

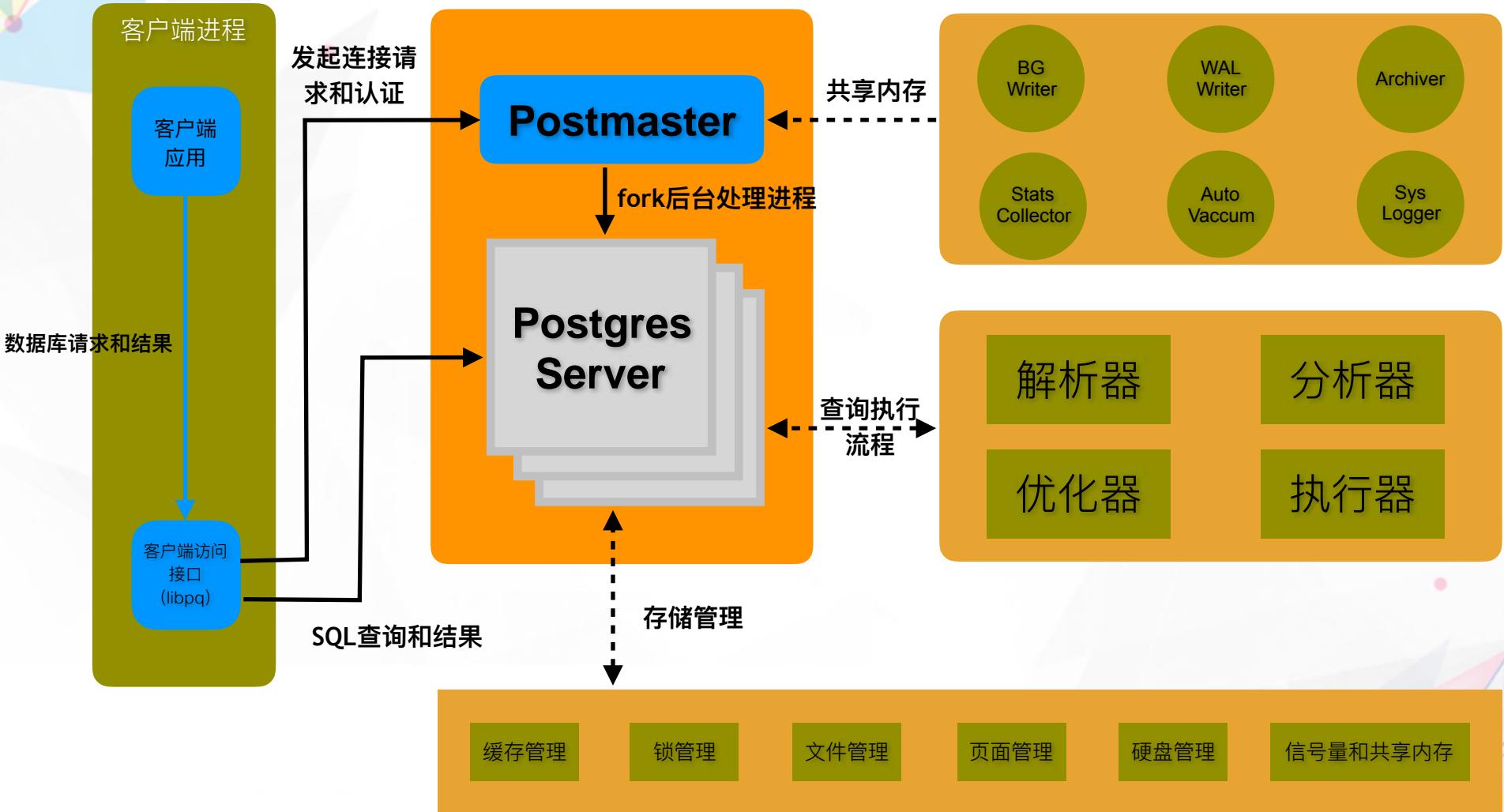
# 数据仓库架构的变迁

简丽荣，HashData

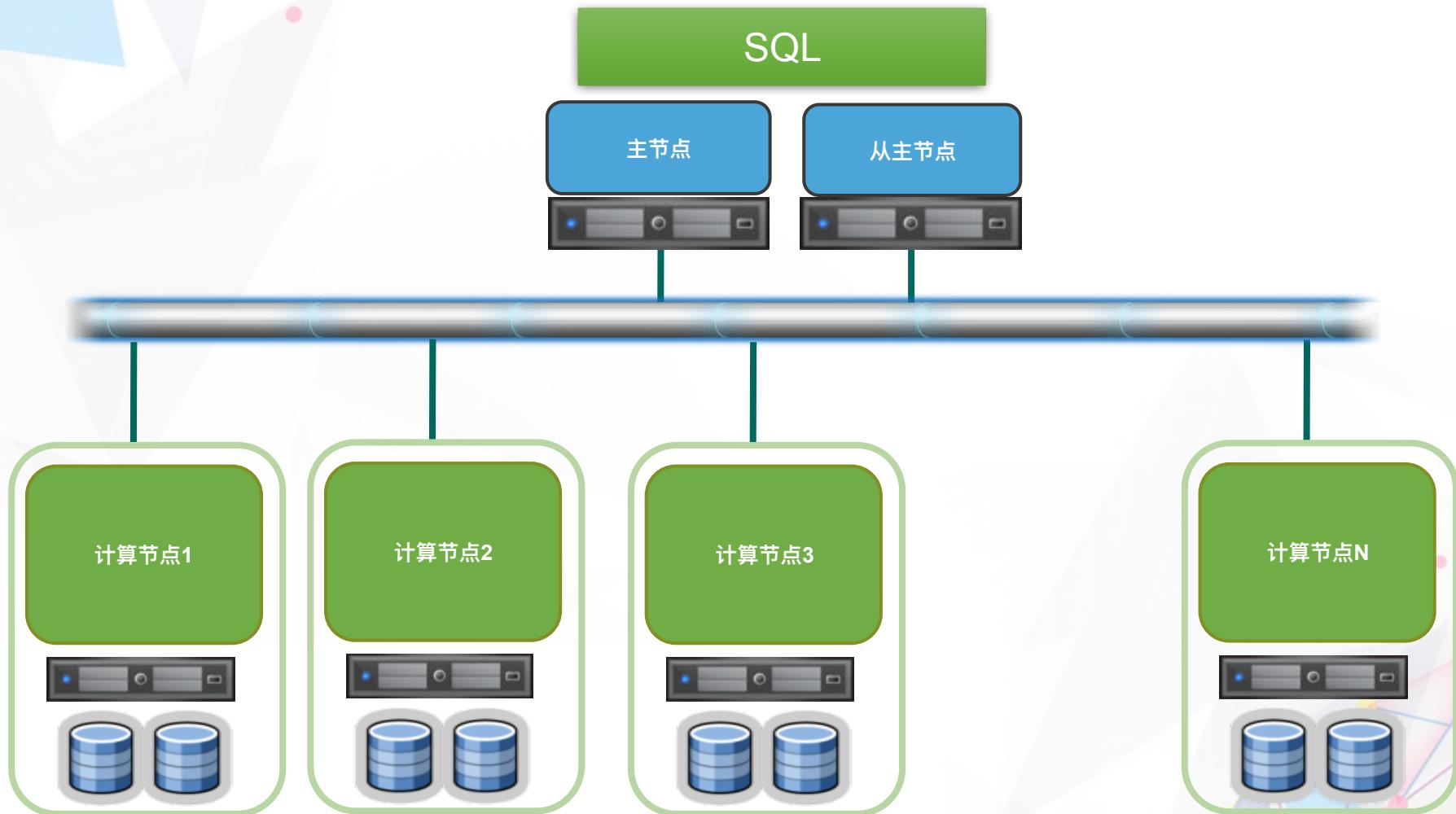
# 日程安排

- PostgreSQL
- Greenplum Database
- Apache HAWQ
  - Greenplum on HDFS
  - 1.x
  - 2.0
- 云端数据仓库
- 总结

# PostgreSQL

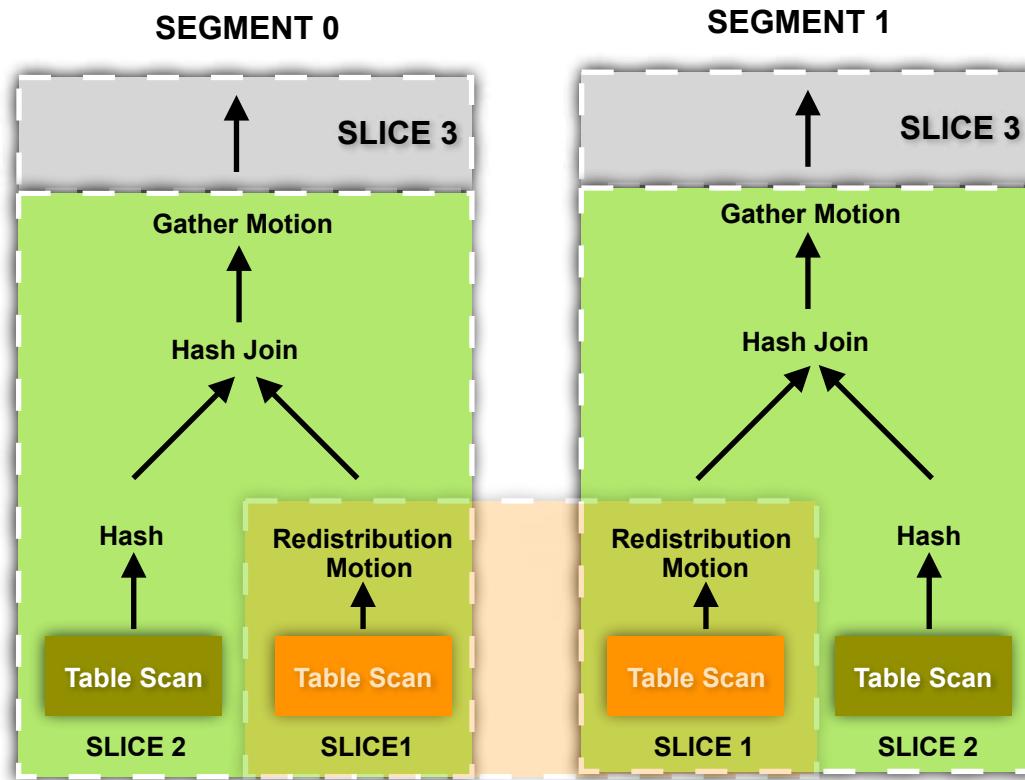


# MPP架构的分布式数据库

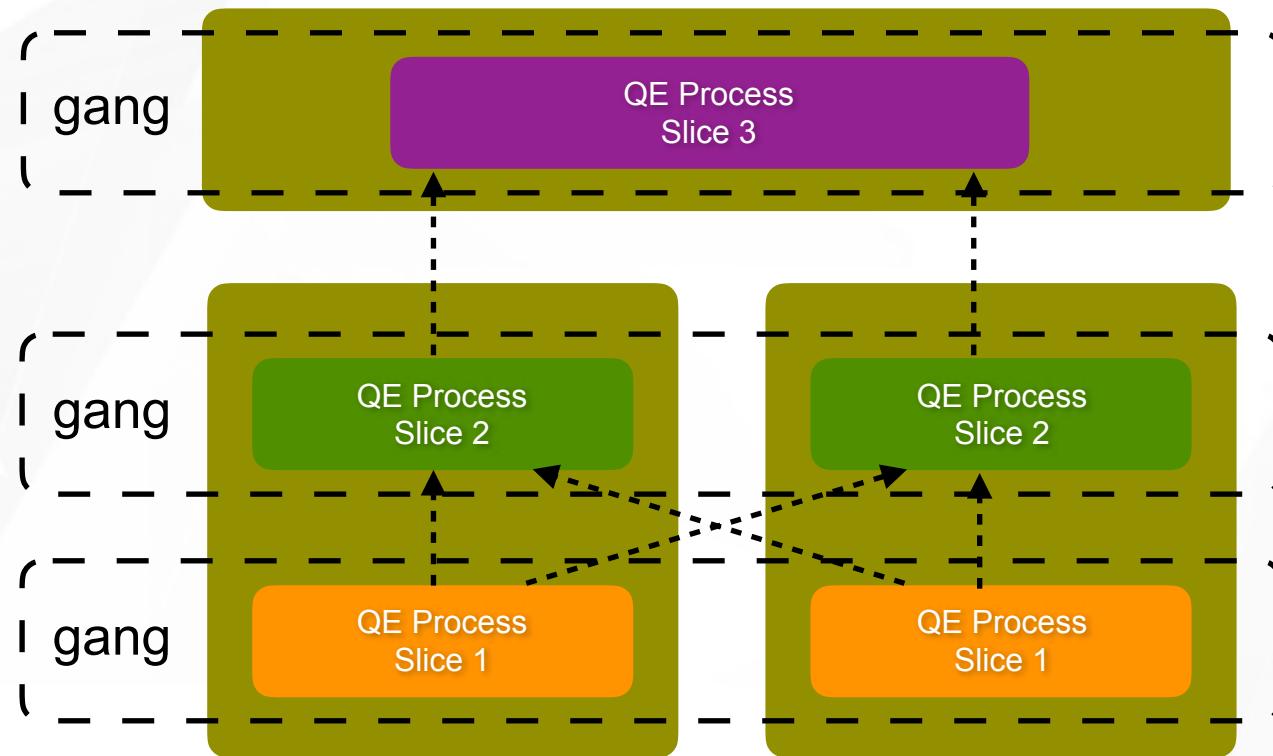


# 并行查询计划

```
SELECT customer,
       amount
  FROM sales
 JOIN customer
    USING (cust_id)
 WHERE date=2008;
```



# 并行计划的执行



# Gang的数量

一般来说， $N$ 张表做连接需要 $2N$ 个Gang  
(1个1-gang,  $2N-1$ 个n-gang)

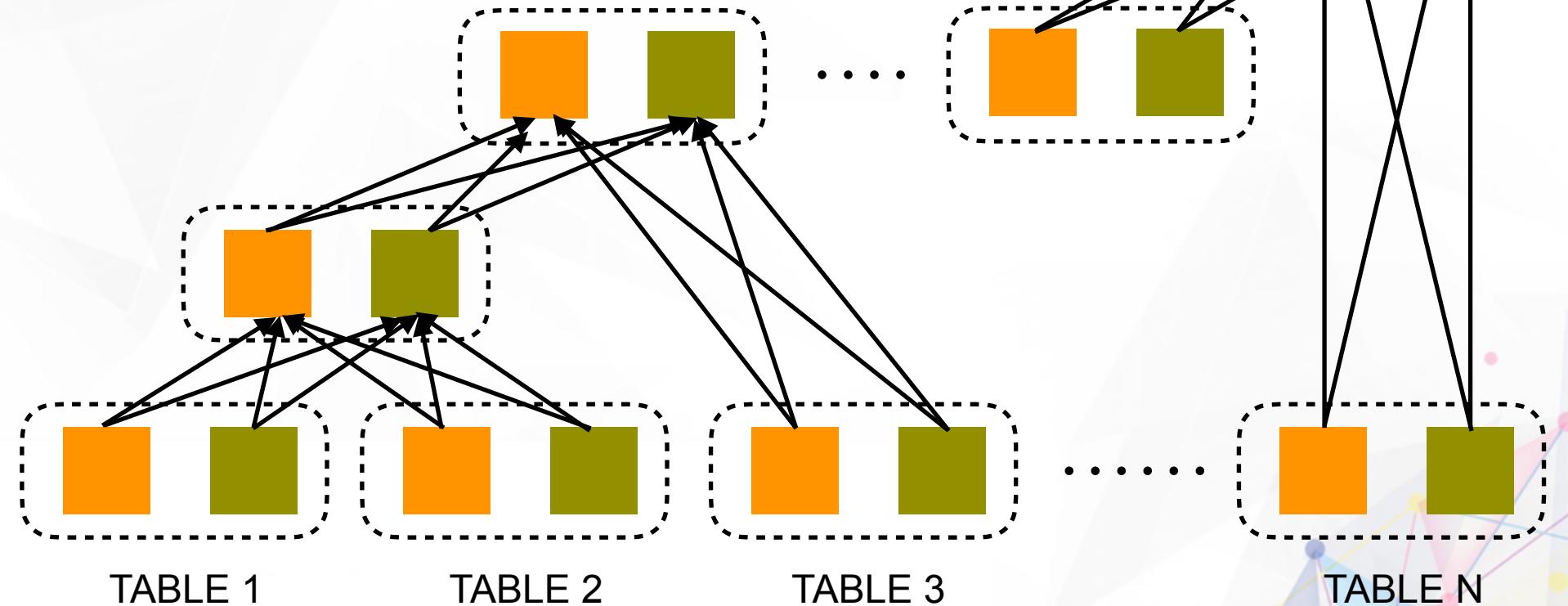


TABLE 1

TABLE 2

TABLE 3

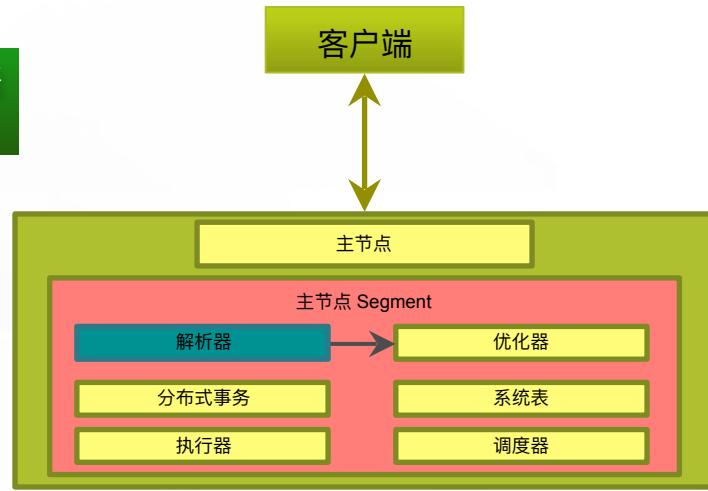
TABLE N

# 解析器

解析器执行词法分析、语  
法分析并生成 解析树

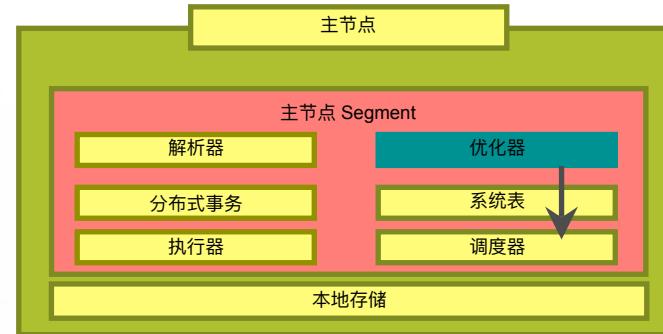
客户端

主节点接受客户连接，  
处理请求，执行认证

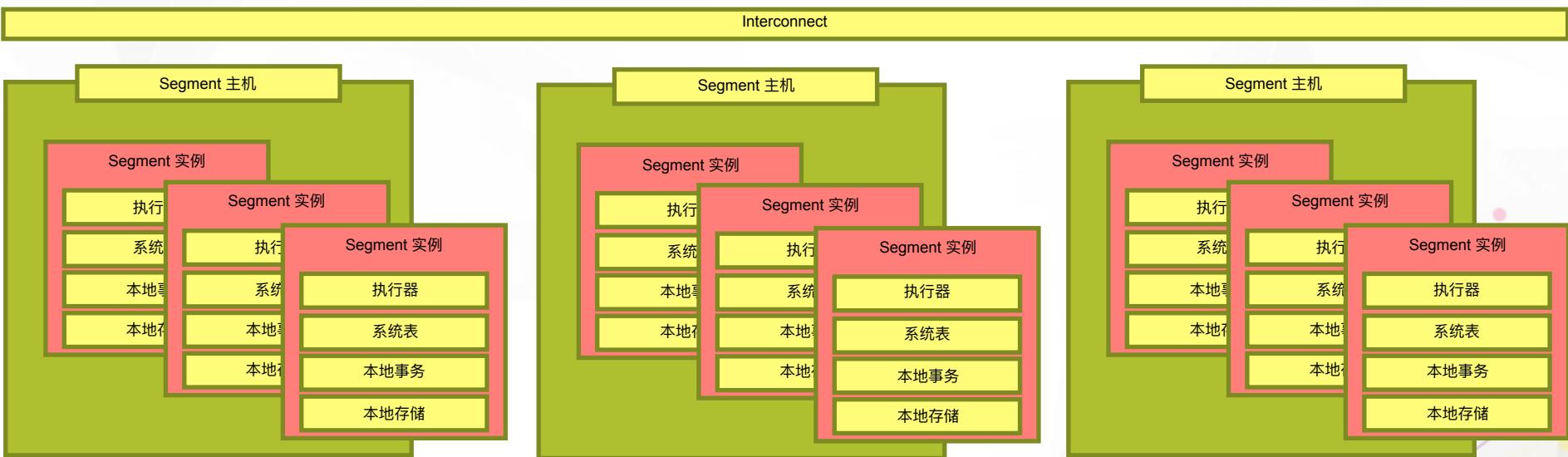


# 优化器

处理解析树，生成查询计划

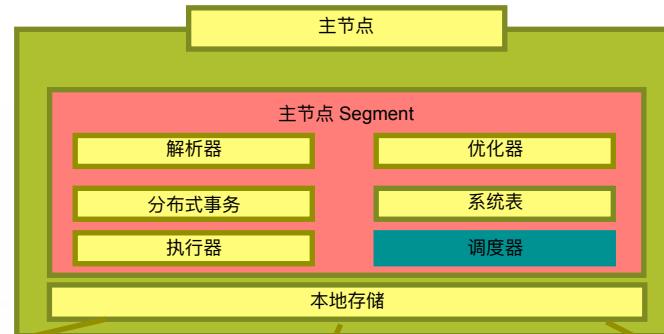


查询计划描述了如何执行查询

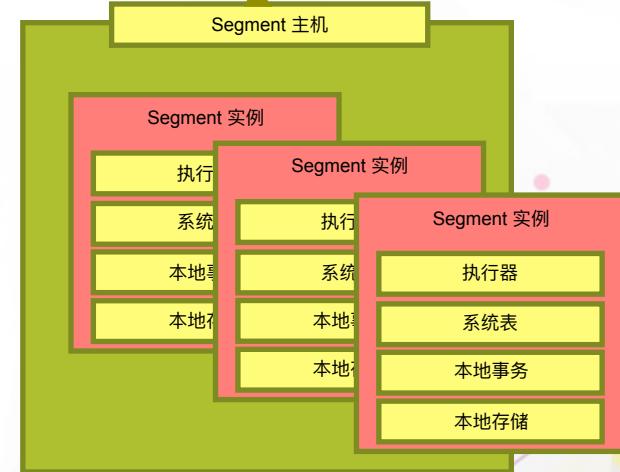
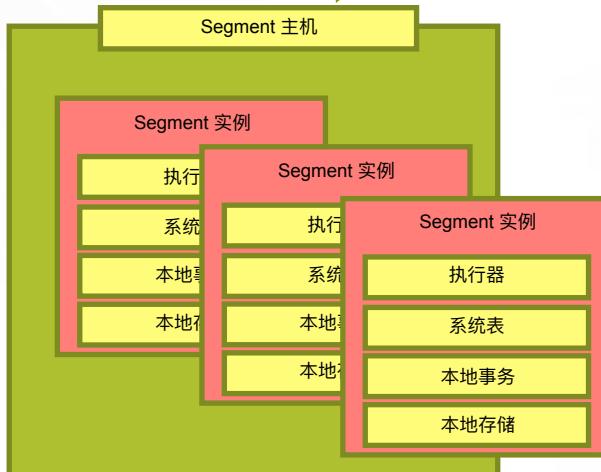
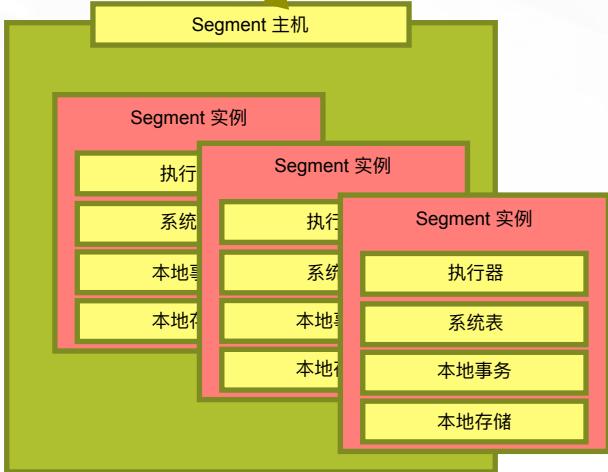


# 调度器

发送查询计划给每个 Segment



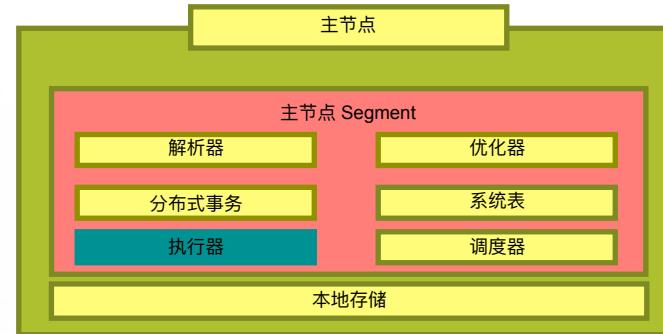
分配处理查询需要的集群资源，收集并返回结果给客户端



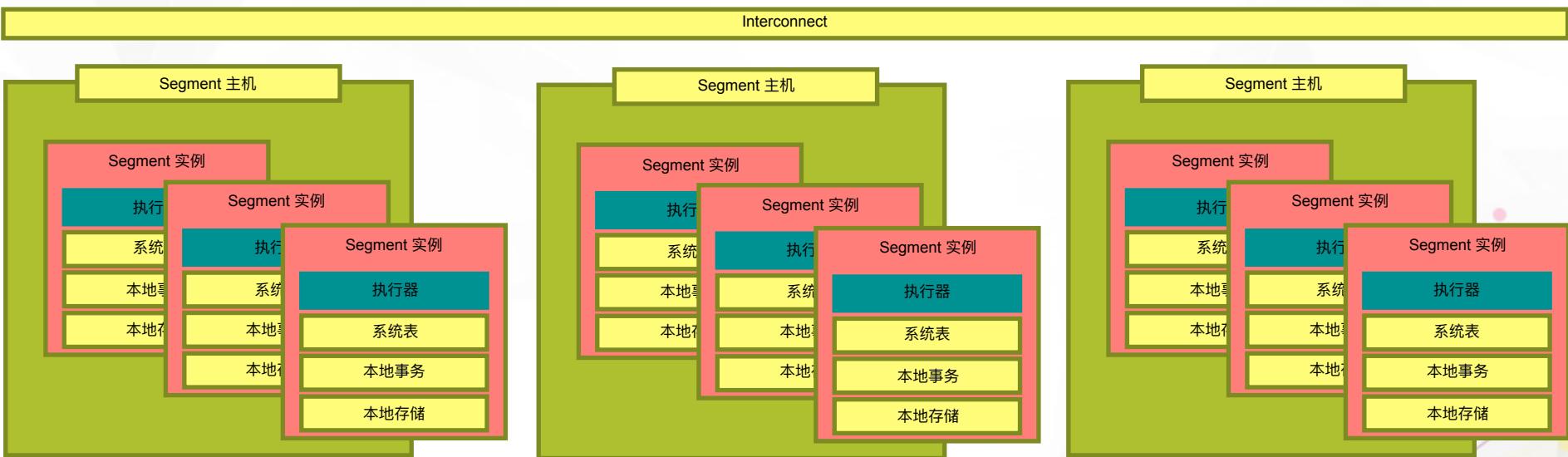
Interconnect

# 执行器

发送查询计划给每个 Segment

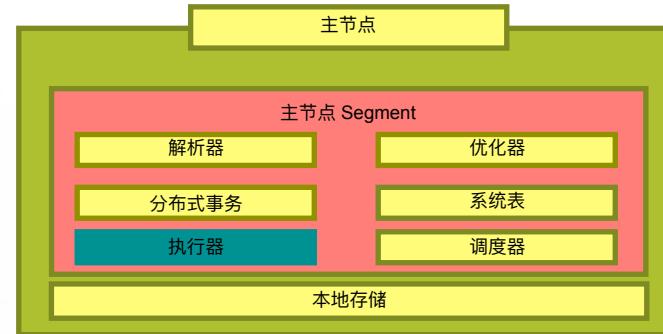


分配处理查询需要的集群资源，收集并返回结果给客户端

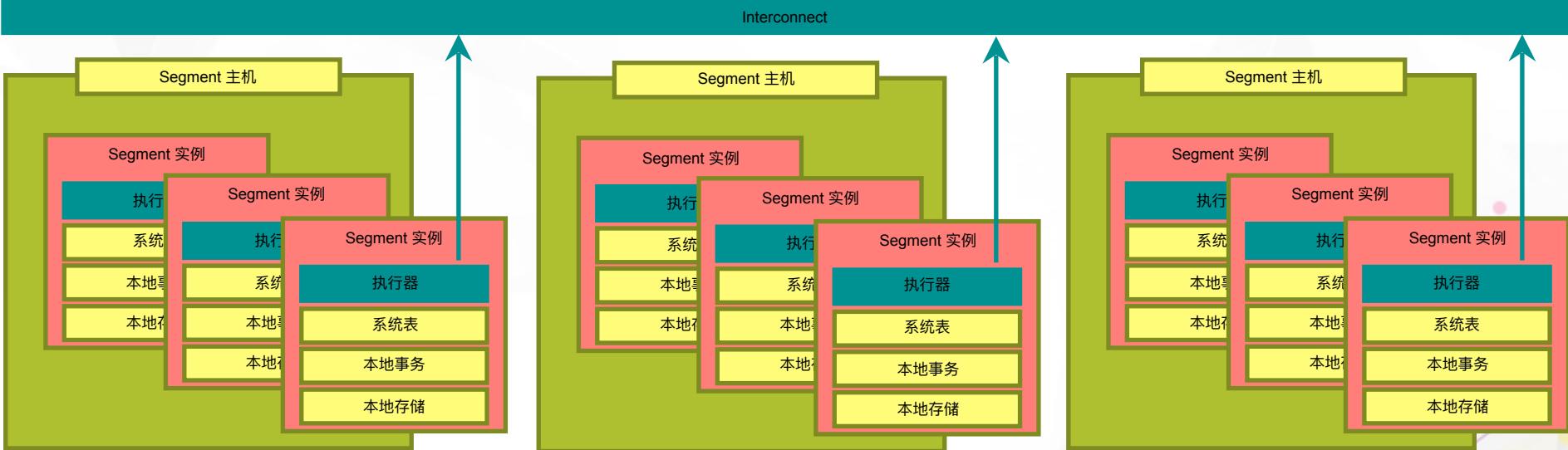


# Interconnect

发送查询计划给每个 Segment

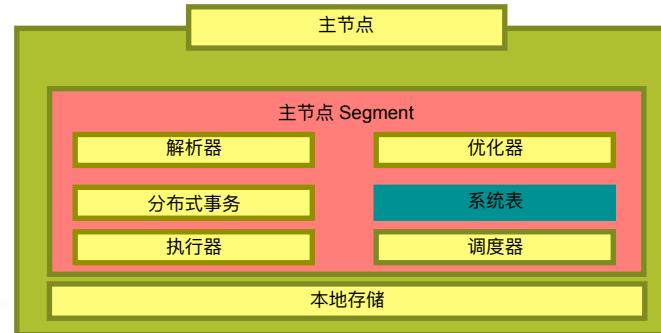


分配处理查询需要的集群资源，收集并返回结果给客户端

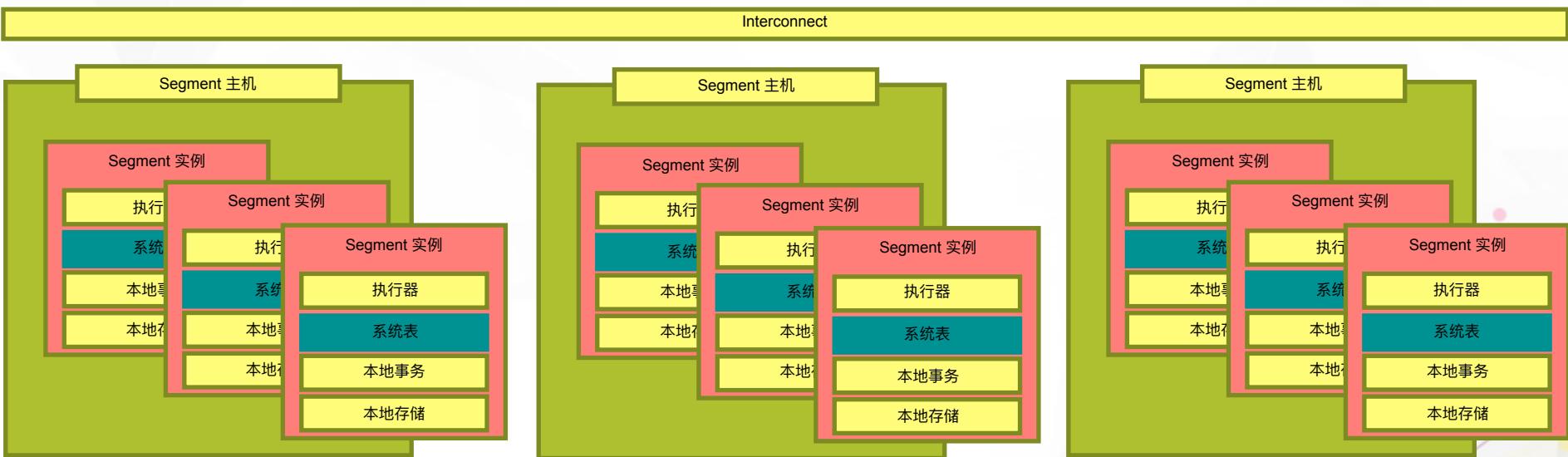


# 系统表

存储和管理数据库、表、  
字段的元数据

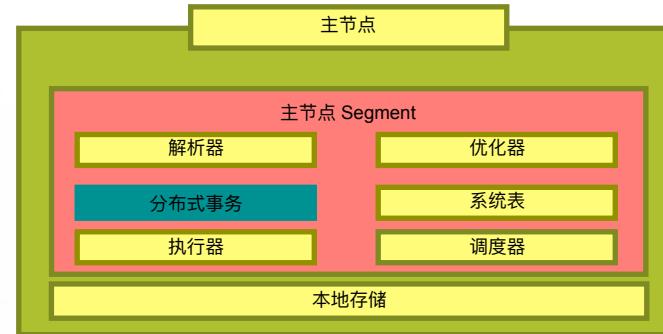


每个节点保存一个拷贝

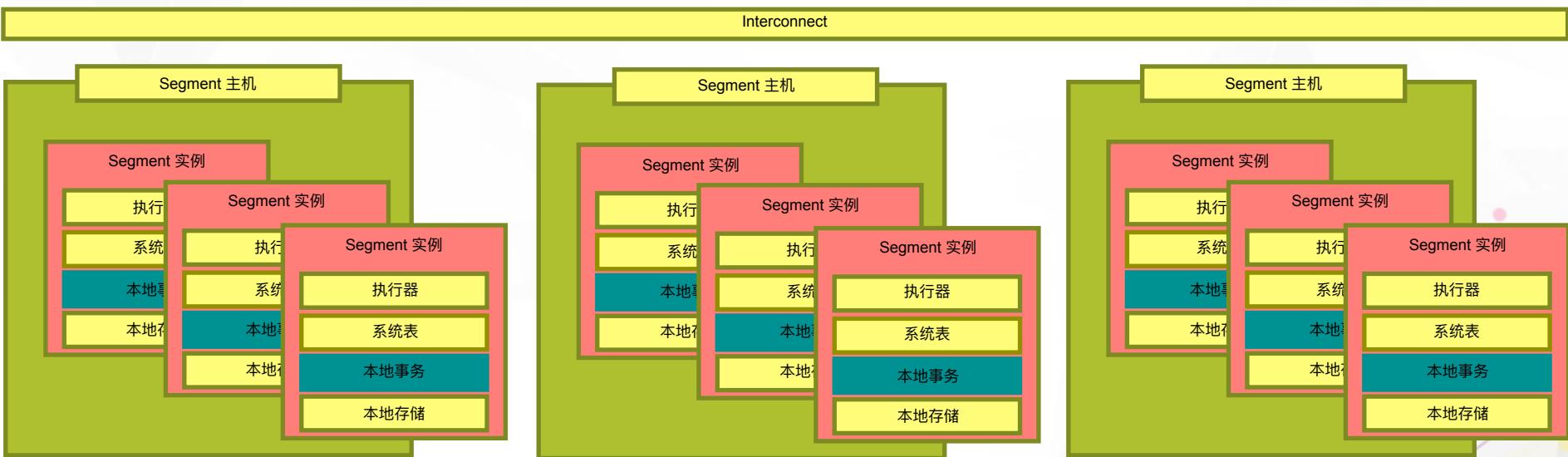


# 分布式事务

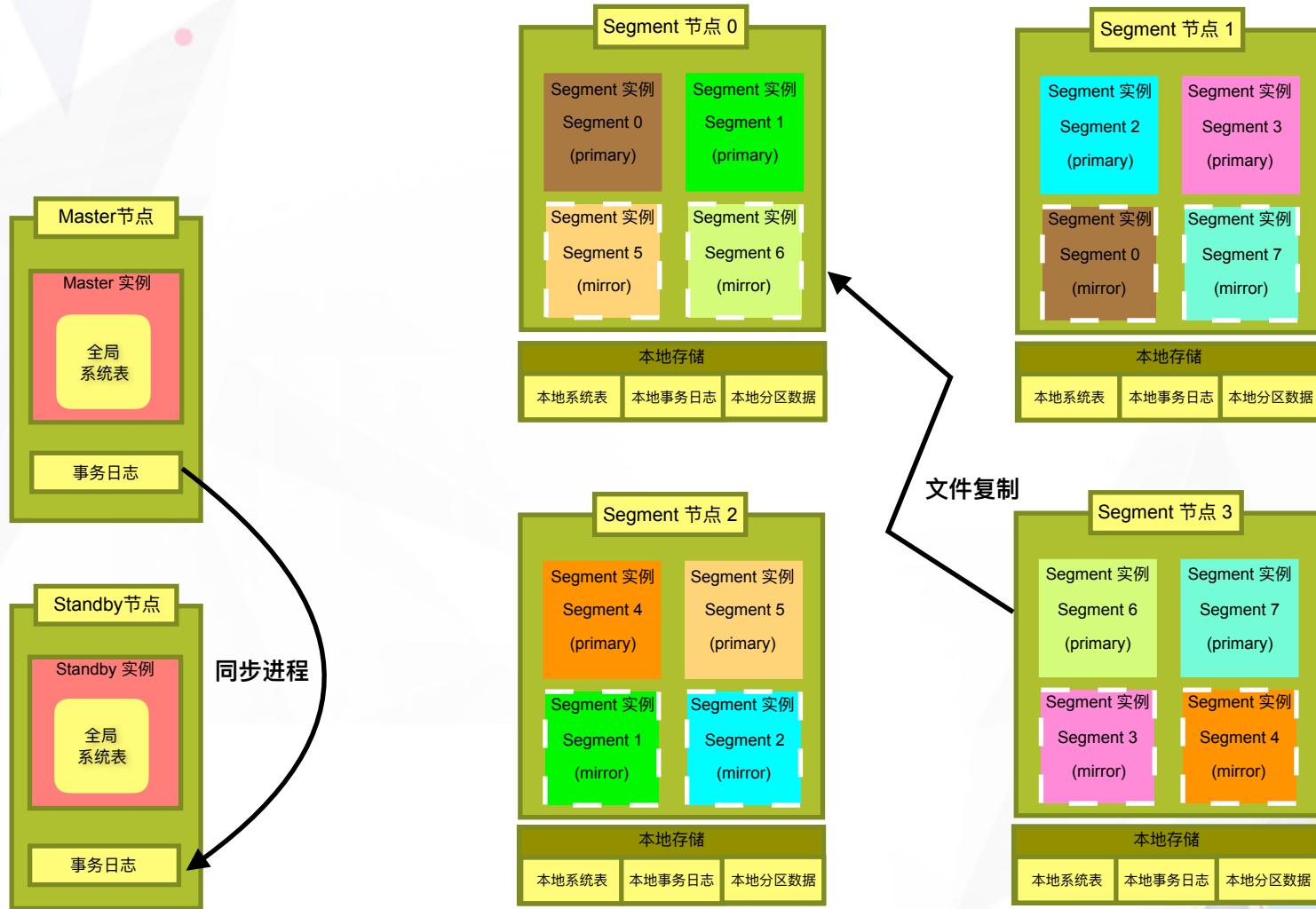
主节点上的分布式事务管理器协调Segment上的提交和回滚操作



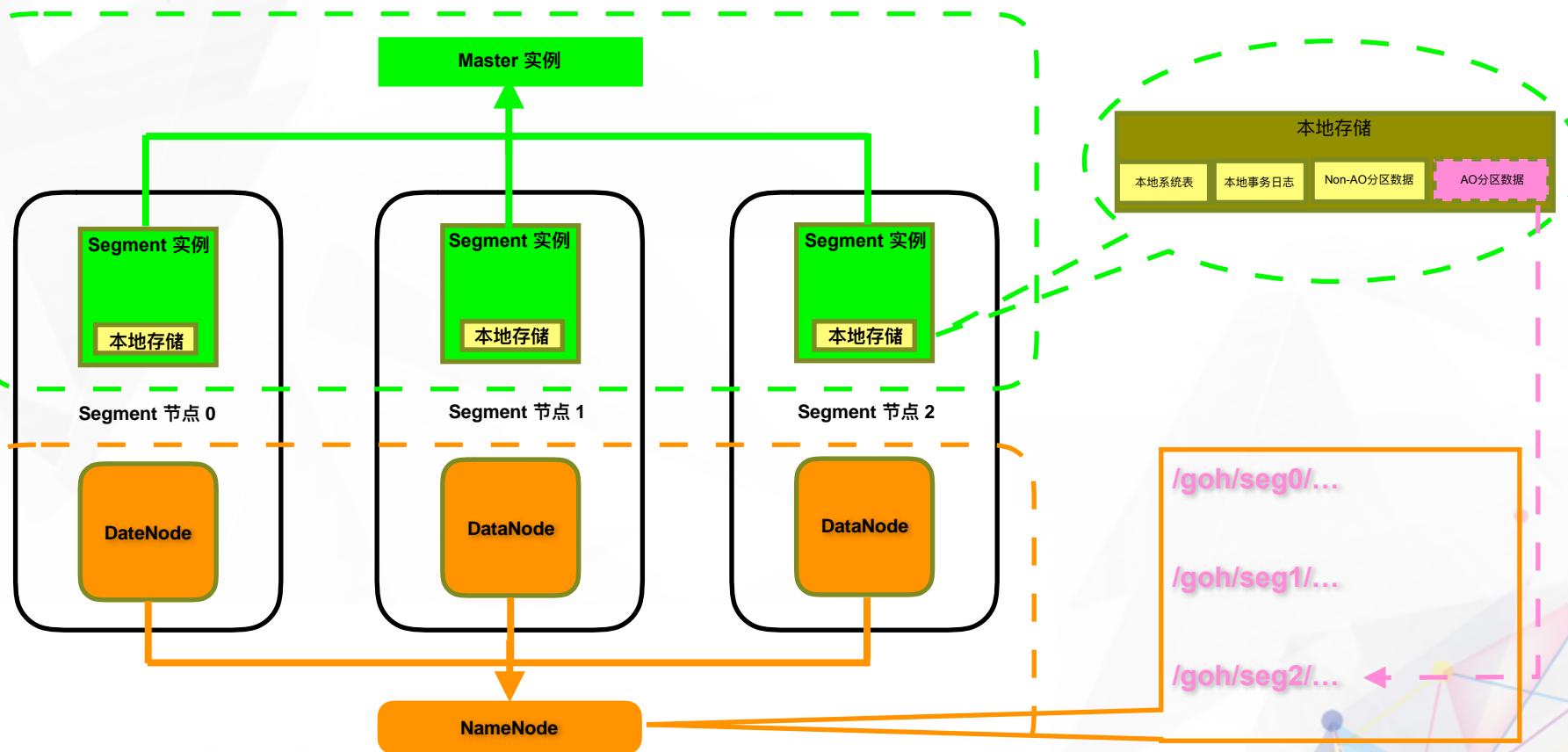
Segment有自己的事务日志，确定合适提交和回滚自己的事务



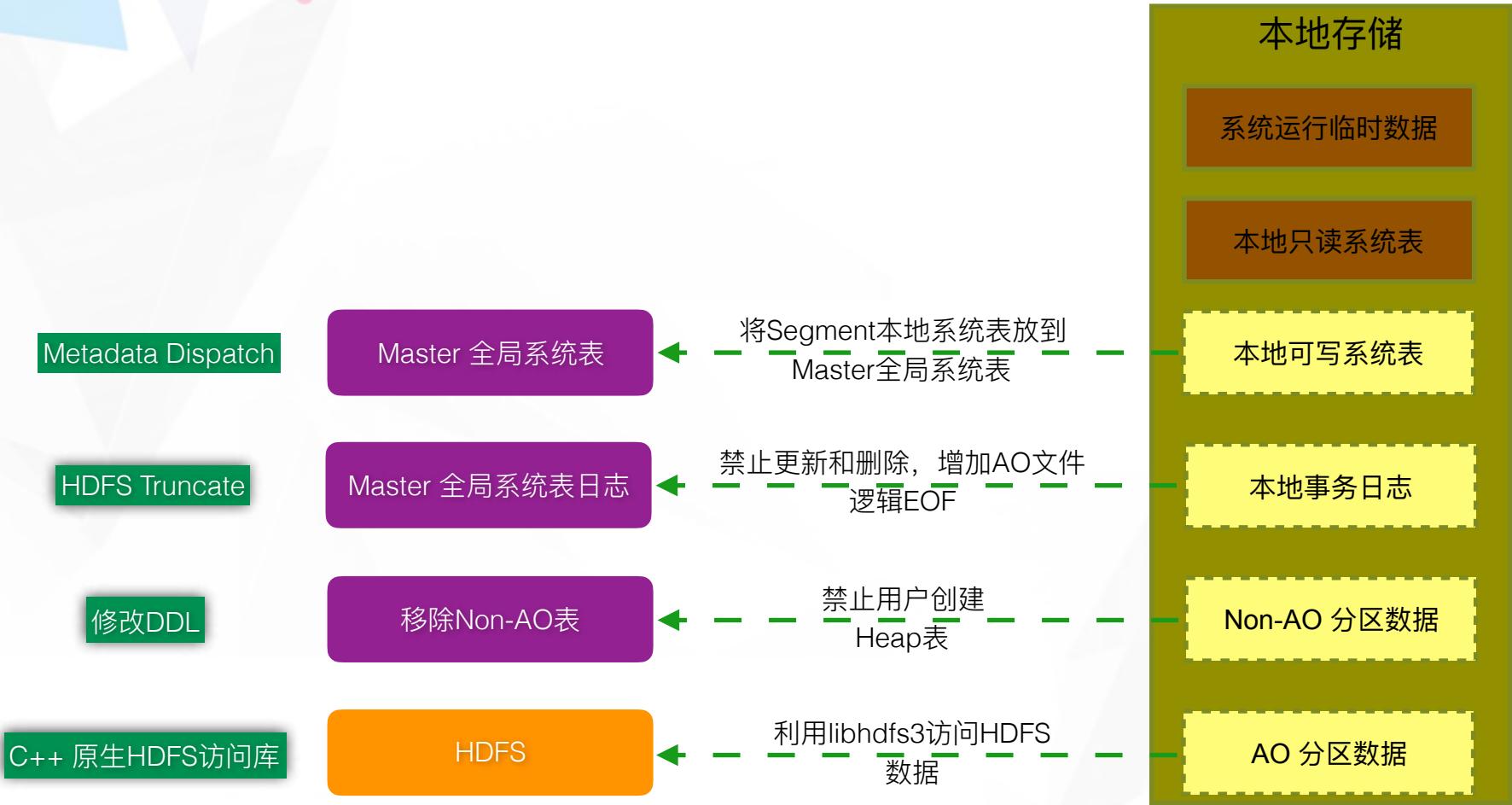
# 高可用



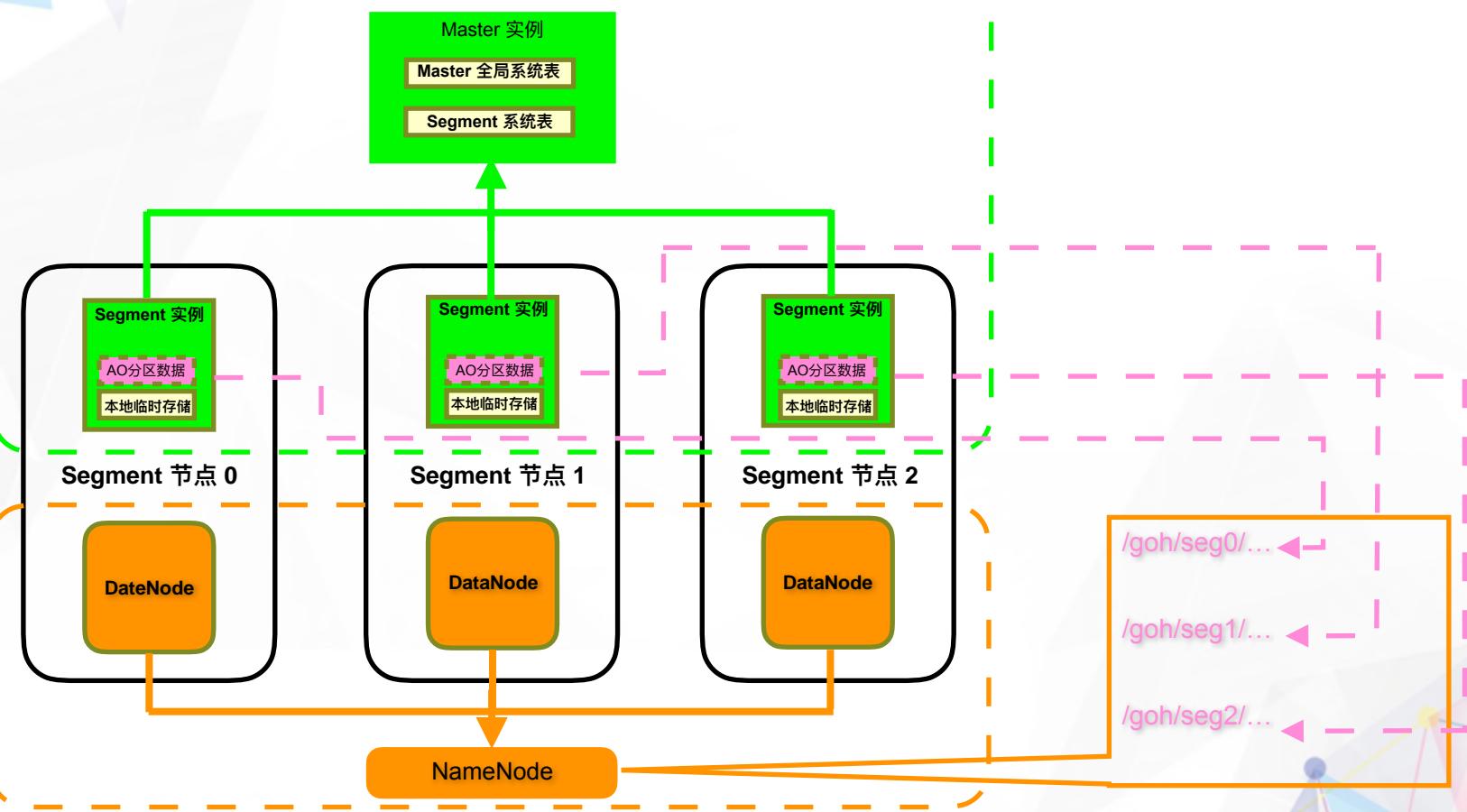
# Greenplum on HDFS



# HAWQ 1.x

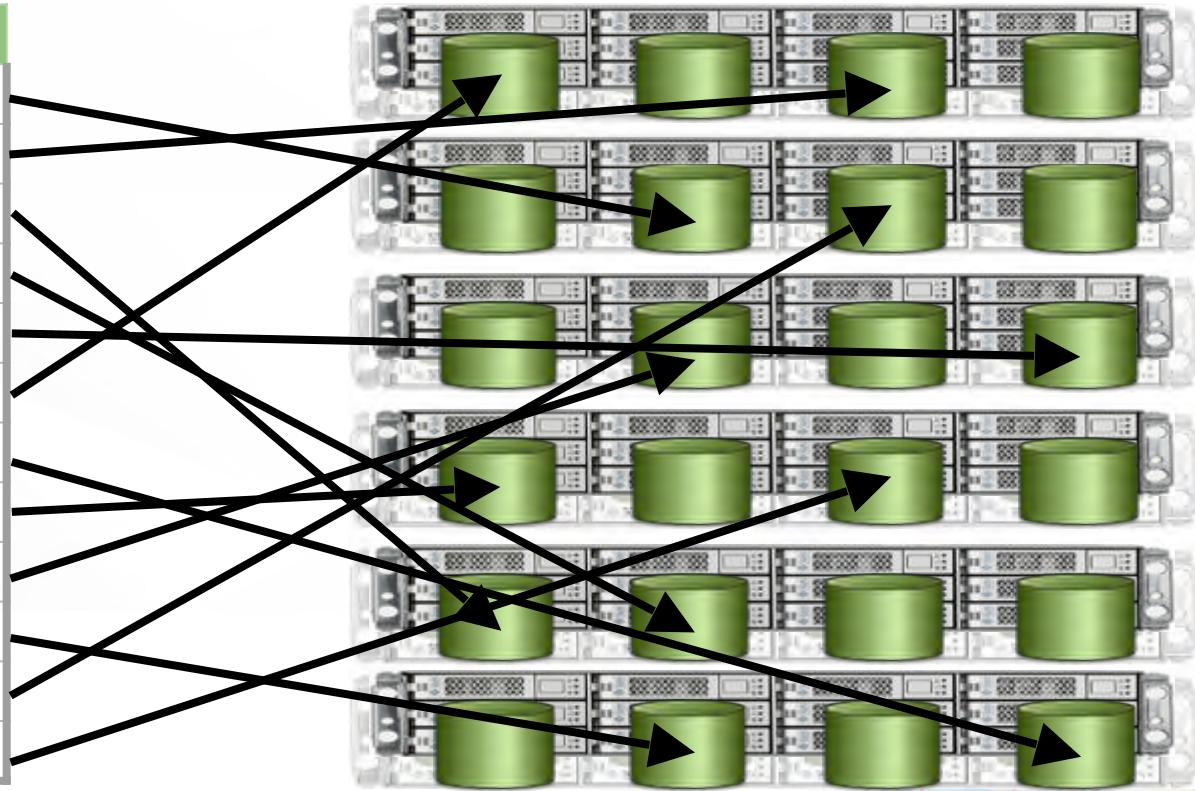


# 无状态Segment

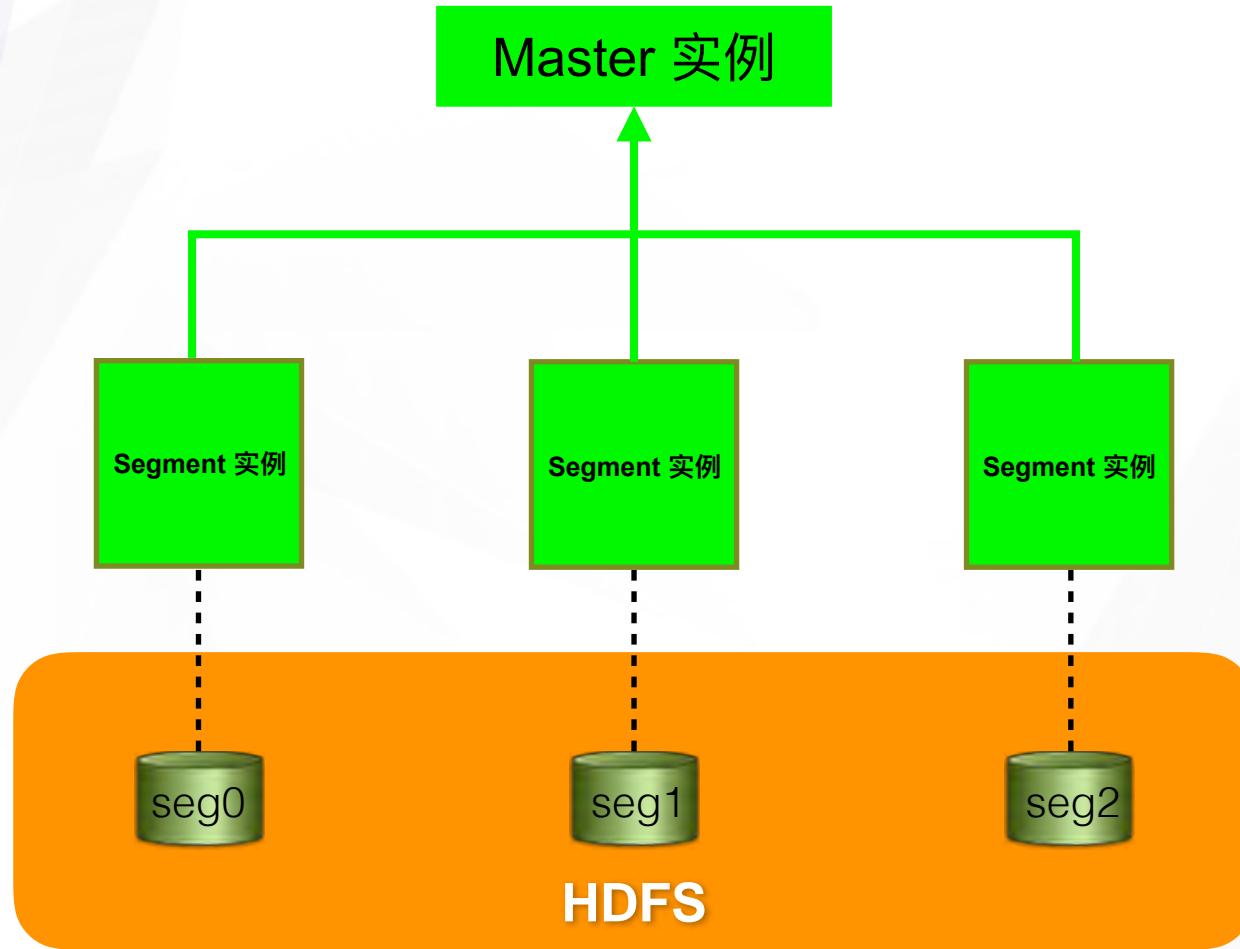


# 数据分布：并行处理的基础

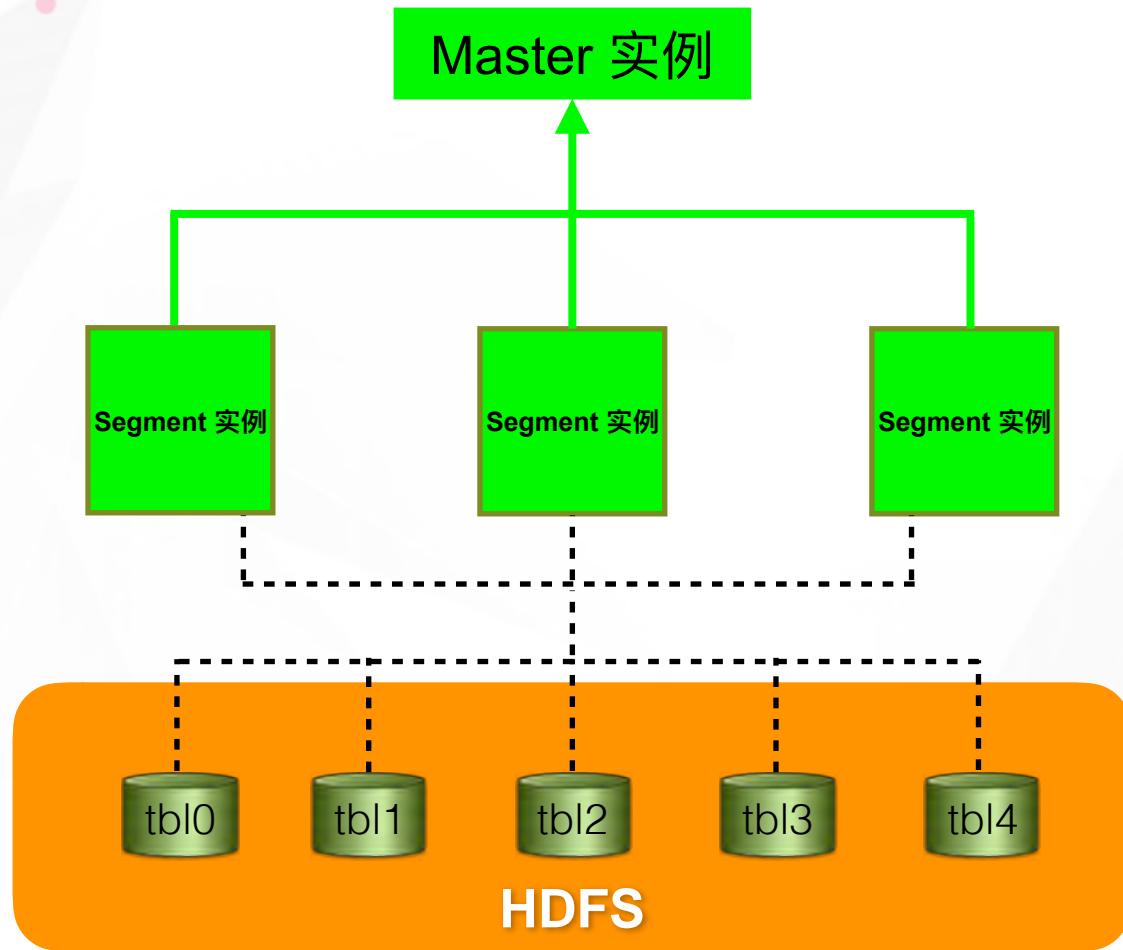
OrderID	OrderDate	CustomerID
43	Oct 20 2005	12
64	Oct 20 2005	111
45	Oct 20 2005	42
46	Oct 20 2005	64
77	Oct 20 2005	32
48	Oct 20 2005	12
50	Oct 20 2005	34
56	Oct 20 2005	213
63	Oct 20 2005	15
44	Oct 20 2005	102
53	Oct 20 2005	82
55	Oct 20 2005	55



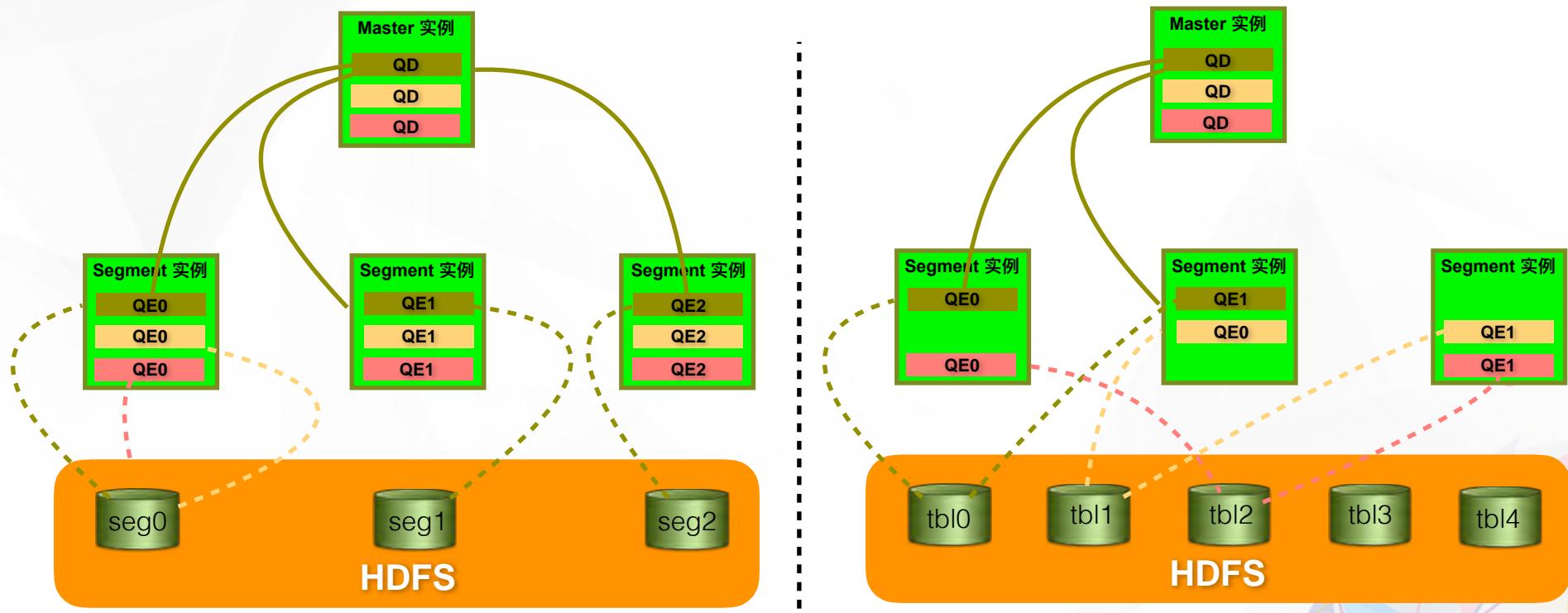
# 物理上分离，逻辑上集成



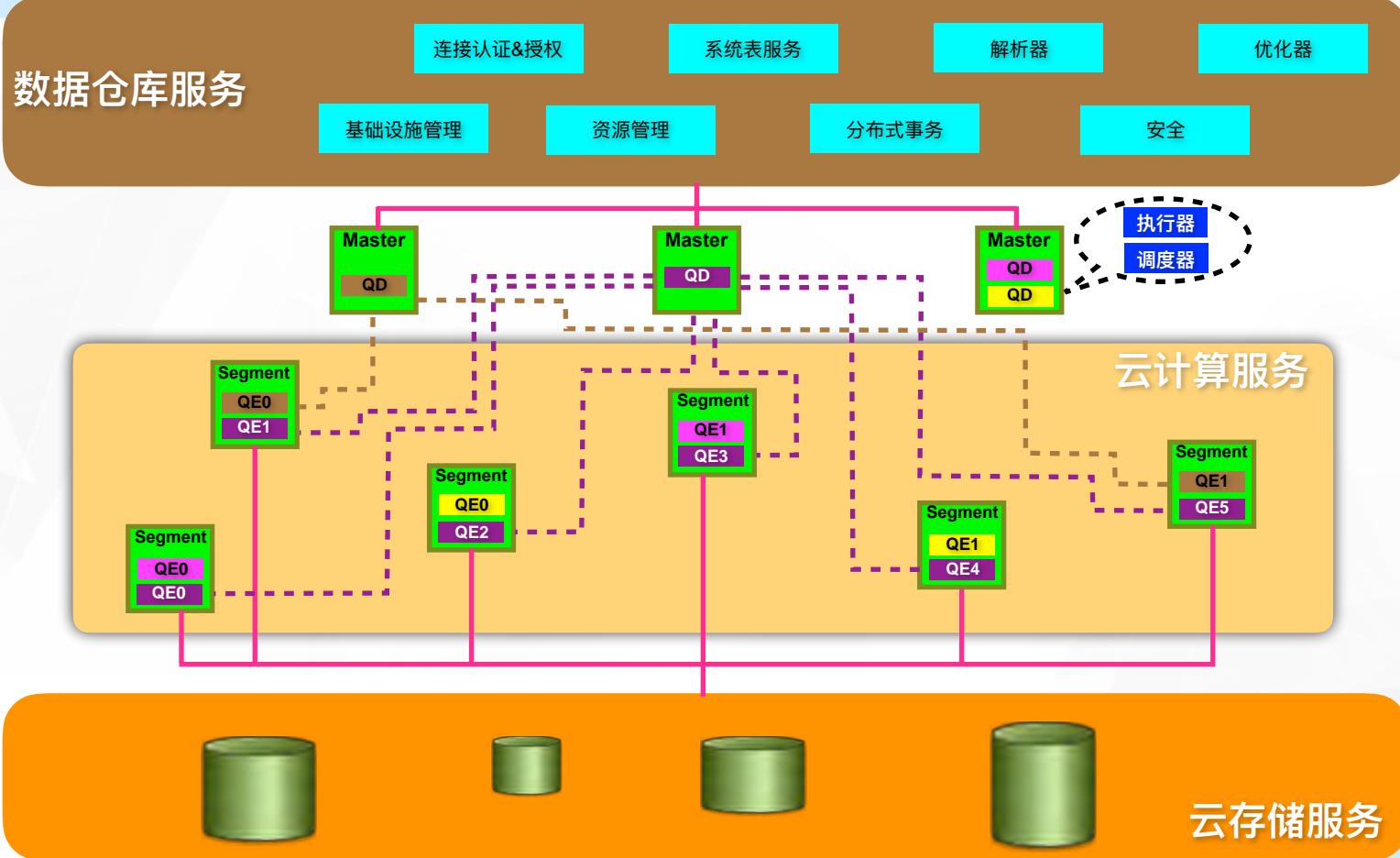
# 物理上分离，逻辑上也分离



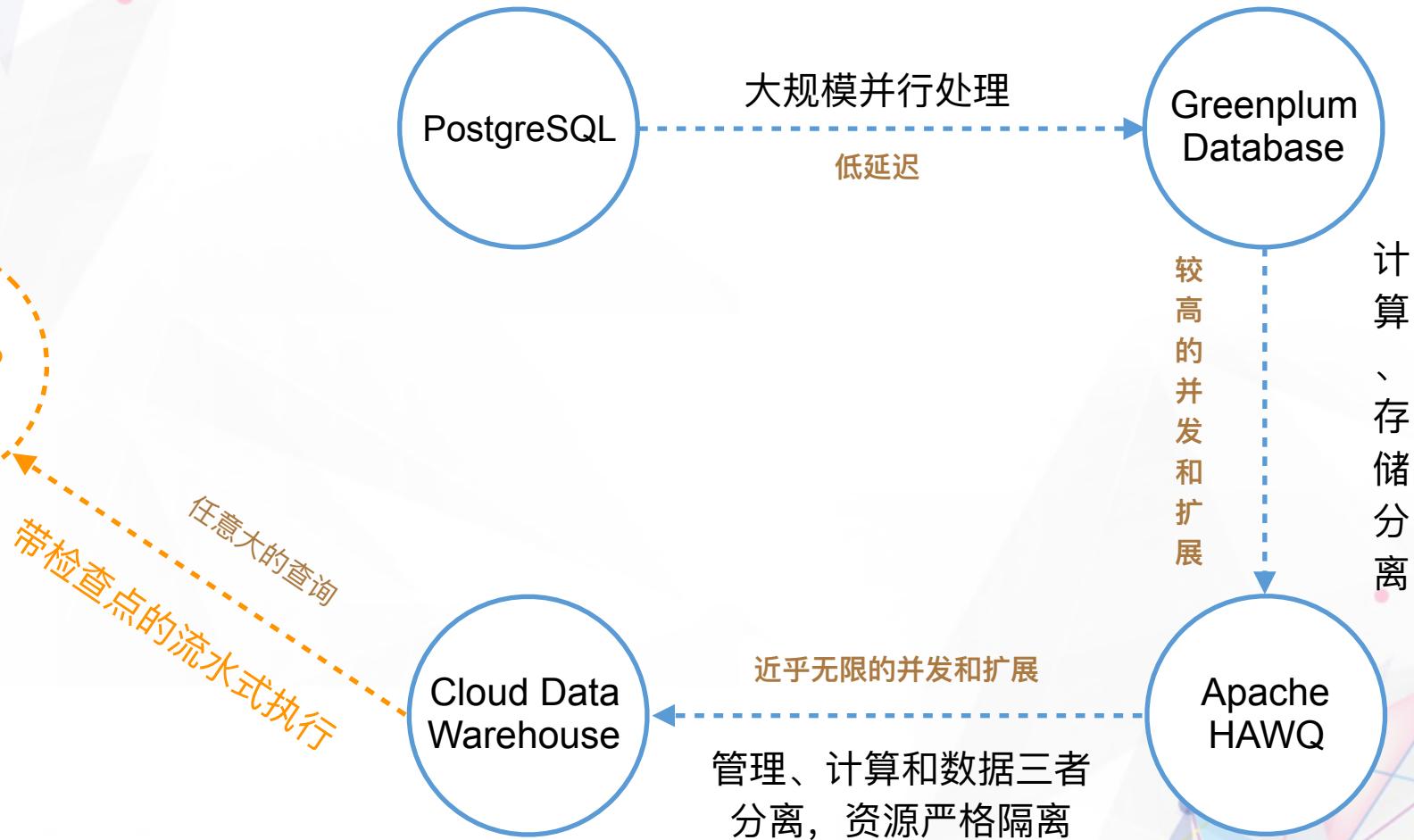
# 资源调度



# 数据仓库即服务



# 总结



# THANKS

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