com ) (PORT = 1521 ) )  
    )  
    (CONNECT_DATA =  
      (SERVICE_NAME = stout_SNAP.trivadistraining.com )  
    )  
  )
```

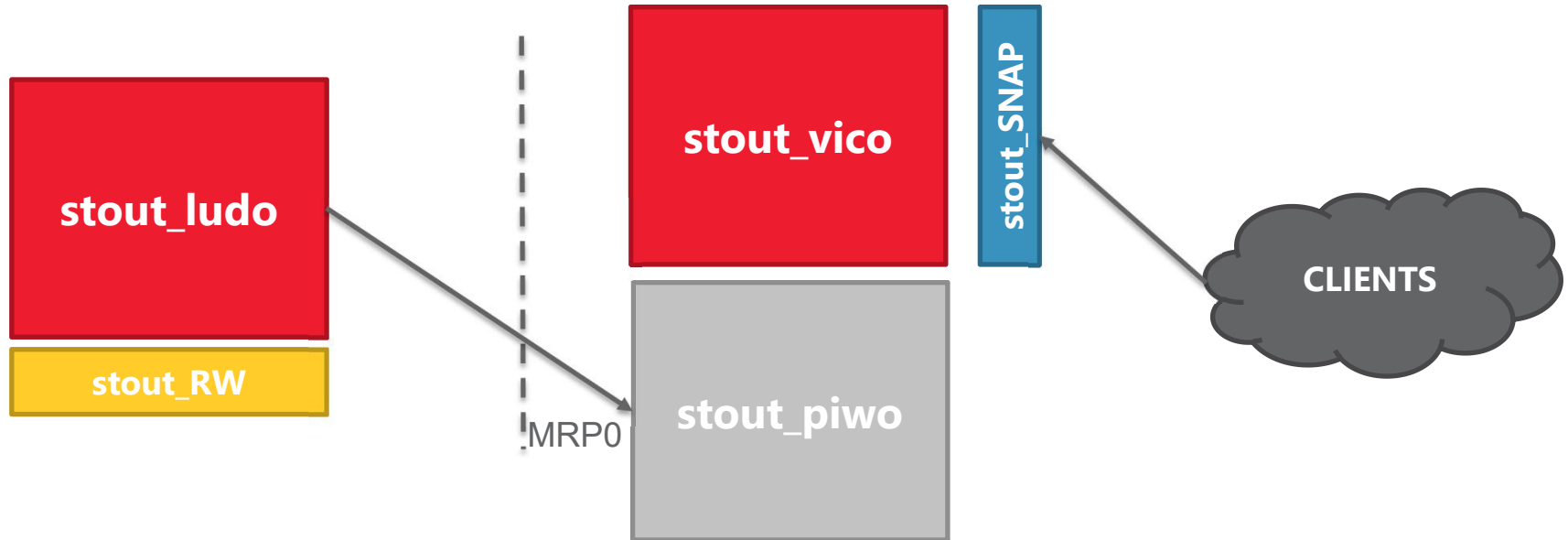


Demo?

■ Use Case: Double SNAP STANDBY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role "SNAPSHOT_STANDBY"
```

```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01)(PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=piwo01)(PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: Double SNAP STANDBY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role "SNAPSHOT_STANDBY"
```

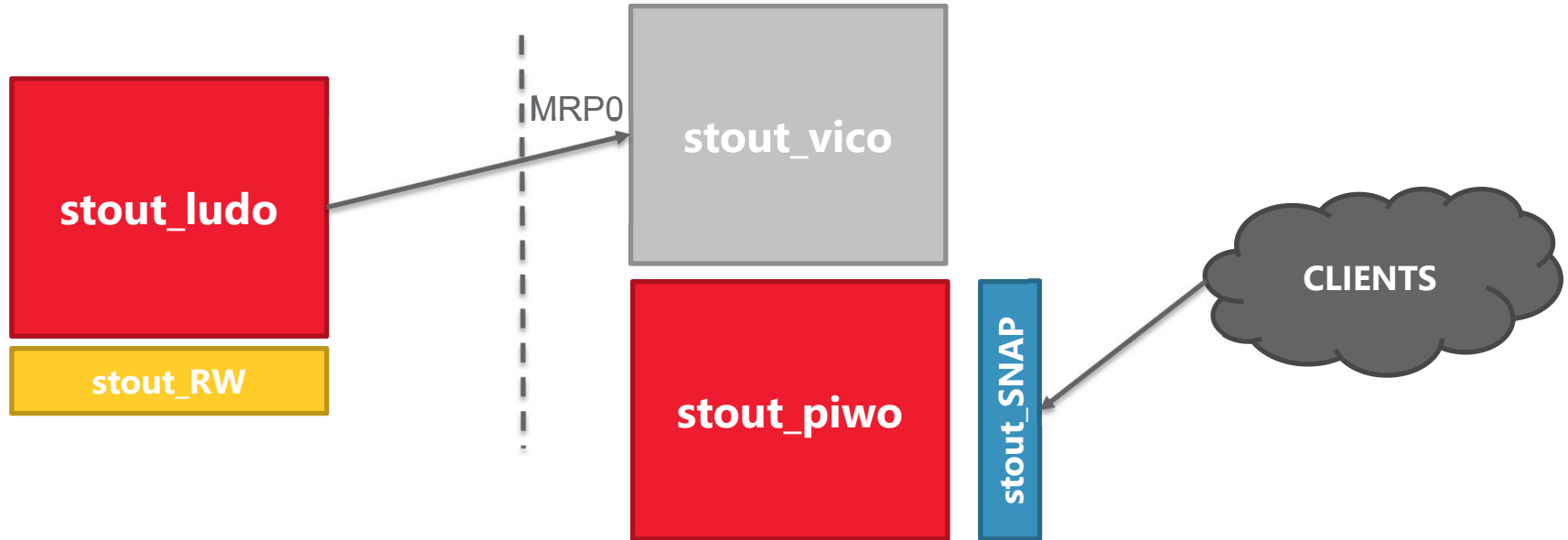
```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01) (PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=piwo01) (PORT=1521))
```



■ Use Case: Double SNAP STANDBY

```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico  
-service stout_SNAP  
-role "SNAPSHOT_STANDBY"
```

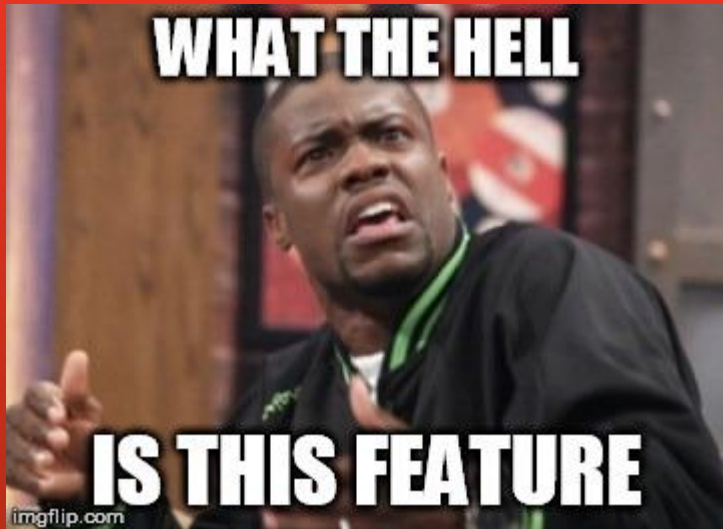
```
(ADDRESS=(HOST=vico01) (PORT=1521))  
(ADDRESS=(HOST=piwo01) (PORT=1521))
```



■ Two Standby Databases Use Case

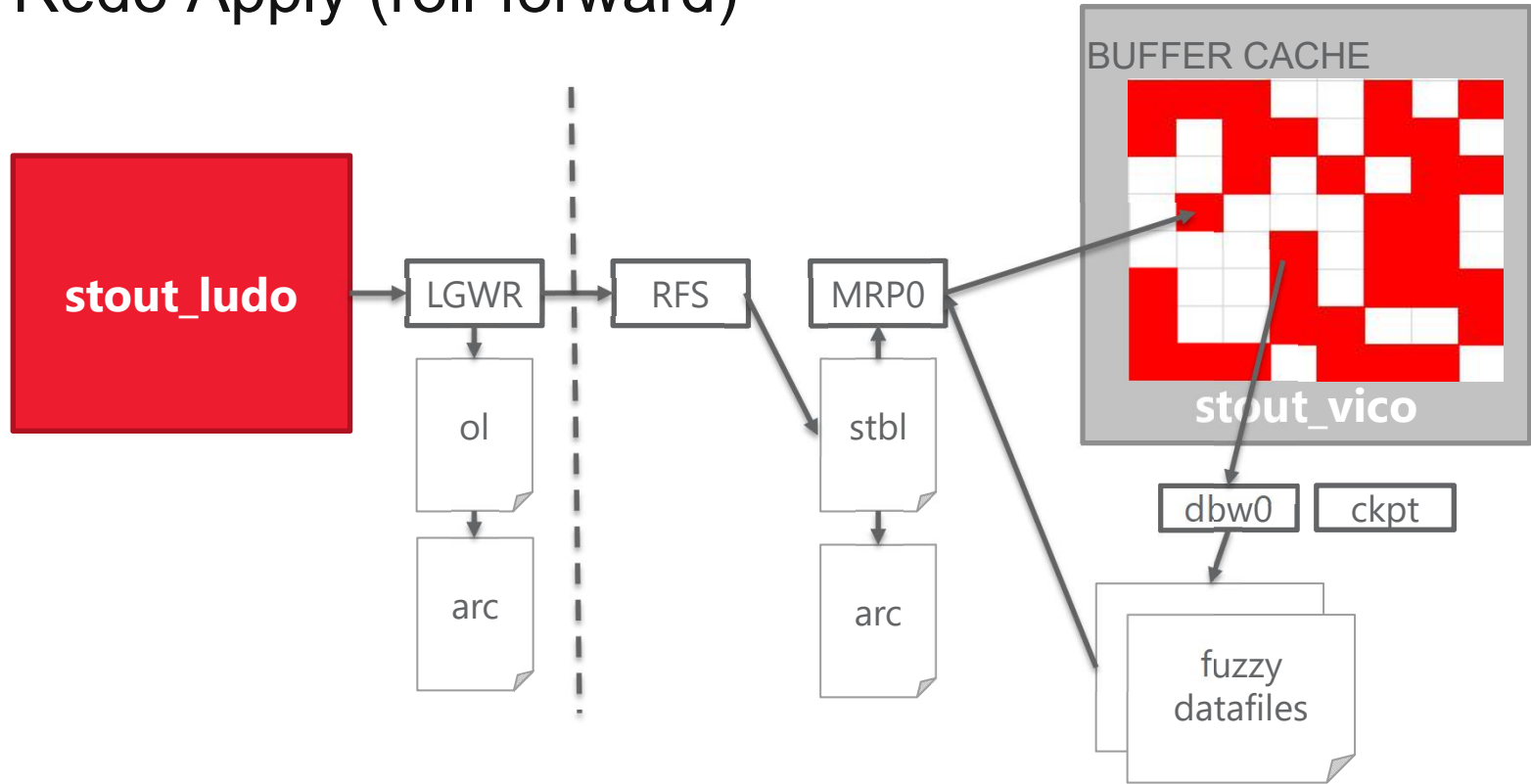
```
srvctl add service -db stout_vico -service stout_snap.trivadistraining.com -role  
"SNAPSHOT_STANDBY" -failovertype SELECT -failovermethod BASIC
```

```
stout_SNAP.trivadistraining.com =  
  (DESCRIPTION =  
    (CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 5 ) (TRANSPORT_CONNECT_TIMEOUT = 3 )  
    (ADDRESS_LIST =  
      (LOAD_BALANCE = OFF )  
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP ) (HOST = vico01.trivadistraining.com ) (PORT = 1521 ) )  
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP ) (HOST = piwo01.trivadistraining.com ) (PORT = 1521 ) )  
    )  
    (CONNECT_DATA =  
      (SERVICE_NAME = stout_SNAP.trivadistraining.com )  
    )  
  )
```



**Standby
Consistency
on
recovery cancel**

Redo Apply (roll-forward)



■ Block status

```
SQL> select status, dirty, count(*) from v$bh
2> group by status, dirty order by status, dirty;
```

STATUS	D	COUNT(*)
free	N	11
mrec	N	3013
mrec	Y	82

```
DGMGRL> edit database stout_vico set state='APPLY-OFF';
```

```
SQL> select status, dirty, count(*) from v$bh
2> group by status, dirty order by status, dirty;
```

STATUS	D	COUNT(*)
free	N	7012

■ Block status

```
SQL> select status, dirty, count(*) from v$bh  
2> group by status, dirty order by status, dirty;
```

STATUS	D	COUNT(*)
free	N	11
mrec	N	3013
mrec	Y	82

```
ORA-16037: user requested cancel of managed recovery operation  
Managed Standby Recovery not using Real Time Apply  
Recovery interrupted!  
Recovered data files to a consistent state at change 292504638291
```

```
DGMGRL> edit database stout_vico set state='APPLY-OFF';
```

```
SQL> select status, dirty, count(*) from v$bh  
2> group by status, dirty order by status, dirty;
```

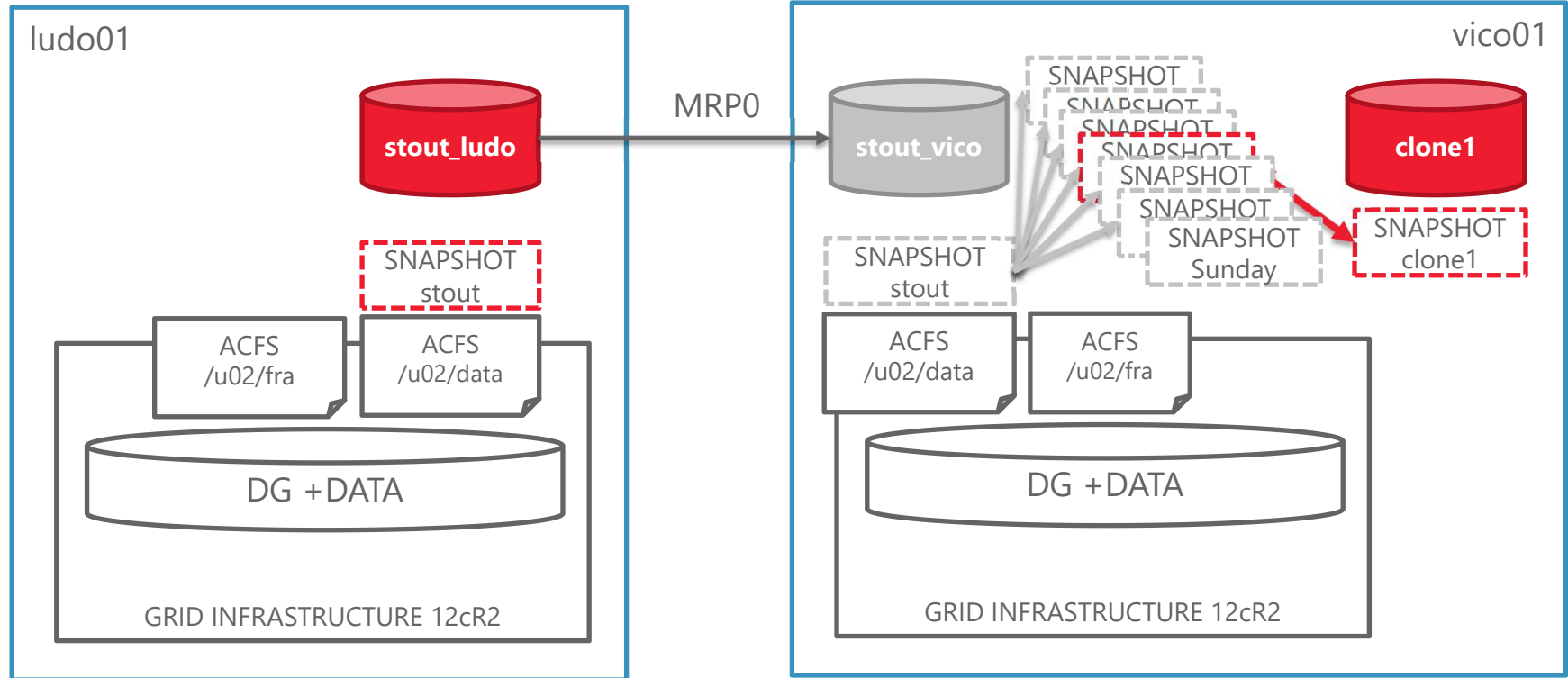
STATUS	D	COUNT(*)
free	N	7012

■ Consistent datafiles == consistent database

- No additional media recovery required before OPEN RESETLOGS
 - Cold backups via filesystem commands
 - Cloning possible without bother with Online or Archive Logs!

- Consistent Standby + ACFS Snapshots (or other) = Cheap Database Cloning

Cloning solution based on Standby Database



■ Cloning Steps

■ Snapshot creation

- edit database stout_vico set state='APPLY-OFF';
- acfsutil snap create -w -p stout stout.`date +%A` /u02/data
- alter database backup controlfile to trace as '/u02/data/.ACFS/snaps/...';
- create pfile='/u02/data/.ACFS/snaps/...' from spfile;
- edit database stout_vico set state='APPLY-ON';

■ Cloning Steps

- Cloning the database from the snapshot
 - Abort previous instance / delete previous snapshot
 - `acfsutil snap create -w -p stout.`date +%A` clone1 /u02/data`
 - `sed -i -e 's/stout_vico/clones/g' init.ora control_trace.trc`
 - startup open resetlogs



Demo?

Let me do one more example

■ Database reorganization live

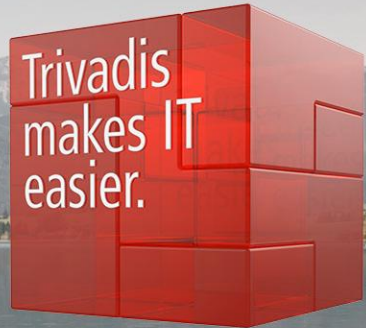
- Setup physical standby
- Convert to logical standby << Here the standby is OPEN
- Stop SQL Apply
- Reorganize your database
- Start SQL Apply and catch the primary
- Switchover to Logical Standby

Conclusions

Questions in front of a beer!

High Five POUG
#POUG2017

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