

Android内存优化的5R法则

胡凯

Android

hukai.me

腾讯



内存管理基础 - 共享内存

DALVIK

Linear
Alloc
Space

Zygote
Space

Alloc
Space

ART

Zygote
Space

Non
Moving
Space

Image
Space

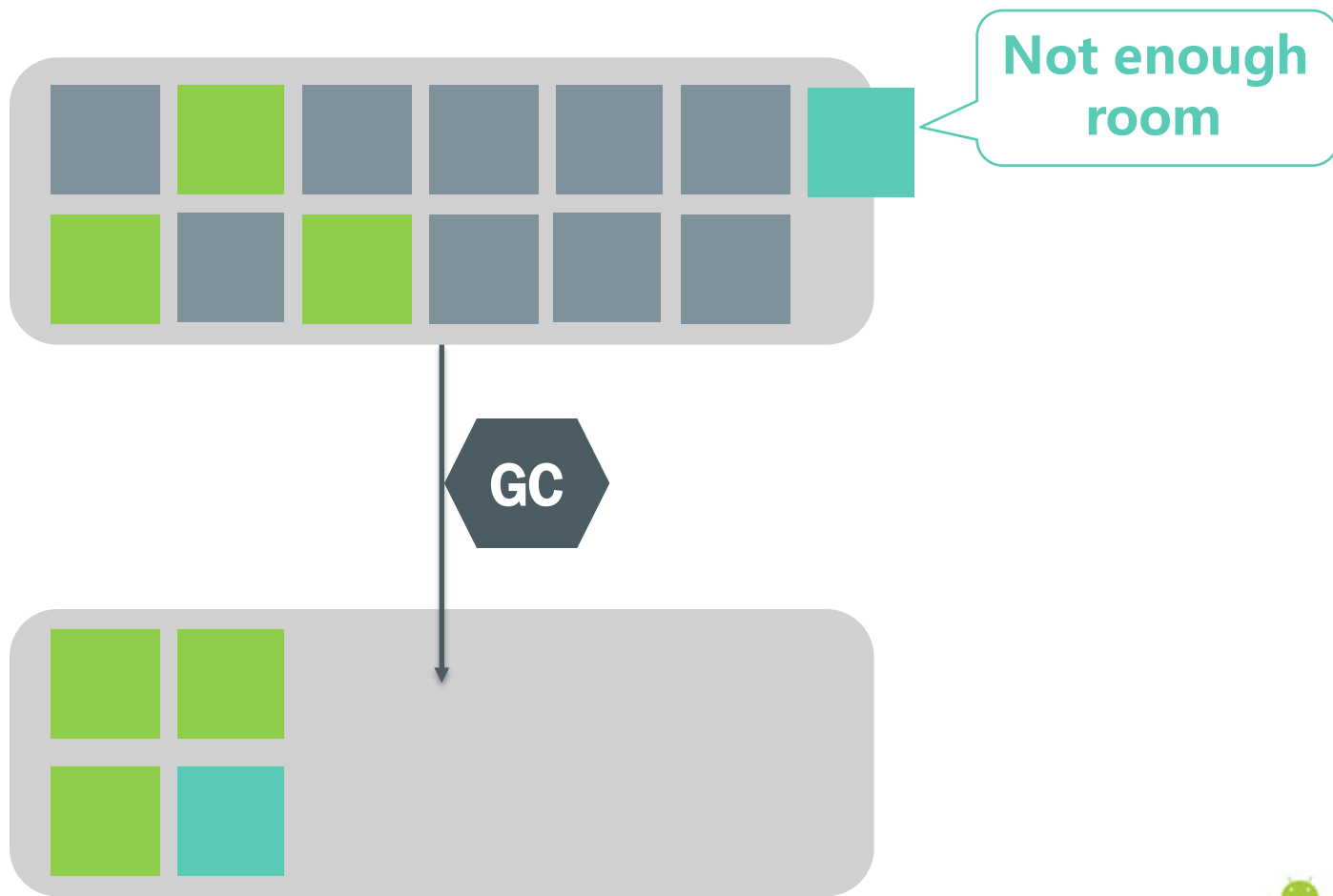
Main
Alloc
Space

Large
Obj
Space

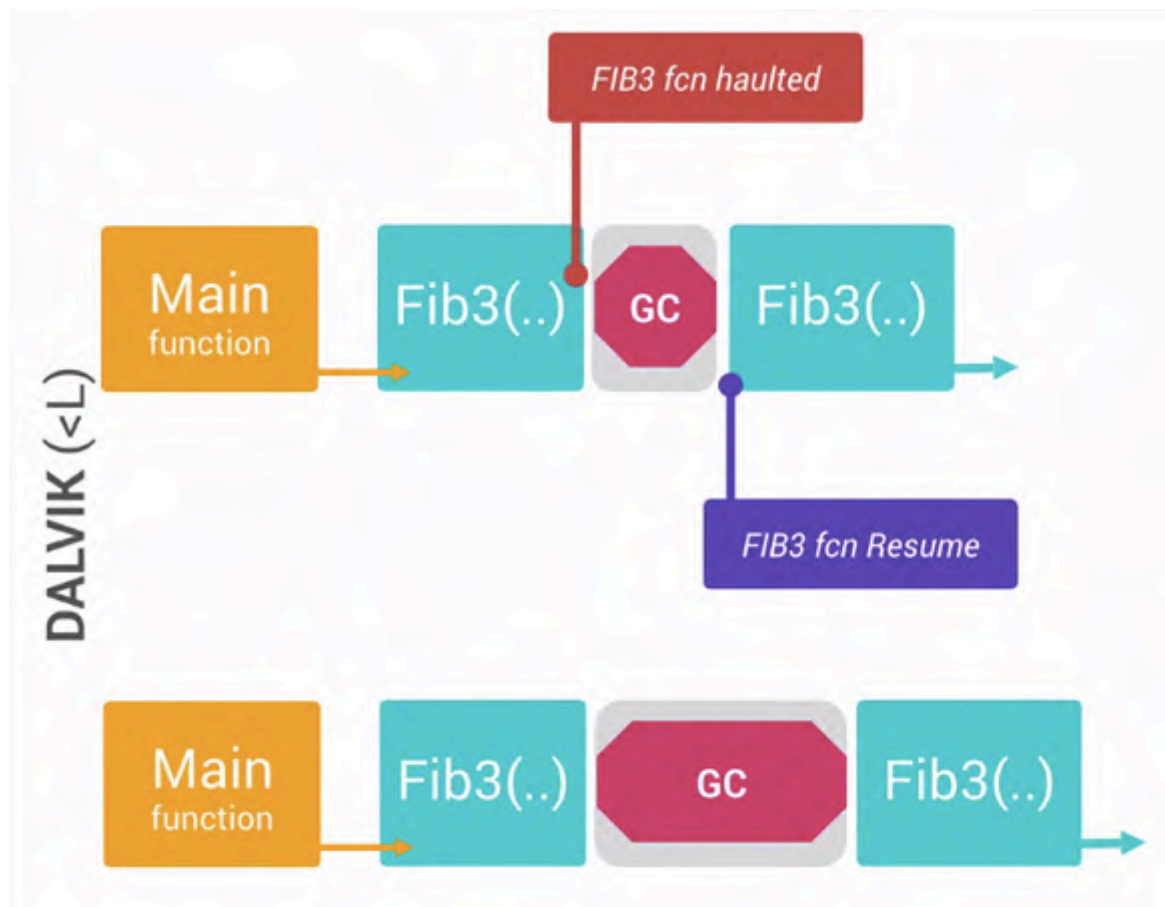
new ArrayList()



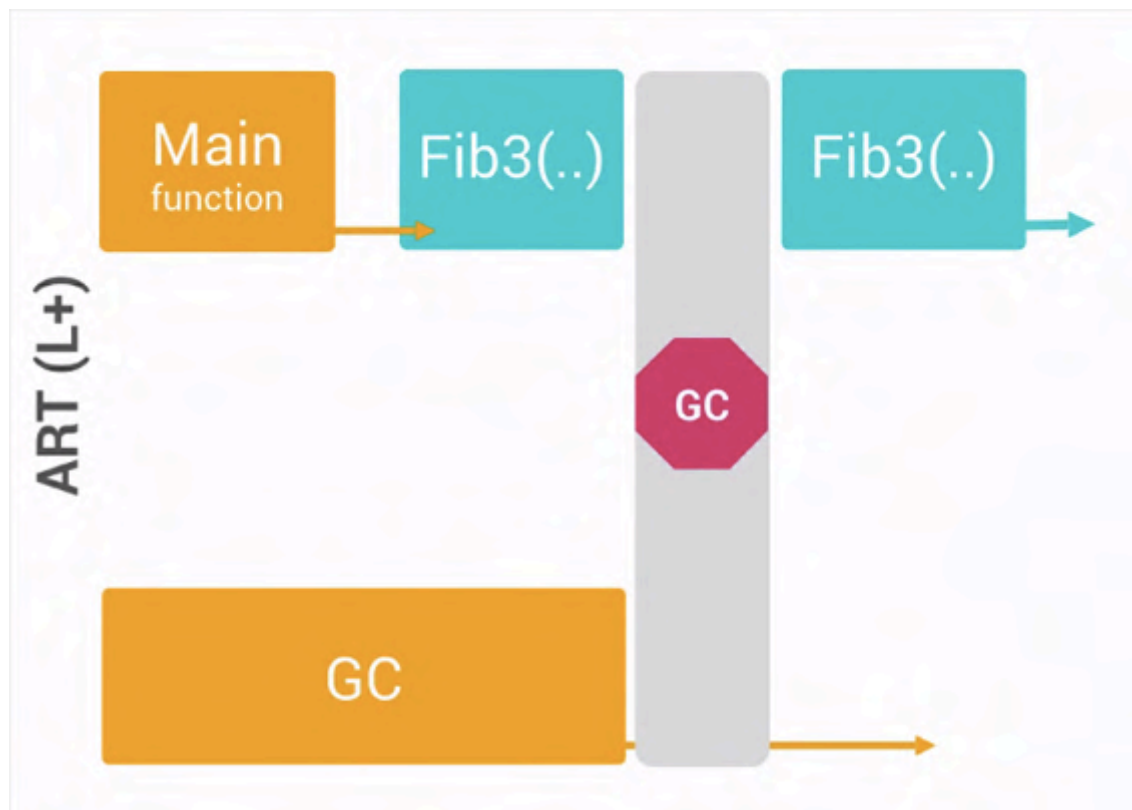
内存管理基础 - 内存回收



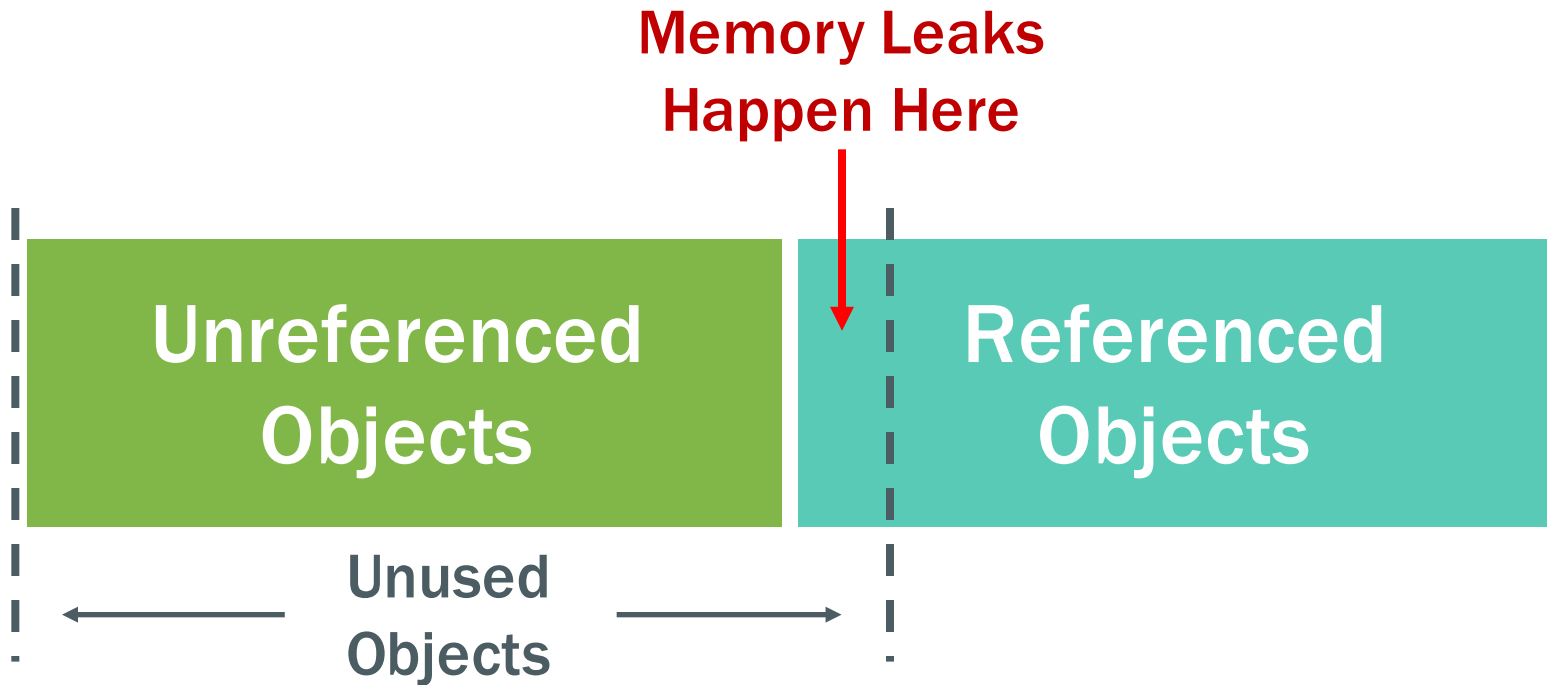
内存管理基础 - 内存回收



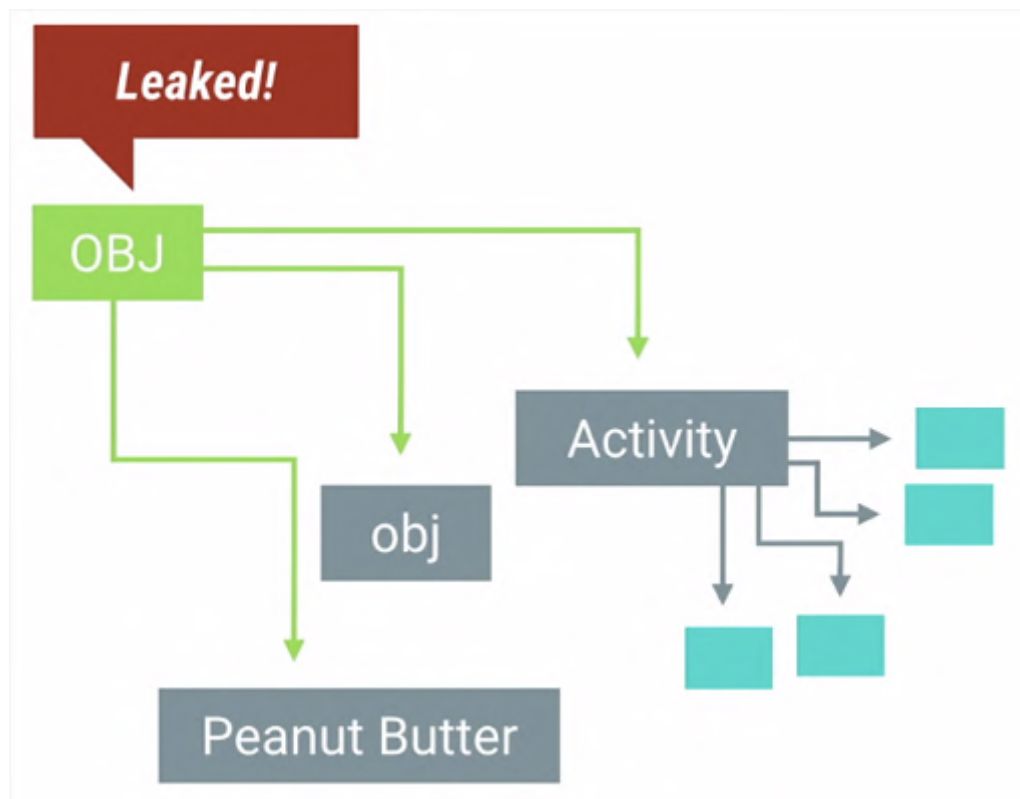
内存管理基础 - 内存回收



内存管理基础 - 内存泄漏



内存管理基础 - 内存泄漏



内存管理基础 - 内存泄漏

**Leaked
Memory**

**Allocated
Memory**

**Needed
Memory**

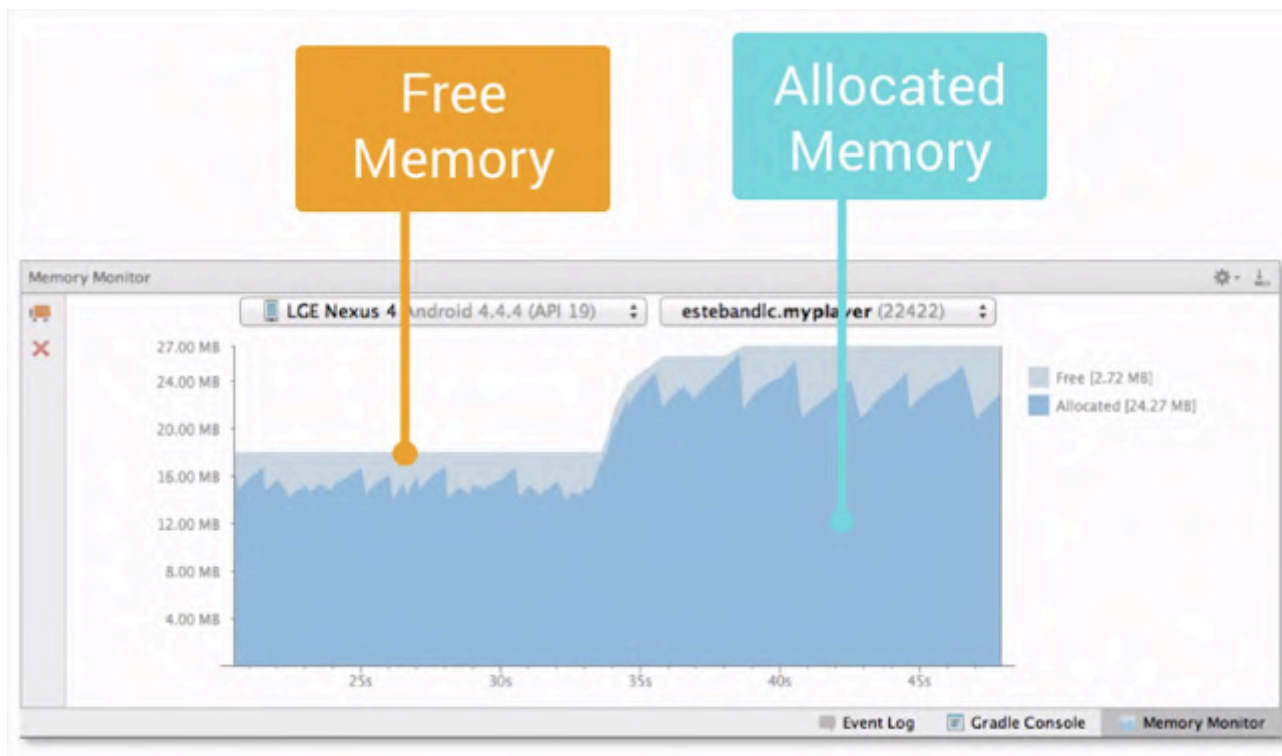
**Leaked
Memory**

**Allocated
Memory**

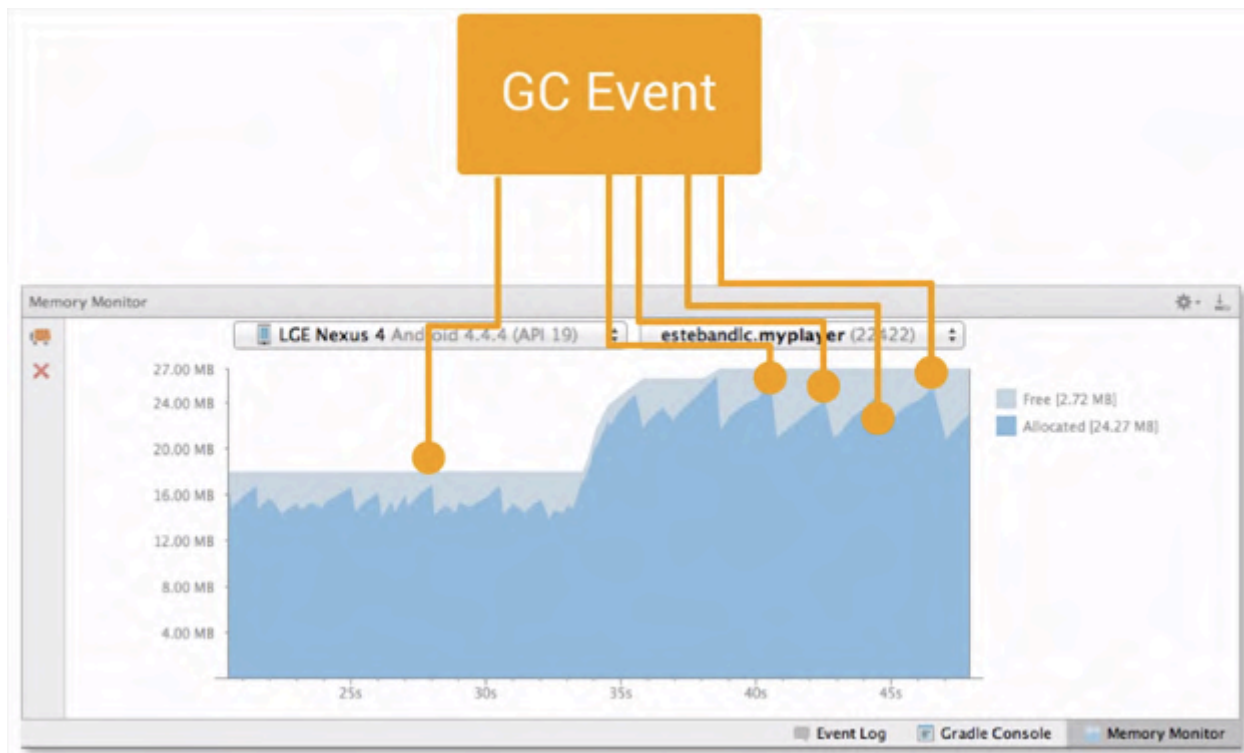
**Needed
Memory**



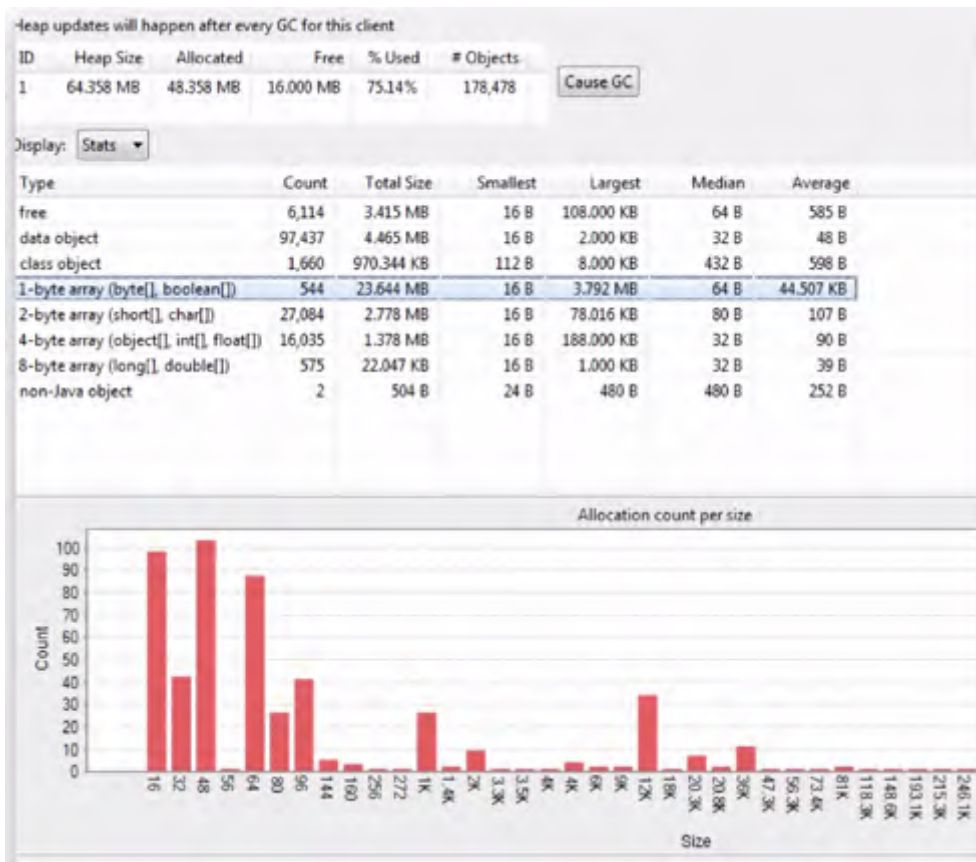
内存管理基础 - 内存分析



内存管理基础 - 内存分析



内存管理基础 - 内存分析



内存管理基础 - 内存分析

```
➔ ~ adb shell dumpsys meminfo -a com.example.android.activitylifecycle
Applications Memory Usage (kB):
Uptime: 757671 Realtime: 757671
```

```
** MEMINFO in pid 1760 [com.example.android.activitylifecycle] **
```

	Pss Total	Pss Clean	Shared Dirty	Private	Shared Clean	Private Clean	Swapped Dirty
Native Heap	6432	0	1944	6344	0	0	0
Dalvik Heap	1923	0	8316	1576	0	0	0
Dalvik Other	448	0	4	448	0	0	0
Stack	112	0	0	112	0	0	0
Other dev	4	0	28	0	0	4	0
.so mmap	1114	180	2588	148	6188	180	0
.apk mmap	148	0	0	0	1064	0	0
.ttf mmap	34	4	0	0	88	4	0
.dex mmap	148	144	0	0	8	144	0
code mmap	1320	204	0	0	9276	204	0
image mmap	1953	648	2560	504	7824	648	0
Other mmap	64	0	8	4	140	52	0
Unknown	89	0	100	88	0	0	0
TOTAL	13789	1180	15548	9224	24588	1236	0

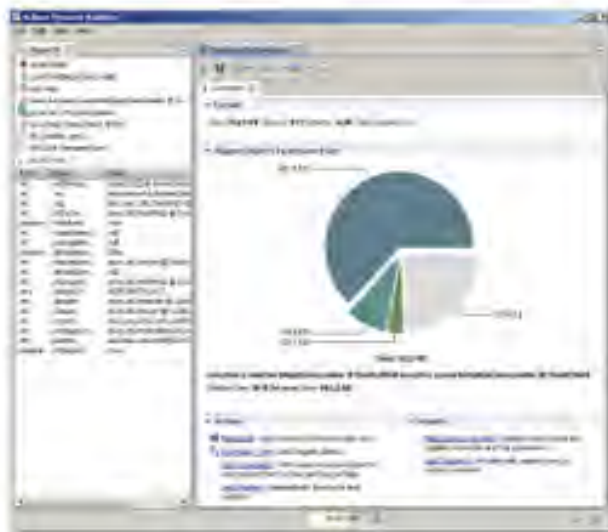
Heap Size	Heap Alloc	Heap Free
16721	16721	15022
12152	7443	4709
28873	24164	19731



Memory Analyzer (MAT)

The Eclipse Memory Analyzer is a fast and feature-rich **Java heap analyzer** that helps you find memory leaks and reduce memory consumption.

Use the Memory Analyzer to analyze productive heap dumps with hundreds of millions of objects, quickly calculate the retained sizes of objects, see who is preventing the Garbage Collector from collecting objects, run a report to automatically extract leak suspects.

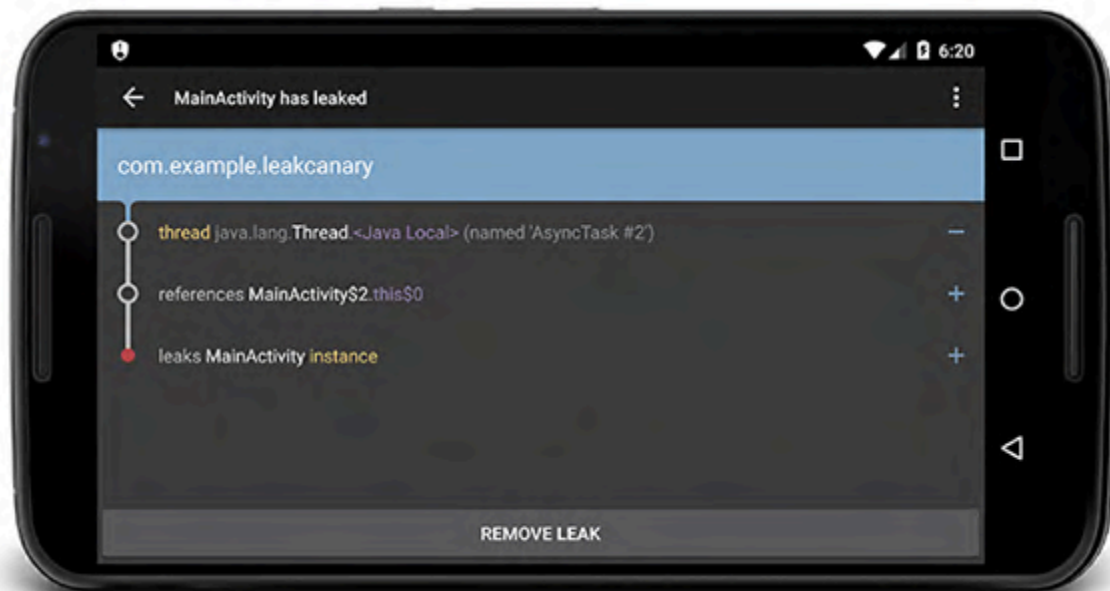


内存管理基础 - 内存分析

LeakCanary

A memory leak detection library for Android and Java.

"A small leak will sink a great ship." - Benjamin Franklin



More Free Space

Less Garbage Collection

- 1 Reduce**
- 2 Reuse**
- 3 Recycle**
- 4 Refactor**
- 5 Revalue**

1

Reduce

1) 差异化对待 - 缓存容量

Nexus 4



Nexus 5



Nexus 6



1) 差异化对待 - 图片资源



xhdpi

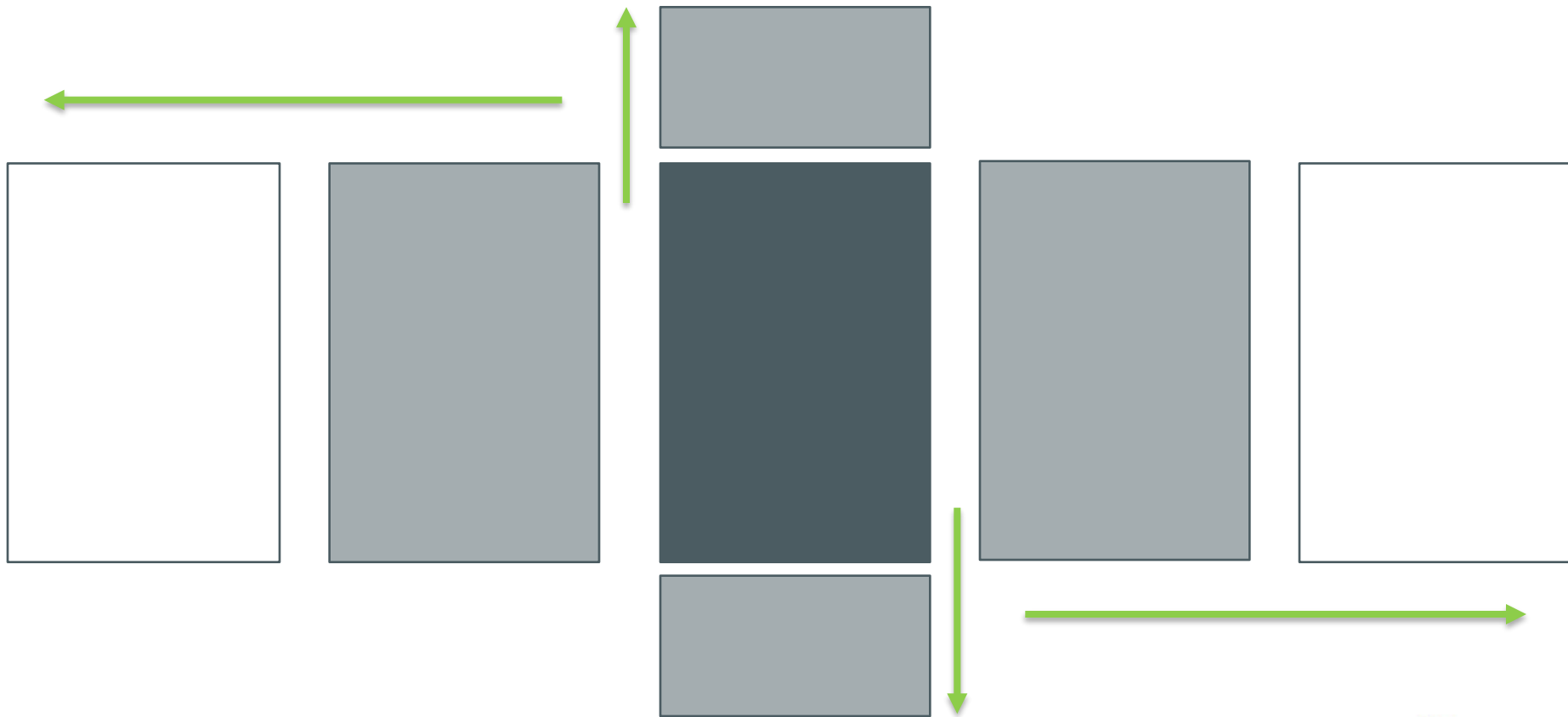


xxhdpi

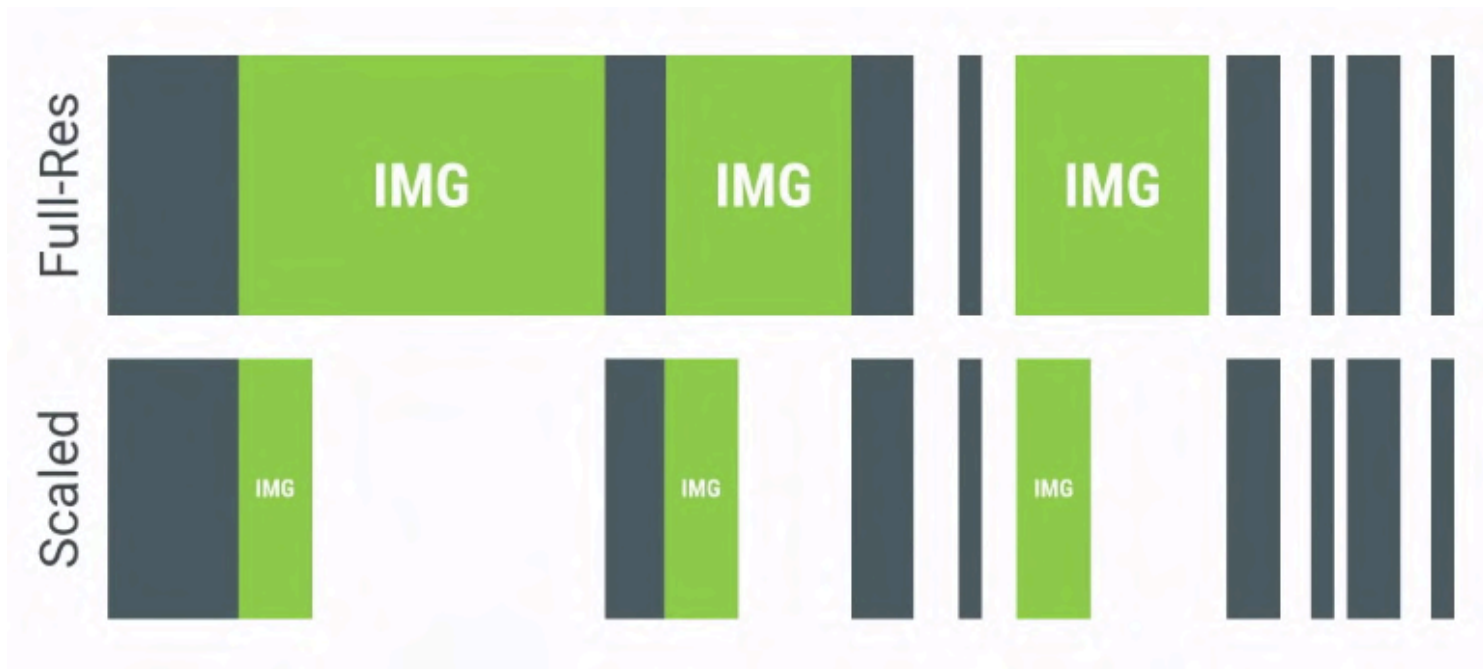


xxxhdpi

2) 资源按需加载



3) 减小Bitmap对象的内存占用



3) 减小Bitmap对象的内存占用 - inSampleSize



3) 减小Bitmap对象的内存占用 – decode format

ARGB_8888 : 32 Bits Per Pixel

RGB_565 : 16 B

ARGB_4444 : 16 B

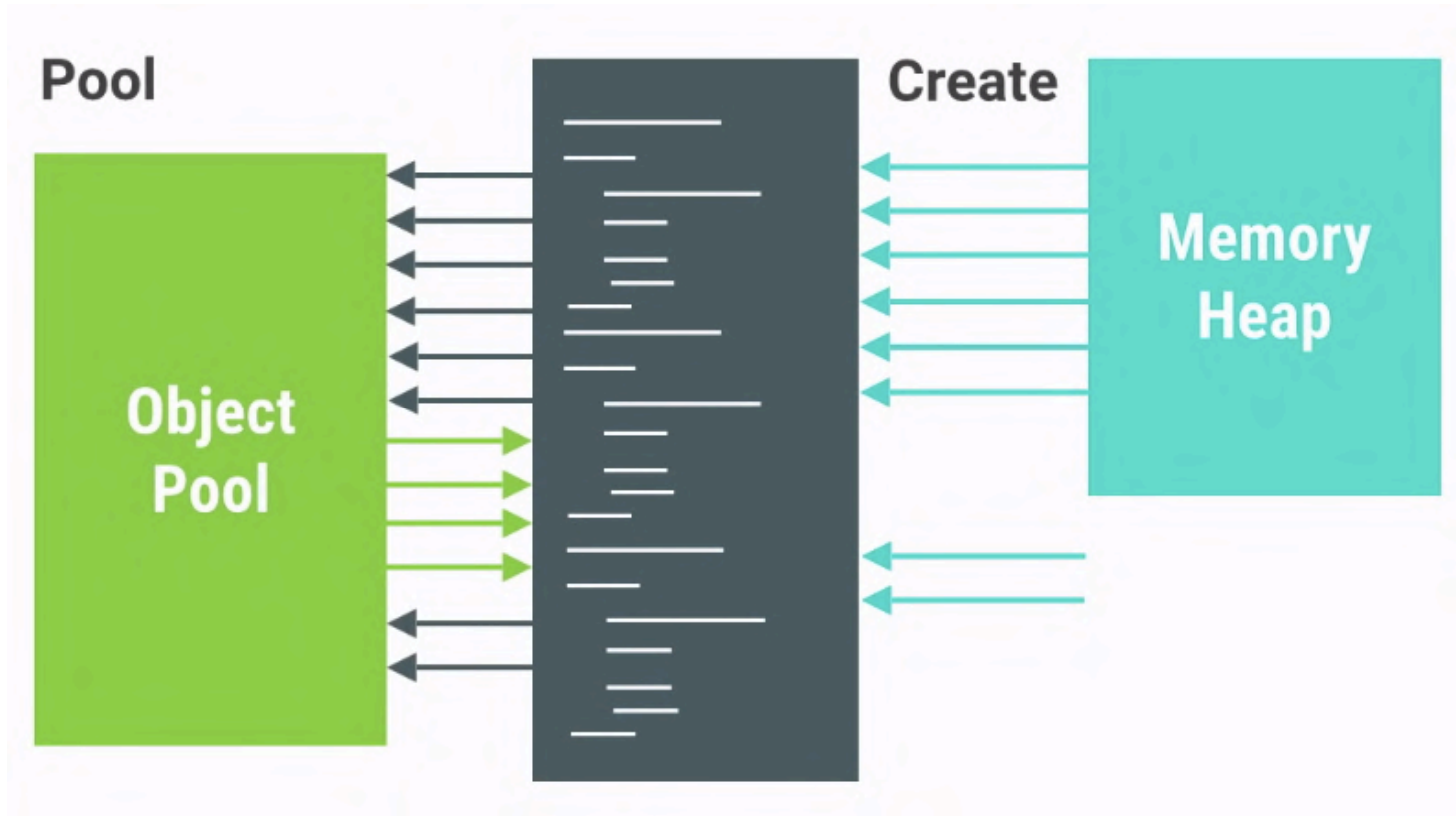
ALPHA_8 : 8 B



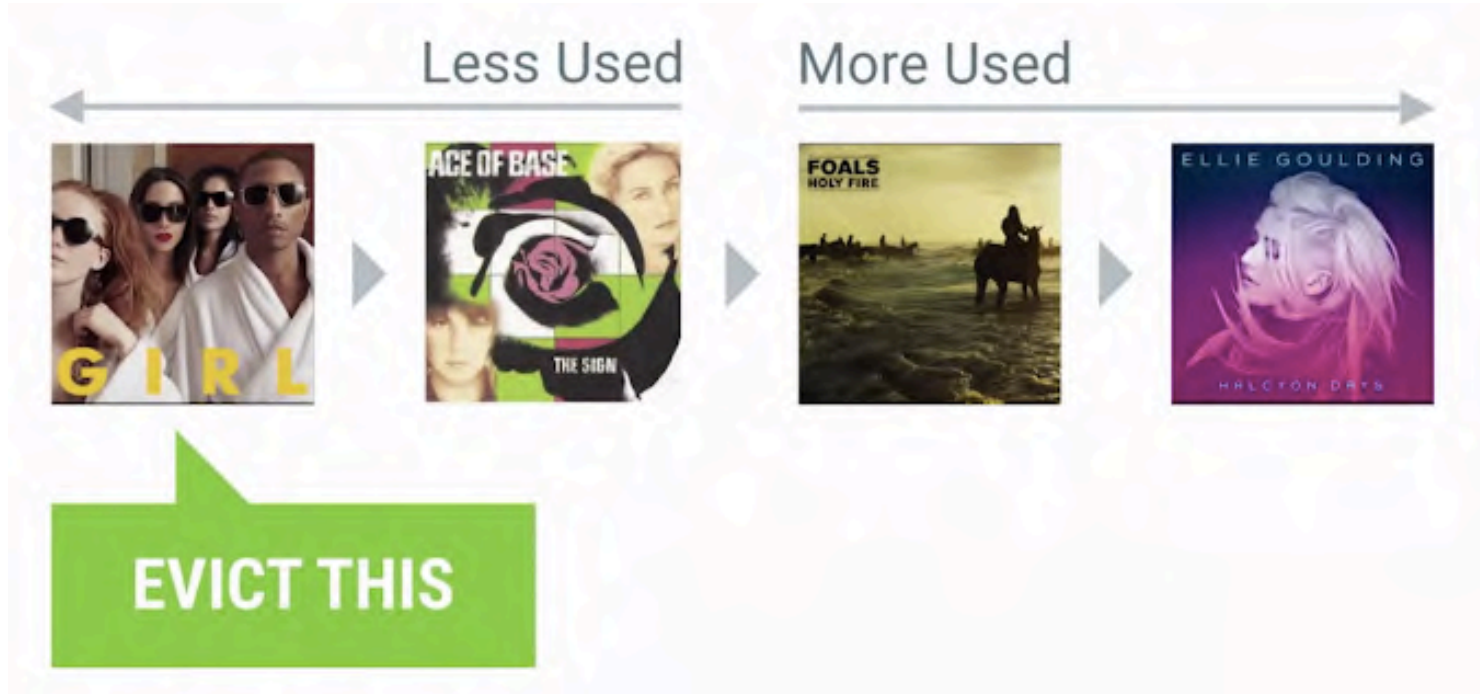
2

Reuse

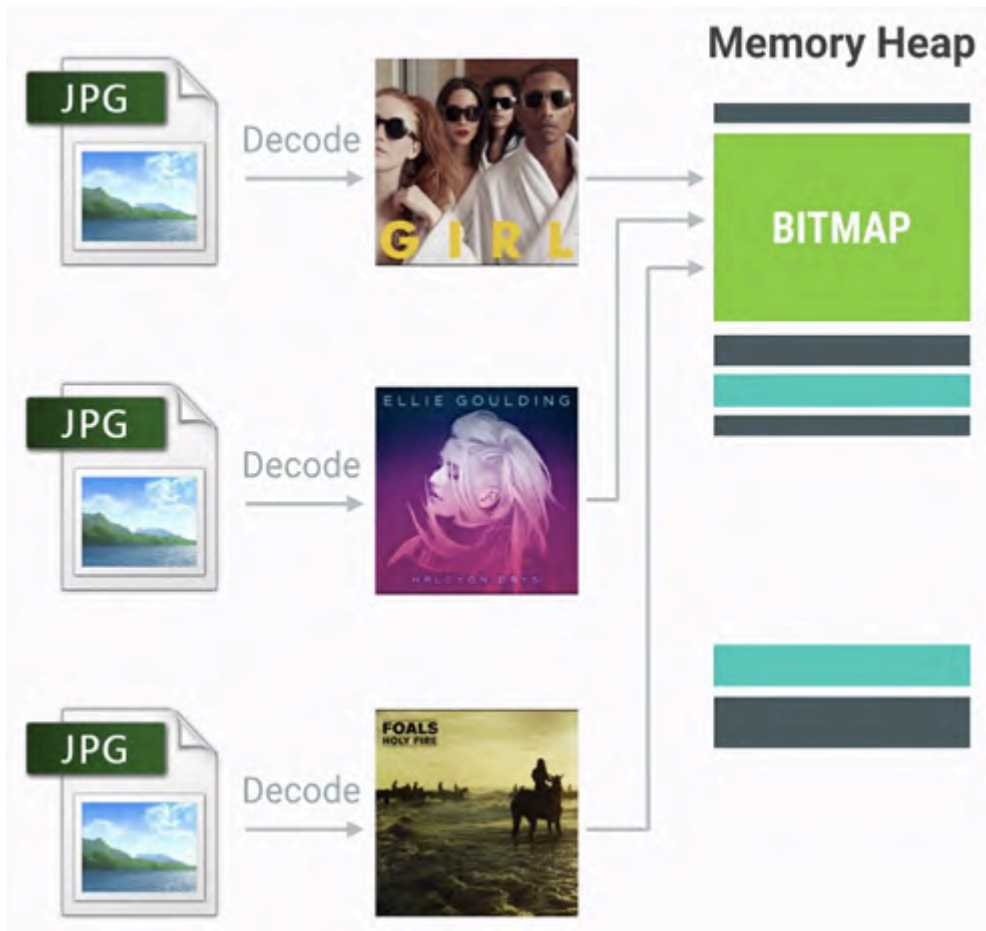
1) Pools



1) Pools



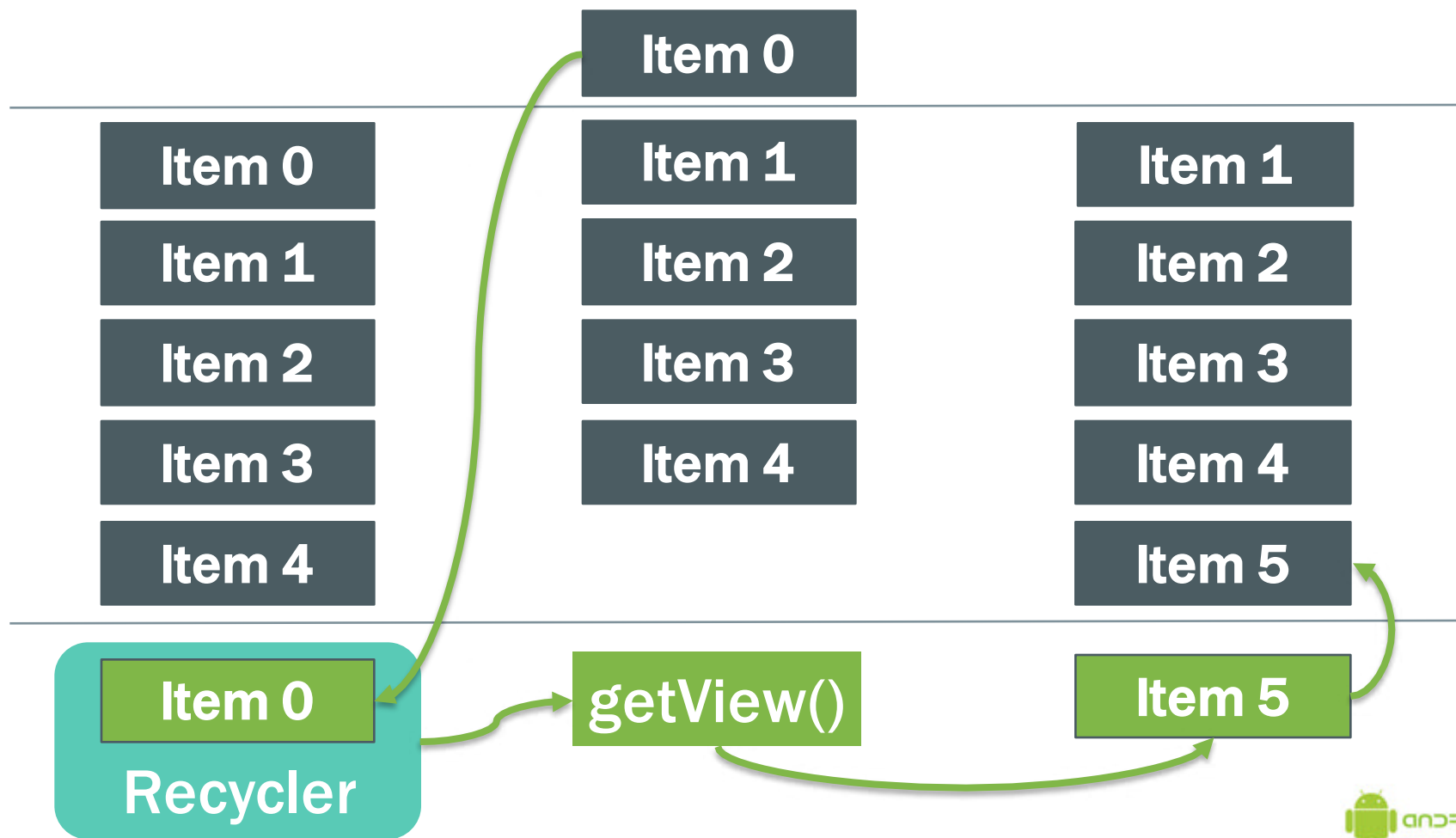
2) Bitmap对象的复用 - inBitmap



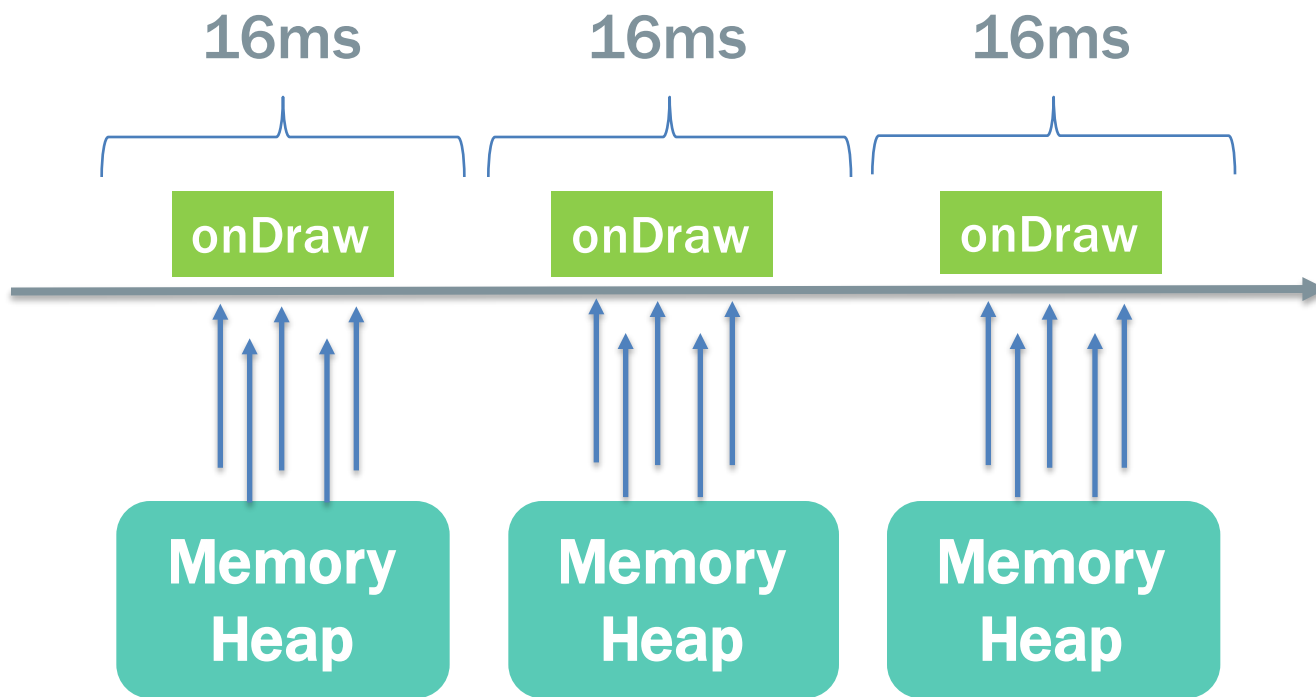
2) Bitmap对象的复用 - inBitmap



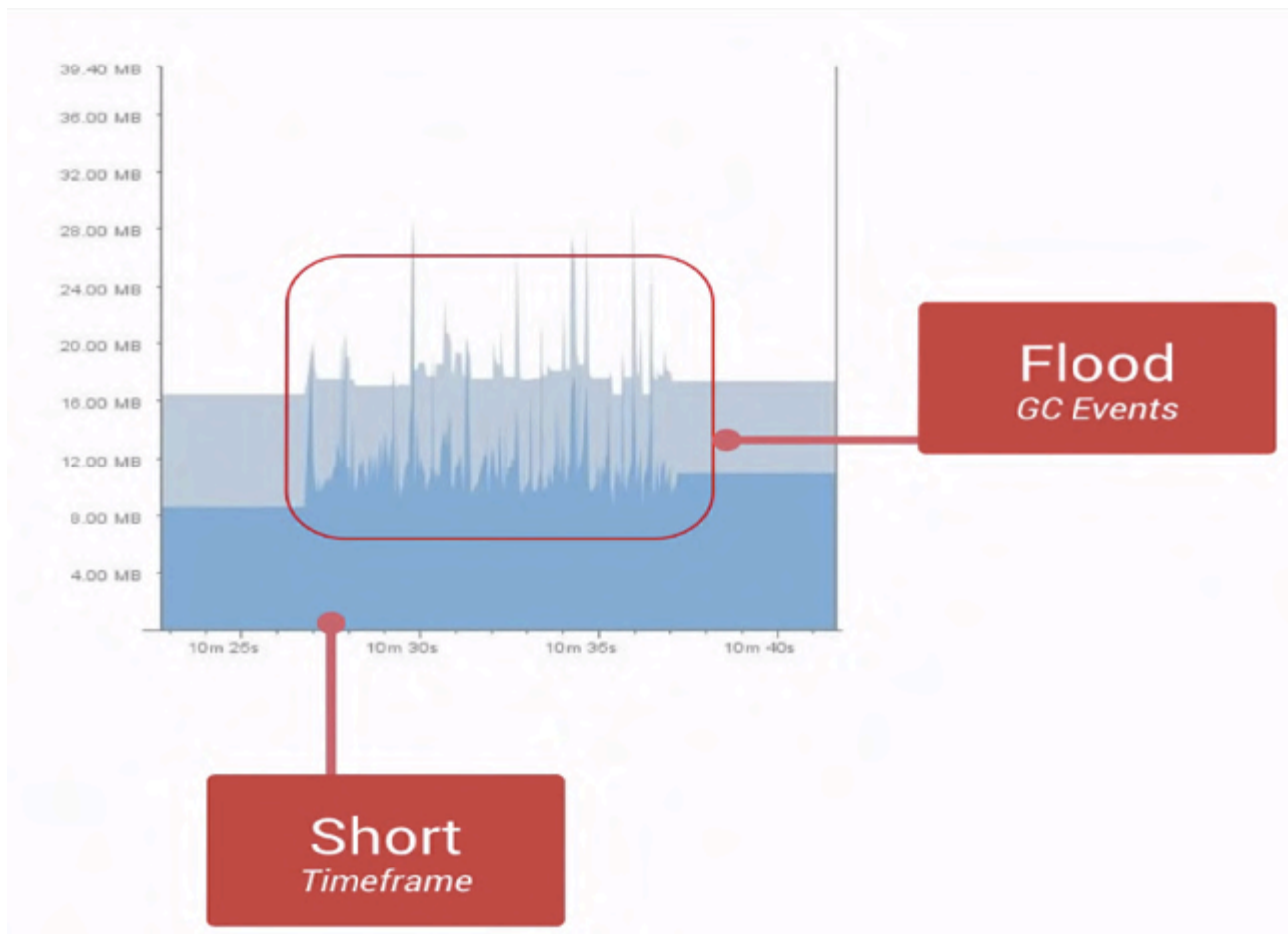
3) 注意在ListView/GridView中convertView的复用



4) 避免频繁的创建与回收对象



4) 避免频繁的创建与回收对象



3

Recycle

1) Activity泄漏 - 内部类

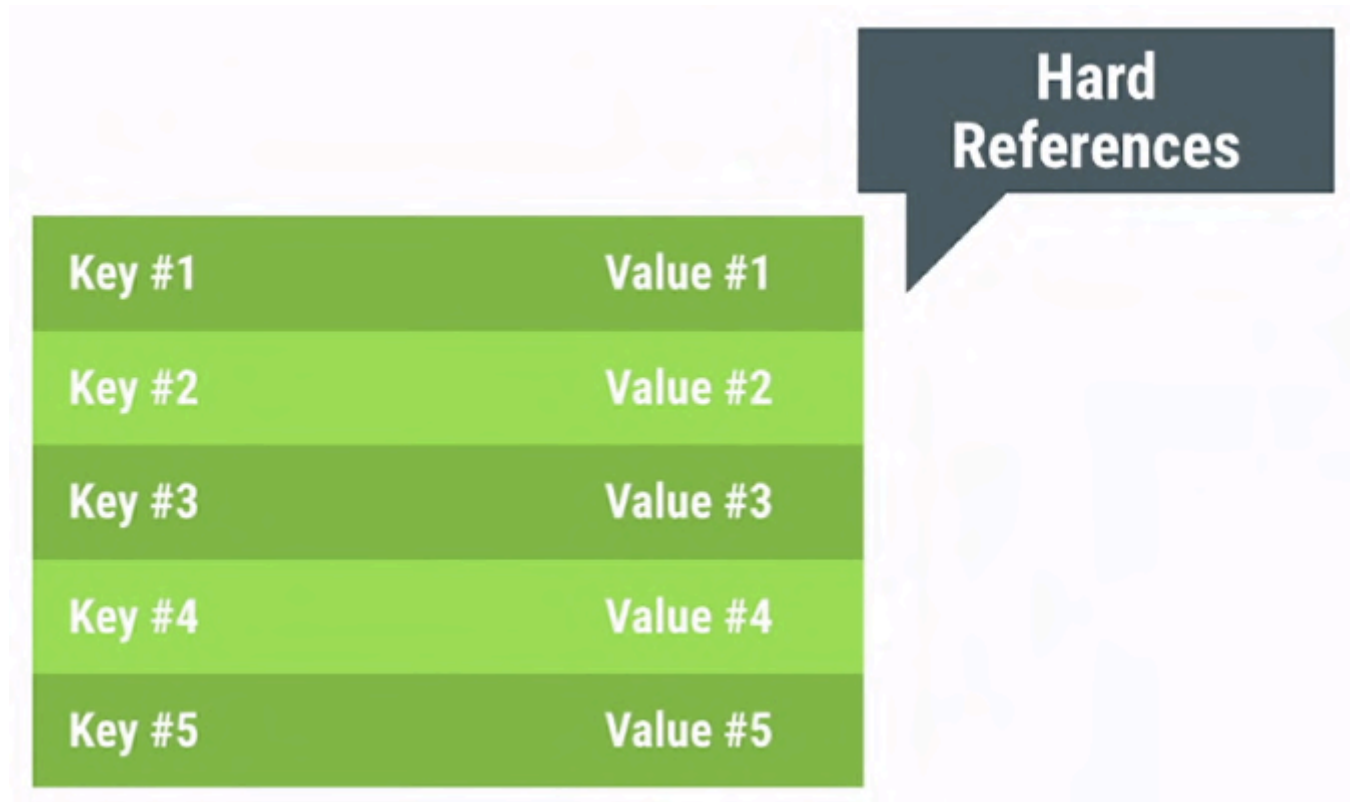
```
//some activity code
void onClick(final View view) {
    webservice.fetchPosts(new Callback() {
        public void onResult(Response response) {
            // The View may not be valid
            //      and the Activity may be gone
            view.yoPerfSoSlow()
        }
    });
}
```

**Async
Callback!**

**View is
referenced**



1) Activity泄漏 - 容器对象泄漏



1) Activity泄漏 - Static, Singleton

Life of your app process

Life of static variable

Life of singleton instance

Life of some containers

Life of Activity A

Life of Activity B

Dinosaur

Life of Activity C

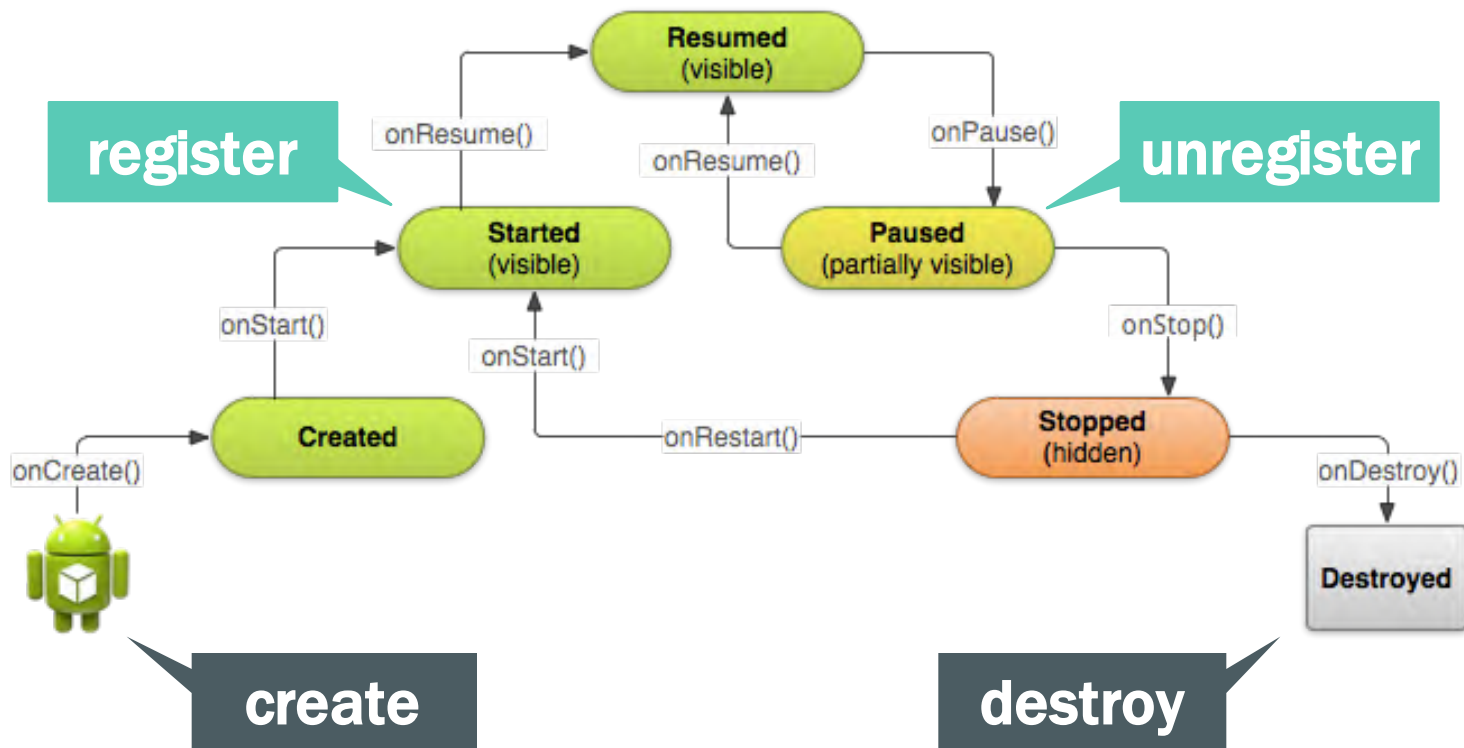


2) 谨慎选择合适的Context

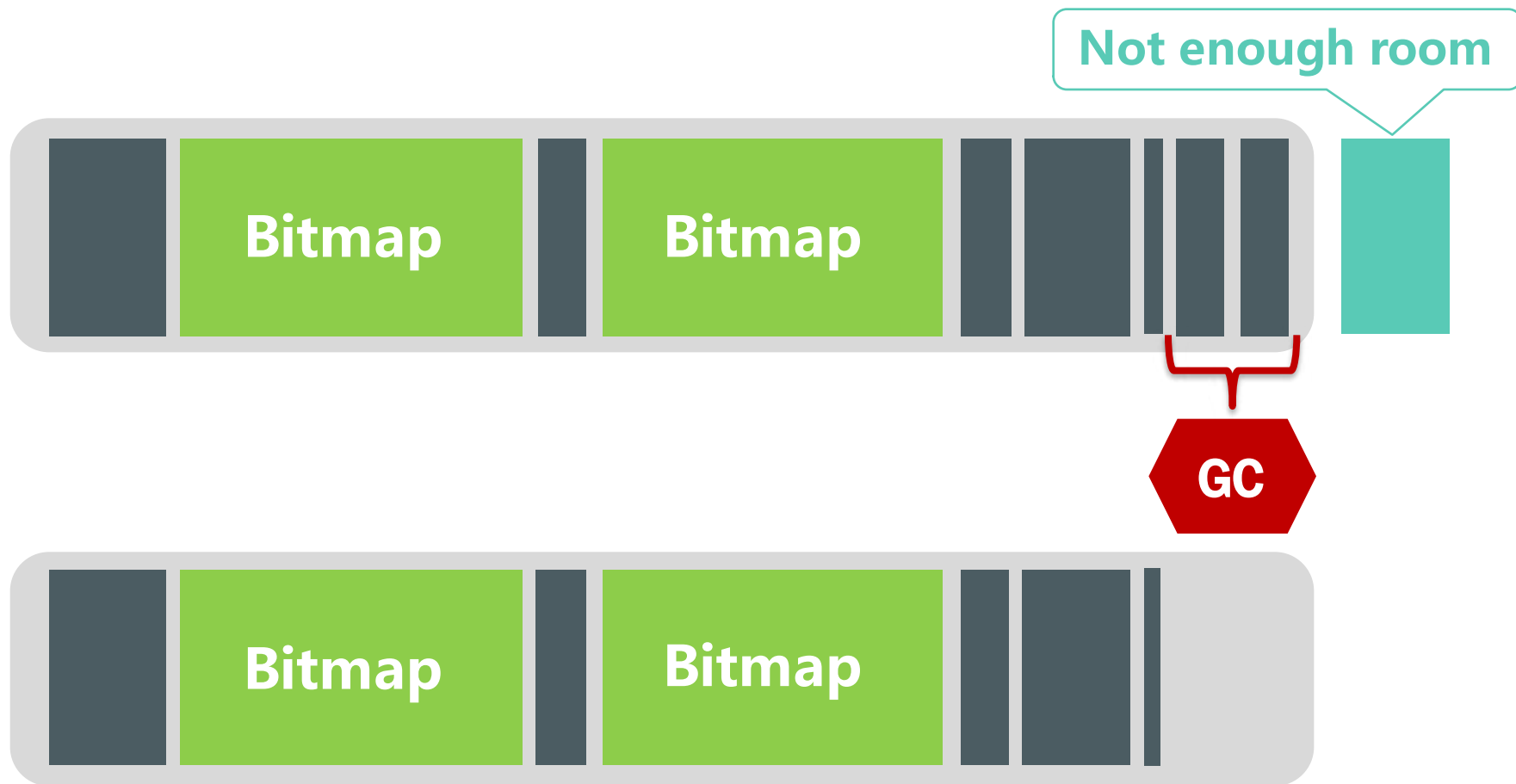
	Application	Activity	Service	Content Provider	Broadcast Receiver
Show a Dialog	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO
Start an Activity	NO ¹	YES	NO ¹	NO ¹	NO ¹
Layout Inflation	NO ²	YES	NO ²	NO ²	NO ²
Start a Service	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Bind to a Service	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO
Send a Broadcast	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Register BroadcastReceiver	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO ³
Load Resource Values	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES



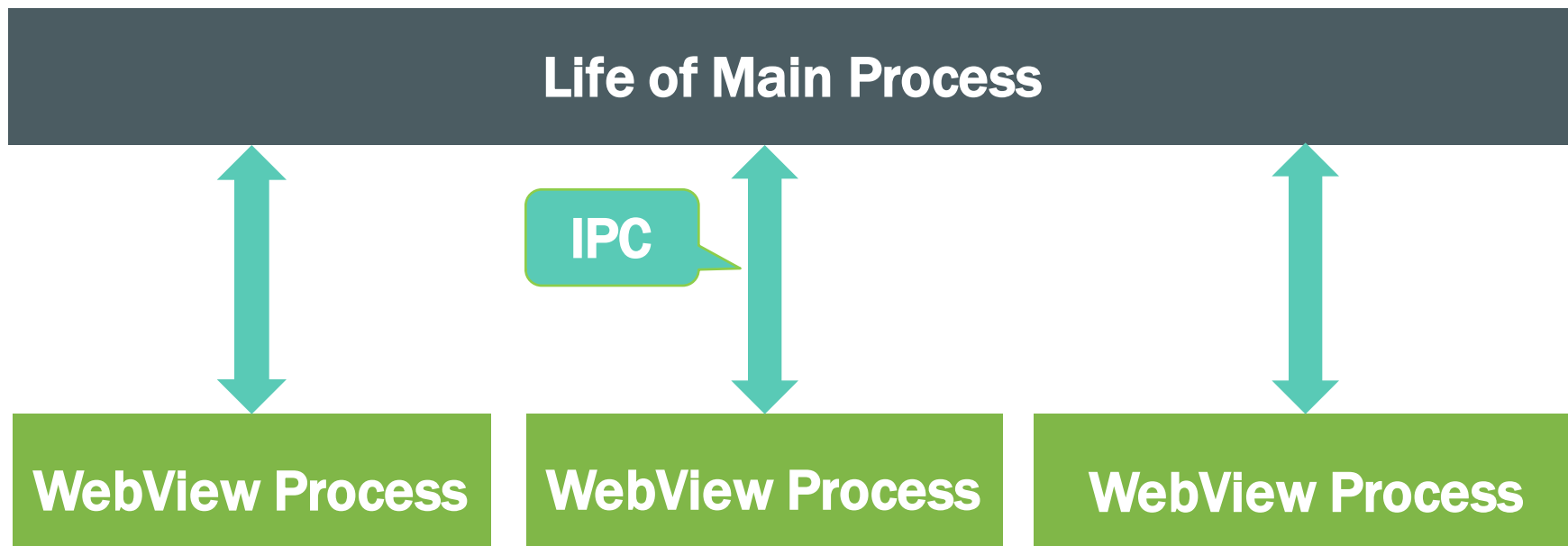
3) 注意有生命周期对象的注销



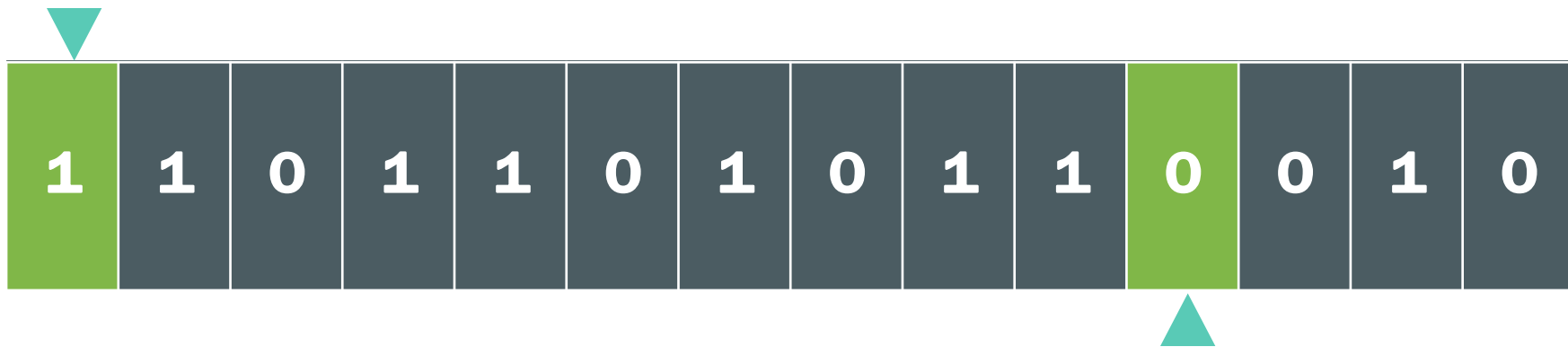
4) 注意大胖子的及时回收 - Bitmap



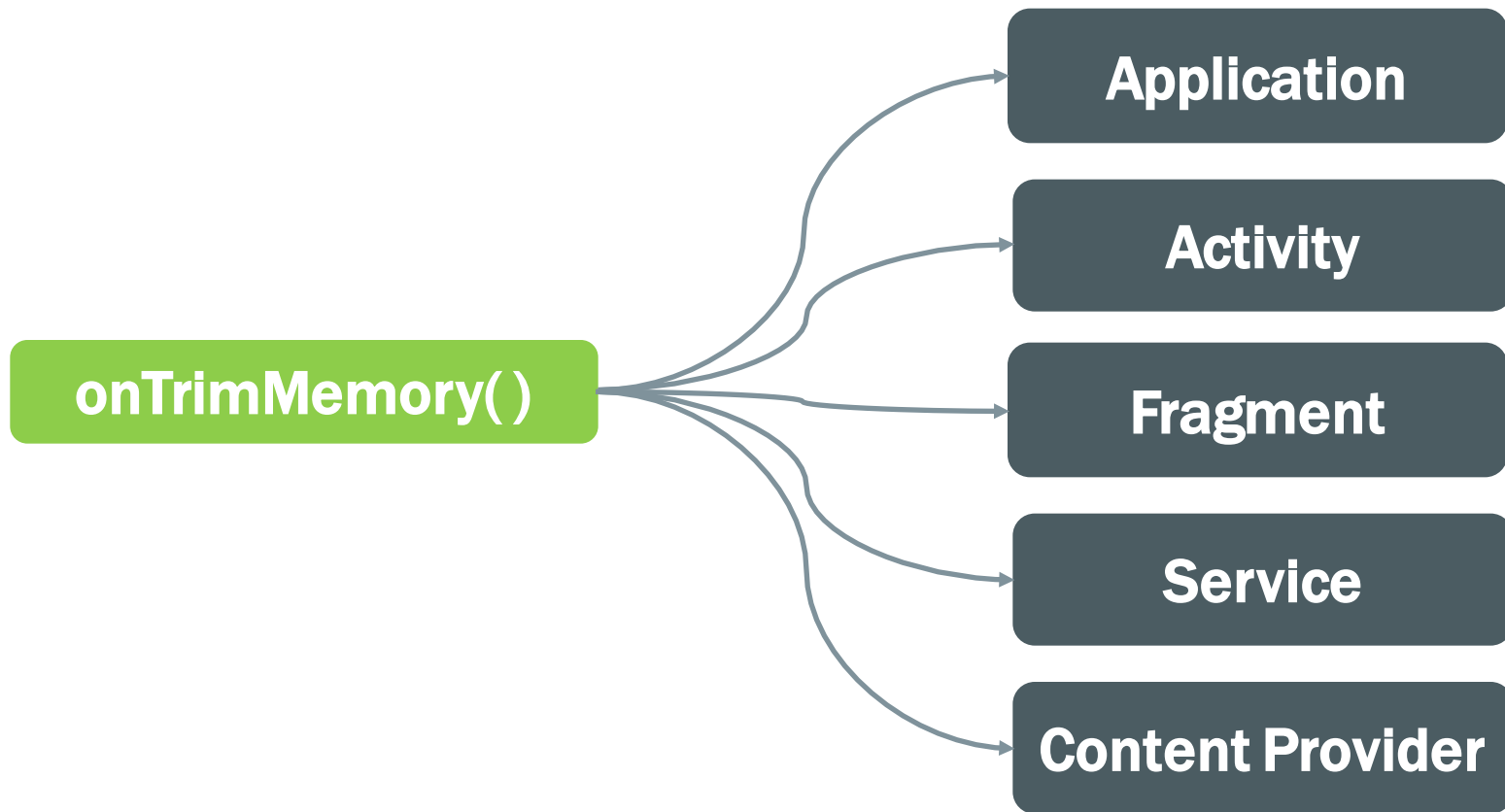
4) 注意大胖子的及时回收 - WebView



4) 注意大胖子的及时回收 - Cursor



5) onTrimMemory()与onLowMemory()



5) onTrimMemory()与onLowMemory()



TRIM_MEMORY_RUNNING_MODERATE
TRIM_MEMORY_RUNNING_LOW
TRIM_MEMORY_RUNNING_CRITICAL



TRIM_MEMORY_UI_HIDDEN



TRIM_MEMORY_BACKGROUND
TRIM_MEMORY_MODERATE
TRIM_MEMORY_COMPLETE

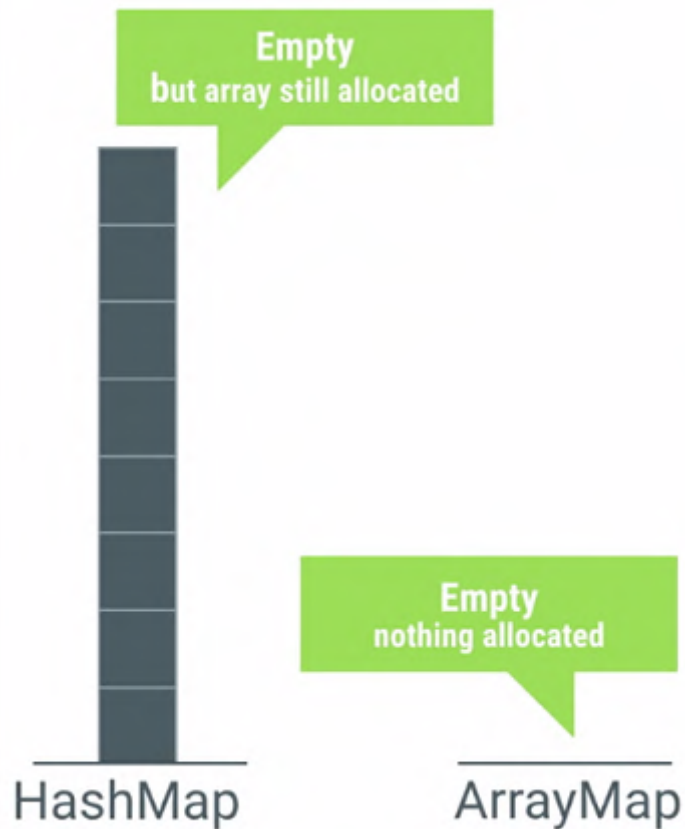
onLowMemory() for sub-API Level 14



4

Refactor

1) 使用优化过后的数据结构



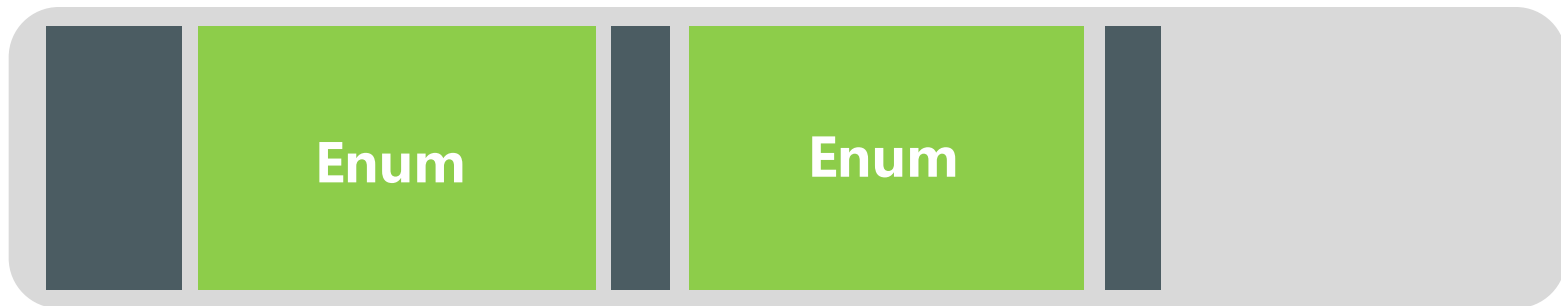
No Autoboxing

<i>HashMap</i>	<code><obj, obj></code>
<i>SparseBoolMap</i>	<code><bool, obj></code>
<i>SparseIntMap</i>	<code><int, obj></code>
<i>SparseLongMap</i>	<code><long, obj></code>
<i>LongSparseMap</i>	<code><long, obj></code>

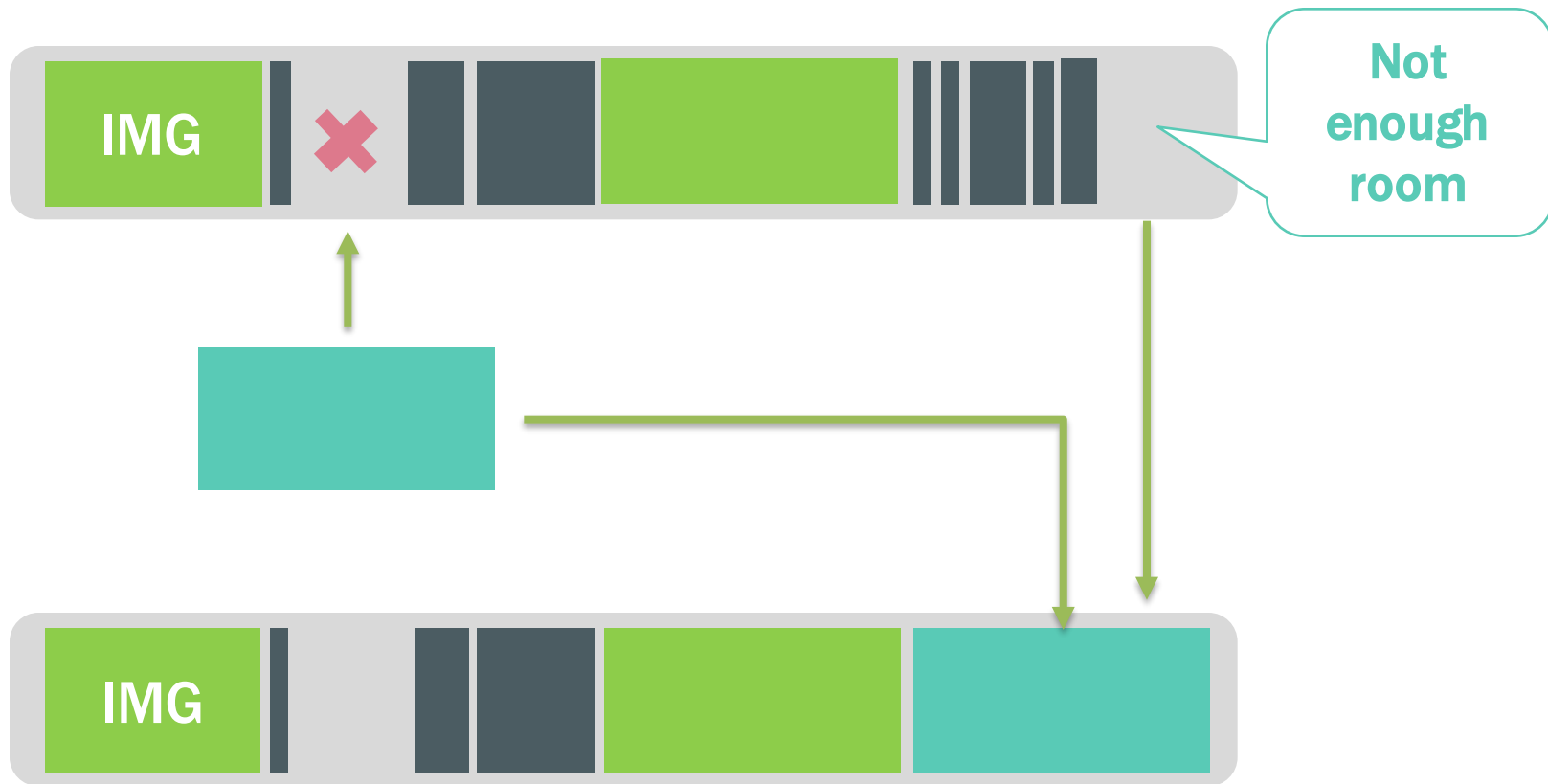
The actual map should be -

- `SparseBooleanArray <int, boolean>`
- `SparseArray <int, obj>`
- `SparseLongArray <int, long>`
- `LongSparseArray <long, obj>`
- `SparseIntArray <int, int>`

1) 使用优化过后的数据结构



2) 减少内存的碎片化



3) 优化布局, 减少内存消耗

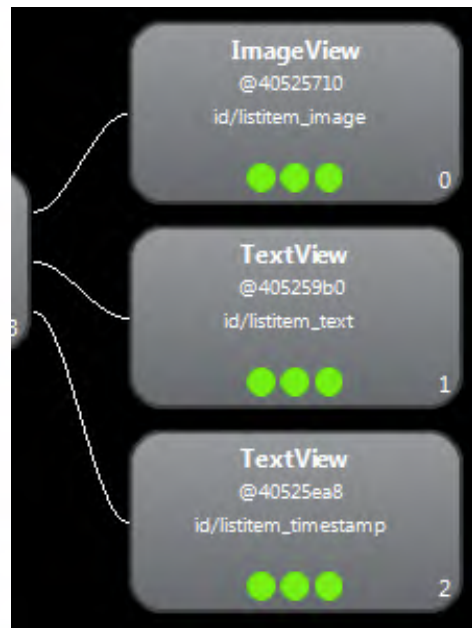


4X+ Overdraw

3X Overdraw

2X Overdraw

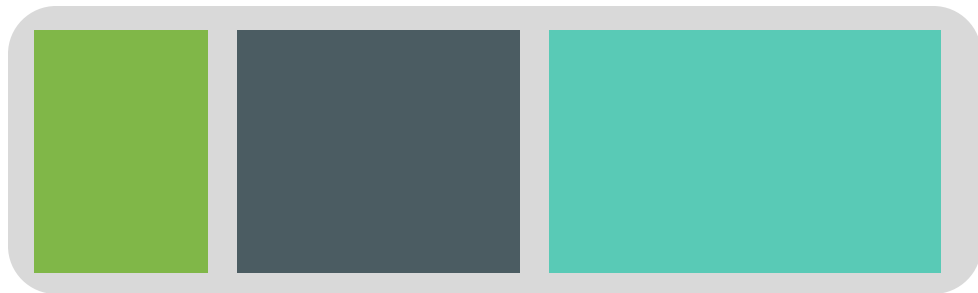
1X Overdraw



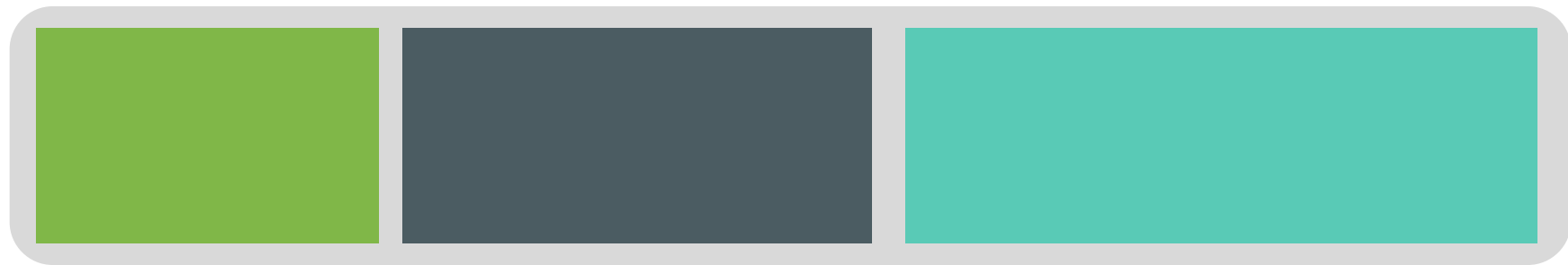
5

Revalue

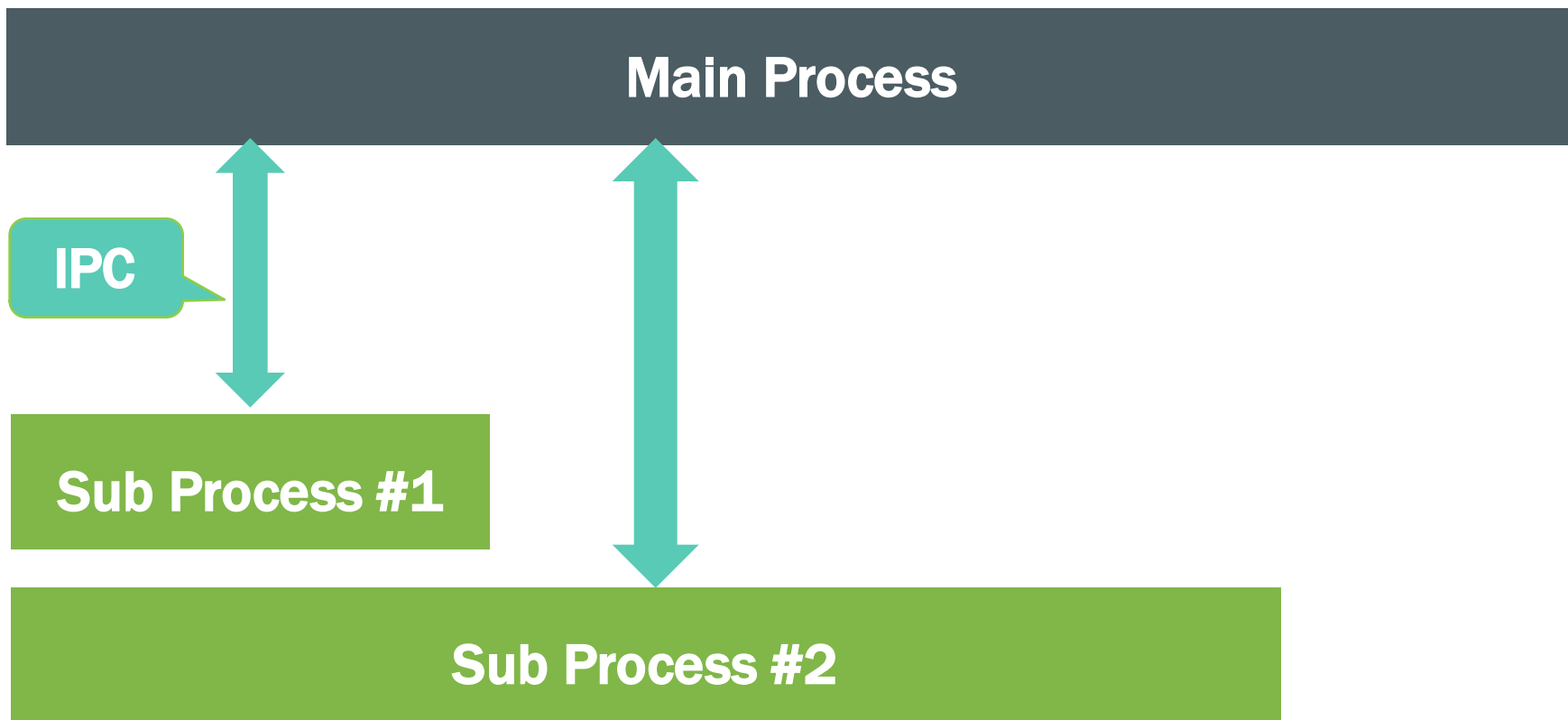
1) 谨慎使用largeHeap



- 1) More GC Time
- 2) More Terminated



2) 谨慎使用多进程



3) 谨慎使用第三方libraries

protobufs

micro

nano

network

HttpClient

URLConnection

loader

UIL

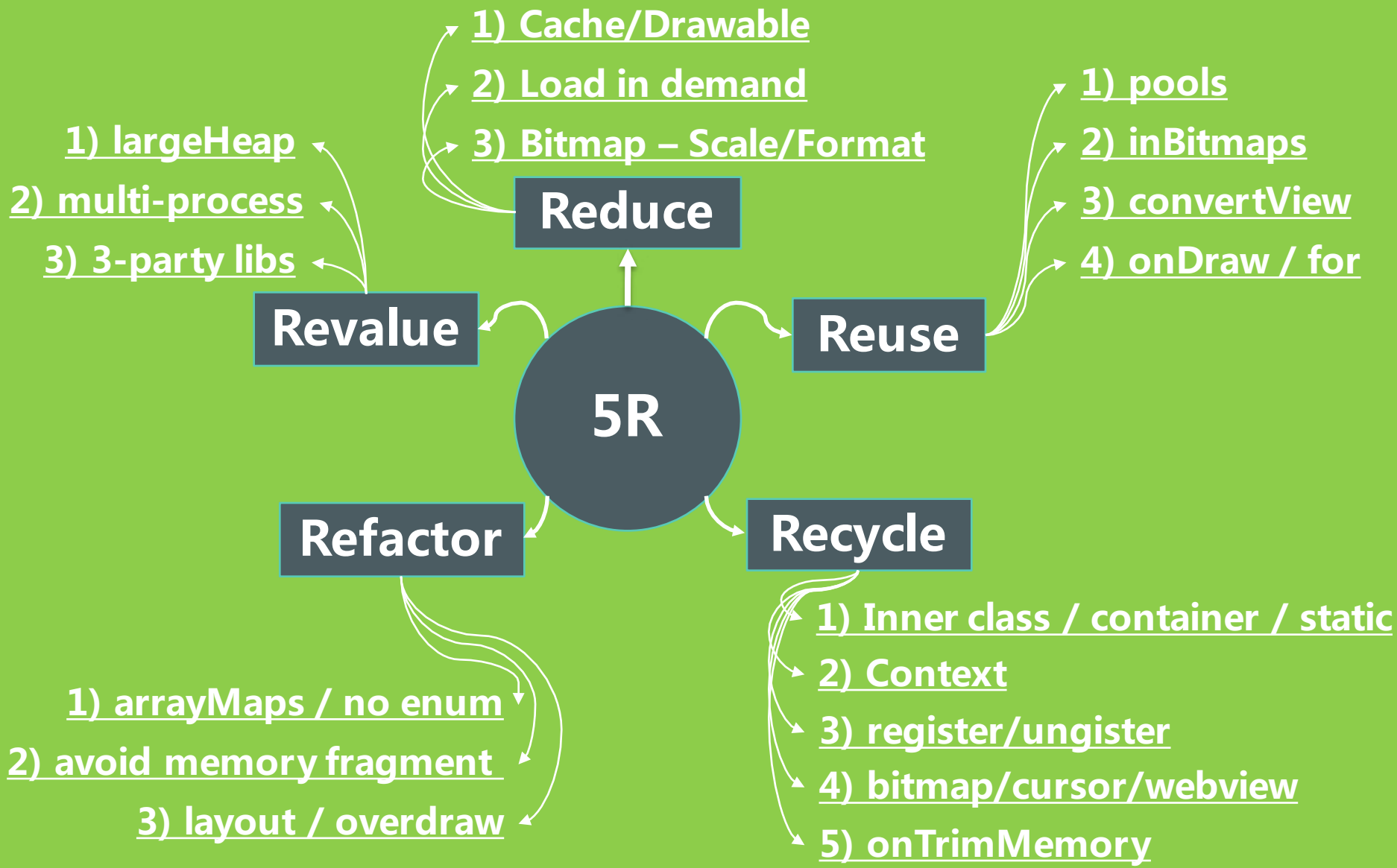
Volley

Glide

Fresco

...

Q & A



Reference

- [Google I/O 2011: Memory management for Android Apps](#)
- [Managing Your App' s Memory](#)
- [Avoiding memory leaks](#)
- [Wed_230_400_Putting Your App on a Memory Diet, Parts I and II_Murphy](#)
- [Context, What Context?](#)
- [WebView causes memory leak - leaks the parent Activity](#)
- [Android内存优化之OOM](#)
- [Android性能优化典范 - 第3季](#)
- [Android性能优化典范 - 第2季](#)
- [Android性能优化典范](#)
- [Android性能优化之内存篇](#)

Thanks