ORACLE®

Do more with your Text Data in the Oracle Database

A primer for application developers

ORACLE OPEN WORLD

October 1–5, 2017 SAN FRANCISCO, CA

Roger Ford
Principal Product Manager
Oracle Server Technologies Division
October 3rd, 2017



Safe Harbor Statement

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.

Note: The speaker notes for this slide include instructions for when to use Safe Harbor Statement slides.

Tip! Remember to remove this text box.



Program Agenda

- 1 Introduction to Oracle Text
- App development: SQL or XML?
- 3 12.2 Review
- 4 18c Preview

Program Agenda

- 1 Introduction to Oracle Text
- 2 App development: SQL or XML?
- 3 12.2 Review
- 4 18c Preview



Text in your database?

- Most applications have some textual information
 - VARCHAR2, CLOB, even BLOB
- Very often, this text is not searchable, or only searchable by exact match
- Full-text search can make that text accessible and usable, enhancing the whole application
- Navigation by keywords and facets is often much quicker than navigation by hierarchy
- Oracle Text provides full text search right in the database

Oracle Text Is ...

- A toolkit for developing text search applications using SQL, PL/SQL and XML
- FREE! with all versions of the Oracle database from Xe to Enterprise Edition
- Embedded in many Oracle applications
- Multilingual, and capable of managing many types of document









Text Indexes

The basics

- A text index indexes the *words* in a document set
- This is known as an "inverted index"
 - A table contains a set of documents, each of which is a list of words
 - The index is a set of words, each of which has a list of documents in which is it occurs
- By looking up any word in the index we can find which documents it occurs in
- Oracle Text has a number of index types for different scenarios
 - Most common is CONTEXT indextype

Creating an Oracle Text Index

```
CREATE INDEX prod_name_idx ON
  product_information(product_name)
  INDEXTYPE IS ctxsys.context ;
SELECT score(123), product_id, product_name
   FROM product_information
    WHERE contains (product_name,
       'monitor NEAR full hd', 123)>0
     ORDER BY score(99) DESC;
  SCORE(99) PRODUCT_ID
                        PRODUCT_NAME
                        Full HD Monitor 22 inch
  72 3331
           3060
                       Monitor and TV combo, full HD
```

Program Agenda

- 1 Introduction to Oracle Text
- App development: SQL or XML?
- 3 12.2 Review
- 4 18c Preview



Text Application Development

Choosing your interface method

- The primary purpose for Oracle Text is full-text searching
- May be done through SQL or SQL and XML (Result Set Interface)
- Simple SQL SELECT ... WHERE CONTAINS(...) is most suited to:
 - Simple search/result scenarios
 - Extending existing SQL applications with full-text searches on VARCHAR/CLOB fields
- XML / Result Set Interface most suited to
 - Advanced search with metadata summaries and faceted navigation
 - Embedded advanced features such as sentiment analysis and collocations





Result Set Interface

- Implemented by CTX_QUERY.RESULT_SET
 - call from SQL, JDBC, ODBC, etc.
- Requires an XML Result Set Descriptor
 - Describes what we want to fetch
- Returns an XML Result Set
 - Contains a hitlist and other info as requested

```
ctx query.result set('myIndex', '
  <ctx result set descriptor>
    <hitlist start hit num="1" end hit num="1" >
      <rowid />
      <score />
      <sdata name="title" />
    </hitlist>
    <count />
  <ctx result set descriptor>', RS);
RS:
<ctx result set>
  <hitlist>
    <hit>
      <rowid>AAATWXAAGAAAQZ5AAM</rowid>
      <score>23</score>
      <sdata name="TITLE">My Word</sdata>
    </hit>
  </hitlist>
  <count>130</count>
</ctx result set>
```

Program Agenda

- 1 Introduction to Oracle Text
- 2 App development: SQL or XML?
- 3 12.2 Review
- 4 18c Preview

Sentiment Analysis

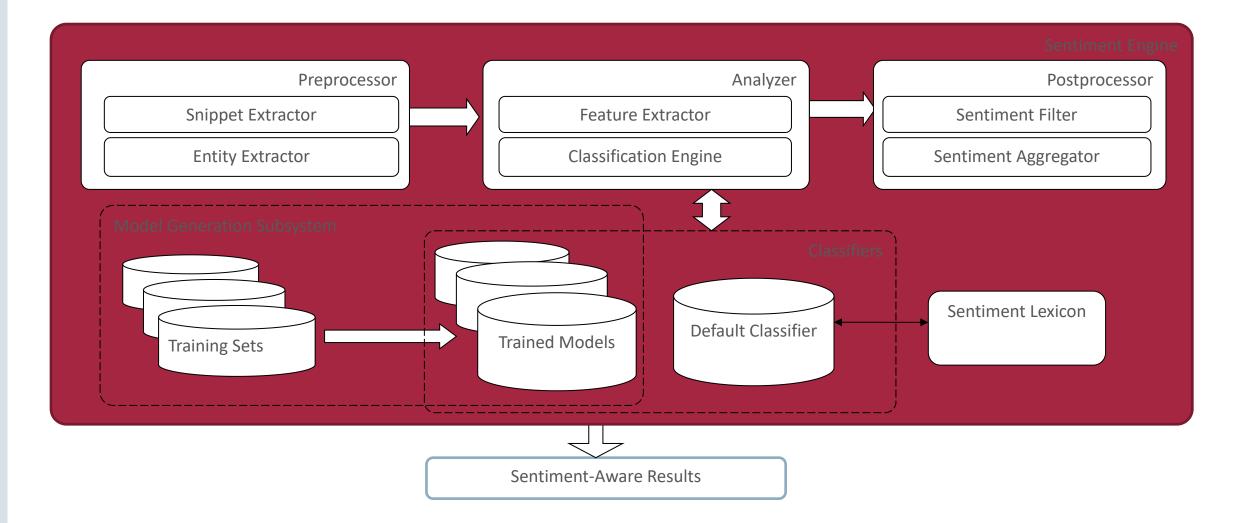
Positive or negative sentiment with regard to search topic





- Sentiment analysis (SA) traditionally only shows "good" or "bad" for whole document
- Oracle Text SA takes a topic or entity and performs SA for that
- e.g.
 - Is the plot good for this movie?
 - Are the hotel rooms clean / spacious / quiet?
- Has default "out of the box" capabilities
 - or can use classification techniques to train new models for higher accuracy and domain-specific applications

Sentiment Architecture



Sentiment Aware Queries

Sentiment Aware Query
Search Query
Sentiment Topic

```
ctx_query.result_set('idx', Camera AND Nikon)
S3','
<ctx result set descriptor>
    <hitlist order="SCORE DESC">
        <sentiment classifier="camera">
            <item topic ("picture quality")/>
            <item topic="lens" />
        </sentiment>
    </hitlist>
    <group SA="picture quality">
</ctx_result_set_descriptor>
', :rs);
```

- Search Query
- Sentiment Topic
- Domain specific Classifier
- Sentiment Filter Criteria
- Sentiment Group Count

Sentiment Analysis Notes

- Default classifier must use AUTO_LEXER.
 - Default sentiment analysis provided by Oracle Linguistic Technology
- Trained classifier may use any lexer
- Typical accuracy: Default: 73% Trained: 80%



Collocates

Extracting related information from your documents

- Collocates are words found near your search terms
- Great for
 - Building tag clouds
 - Guiding users to other terms they might be interested in
 - Creating "more like this" capabilities
- Linguistic stemming groups related words



Collocates – the details

• RSD:

```
<ctx_result_set_descriptor>
     <collocates radius="20" max_words="50" max_length="100"/>
</ctx_result_set_descriptor>
```

• RS:

Program Agenda

- 1 Introduction to Oracle Text
- 2 App development: SQL or XML?
- 3 12.2 Review
- 4 18c Preview

Faceted Navigation

Building Catalog-style applications with Oracle Text

- Oracle Text has traditional been used for document-centric applications
- Faceted navigation extends for catalog / webstore type applications
- Faceted navigation provides summary and drill-down capabilities
- 12.2 introduces new SDATA capabilities for faceted navigation in XML result set queries

Price:

- **\$1 \$5 (94)**
- **\$5 \$10 (213)**
- **\$10 \$50 (152)**
- **\$50 \$100 (1)**

Item Type:

- Music (265)
- Movie (192)
- HardGood (2)
- Game (1)

Average Rating:

- 4.5 5 stars (324)
- 3.5 4.4 stars (102)
- 2.5 3.4 stars (23)
- 1.5 2.4 stars (4)
- 0.5 1.5 stars (7)

os.

Disney's A Christmas Carol - Nintendo DS By Sumo Digital Product SKU: 9417259

\$9.99

Average Review 3 Number of Reviews 2
Disney's A Christmas Carol - Nintendo DS Take ... &



Don't Open Till Christmas (DVD)

\$12.99

Average Review 5 Number of Reviews 1
Don't Open Till Christmas (DVD) Movie Movie



The Christmas Ornament (DVD)

da oo

Average Review 4 Number of Reviews 1
The Christmas Ornament (DVD) Movie



The Christmas Hope (DVD)

By (Unknown) Product SKU: 2426

\$4.99

Average Review 4.8 Number of Reviews 12
The Christmas Hope (DVD)



Downton Abbey: Christmas at Downton Abbey

\$14.99

Average Review 4 Number of Reviews 3

Downton Abbey: Christmas at Downton Abbey (Blu



Setup for Faceted Navigation

Add SDATA section group in index for each facet

```
- use "optimized_for" = "search"
```

Add to Result Set Descriptor:

```
<group sdata = "color" topn="10">
     <count/>
</group>
```

• Returns:

```
<group sdata="color">
     <group single="Red"> <count>123</count> </group>
     <group single="Blue"> <count>26</count> </group>
</group>
```

Processing Facets

Using returned facets in your application

Use XMLTable:

```
select rs.face_label, rs.facet_count
from XMLTABLE(
  '/ctx_result_set/groups[@sdata="COLOR"]/group'
  PASSING xmltype(:rsout)
  COLUMNS
     facet_label    VARCHAR2(80) PATH '@single',
     facet_count    NUMBER PATH 'count/text()'
  ) AS rs
order by facet_count desc
```

Or use XML capabilities of your application server

NEW IN 18°C

18c: New Substring Index

Compact high performance index with K-Grams

- 12c Substring index uses rotated word-forms
 - oracle : <racle o> : <acle or> : <le orac> : <le orac> : <e oracl>
 - Takes up lots of space, especially with long words
 - Garbage words major problem
 - AND separate structure for prefix indexing
- 18c uses K-grams
 - Handles prefix, suffix and double-truncated searches
 - Configurable length substrings : 2 5 characters
 - oracle : ^or : ora : rac : acl : cle : le\$
 - Each K-gram has its own (dense) postings list
 - No need to limit double-truncated searches





18c: Transactional Improvements

OLTP text applications

- Oracle Text traditionally targets document-centric applications
- Increasingly used for "small chunk" texts Just Another Index
- In 18.1:
 - Remove functional and performance bottlenecks for small-chunk updates
 - Updating text-indexed columns should be as fast as b-tree indexed columns
 - No "\$R" table
 - Fully automatic indexes no need for separate calls to SYNC_INDEX or OPTIMIZE_INDEX
 - SYNC(ON COMMIT) no longer costly
 - Automatic two-level index rebuilds postings on disk in optimal form
 - Automatic top-N token optimization keeps garbage manageable



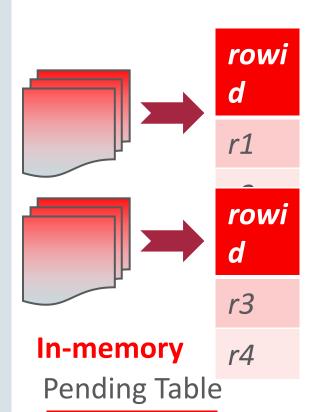
Scalable DML Architecture



INSERT

SYNC ON COMMIT

AUTO MERGE



token	token_info
night	
night	
day	
night	101 <1,6> 102 <7>
day	101 <3,4>
wild	102 <4>
stormy	102 <6>



token	token_info
night	 101 <1,6> 102 <7>
day	101 <3,4>
wild	102 <4>
stormy	102 <6>

Staging table

New rows in Posting Lists

Defragmented Posting Lists



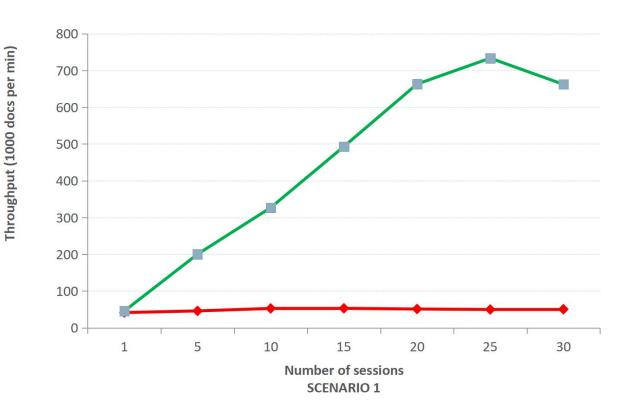
Session scalability

Removing bottlenecks

- No \$R table major source of contention in old architecture
 - One row in \$R covers thousands of documents
- Local "pending" tables
 - No contention between different indexes waiting to store pending updates
- Gives major improvements in update scalabilty with multiple sessions

Session scalability

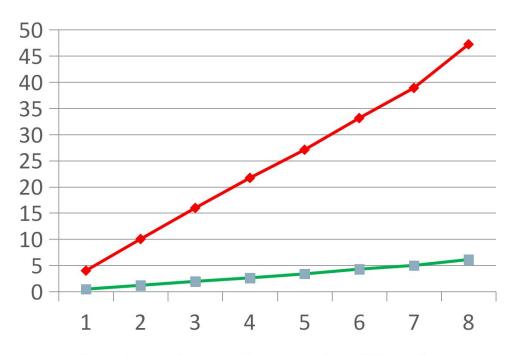
- Inserts/updates by parallel sessions
- Green 18c, Red 12cR2
- 16-core machine
- Previously 50 TPS, regardless of sessions
- Now scales with sessions up to ~1.5 x core count



Query Stability

- Without optimize, query performance drops rapidly as new data is added
- Auto-optimize in 18c vastly improves query stability
 - Auto-merge reduces fragmentation
 - Auto-top-token removes garbage from largest postings

Average Response Time (in ms)



Number of rows inserted (millions)

Demogrounds

Come and find us:

Moscone West, rear of hall

Booth SOA 144: Oracle Text, JSON and XML



ORACLE®